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Installation J-Rail Shuttles and Elevators

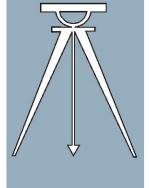




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PELLERIN MILNOR CORPORATION LIMITED STANDARD WARRANTY

We warrant to the original purchaser that MILNOR machines including electronic hardware/software (hereafter referred to as "equipment"), will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment (unless the time period is specifically extended for certain parts pursuant to a specific MILNOR published extended warranty) from our factory with no operating hour limitation. This warranty is contingent upon the equipment being installed, operated and serviced as specified in the operating manual supplied with the equipment, and operated under normal conditions by competent operators.

Providing we receive written notification of a warranted defect within 30 days of its discovery, we will—at our option—repair or replace the defective part or parts, EX Factory (labor and freight specifically NOT included). We retain the right to require inspection of the parts claimed defective in our factory prior to repairing or replacing same. We will not be responsible, or in any way liable, for unauthorized repairs or service to our equipment, and this warranty shall be void if the equipment is tampered with, modified, or abused, used for purposes not intended in the design and construction of the machine, or is repaired or altered in any way without MILNOR's written consent.

Parts damaged by exposure to weather, to aggressive water, or to chemical attack are not covered by this warranty. For parts which require routine replacement due to normal wear—such as gaskets, contact points, brake and clutch linings, belts, hoses, and similar parts—the warranty time period is 90 days.

We reserve the right to make changes in the design and/or construction of our equipment (including purchased components) without obligation to change any equipment previously supplied.

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BIUUUD19 (Published) Book specs- Dates: 20081231 / 20081231 / 20081231 Lang: ENG01 Applic: UUU

How to Get the Necessary Repair Components



This document uses Simplified Technical English. Learn more at http://www.asd-ste100.org.

You can get components to repair your machine from the approved supplier where you got this machine. Your supplier will usually have the necessary components in stock. You can also get components from the Milnor® factory.

Tell the supplier the machine model and serial number and this data for each necessary component:

- The component number from this manual
- The component name if known
- The necessary quantity
- The necessary transportation requirements
- If the component is an electrical component, give the schematic number if known.
- If the component is a motor or an electrical control, give the nameplate data from the used component.

To write to the Milnor factory:

Pellerin Milnor Corporation Post Office Box 400 Kenner, LA 70063-0400 UNITED STATES

Telephone: 504-467-2787

Fax: 504-469-9777

Email: parts@milnor.com

— End of BIUUUD19 —

Trademarks

BNUUUU02.R01 0000158093 F.2 E.2 3/3/21 9:47 AM Released

These words are trademarks of Pellerin Milnor® Corporation and other entities:

Table 1. Trademarks

| AutoSpot TM | GreenFlex TM | MilMetrix® | PulseFlow® |
|------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| CBW® | GearTrace TM | MilTouch TM | RAM Command TM |
| Drynet TM | GreenTurn TM | MilTouch-EX TM | RecircONE® |
| E-P Express® | Hydro-cushion™ | $MILRAIL^{TM}$ | RinSave® |
| E-P OneTouch® | Mentor® | Miltrac TM | $SmoothCoil^{TM}$ |
| E-P Plus® | Mildata® | PBW^{TM} | Staph Guard® |
| Gear Guardian® | Milnor® | | |

End of document: BNUUUU02

Safety

BIUUUS27 (Published) Book specs- Dates: 20051111 / 20051111 / 20060323 Lang: ENG01 Applic: VIP VSR VSL VSE VST VGU

Safety—Shuttle

1. General Safety Requirements—Vital Information for Management Personnel [Document BIUUUS04]

Incorrect installation, neglected preventive maintenance, abuse, and/or improper repairs, or changes to the machine can cause unsafe operation and personal injuries, such as multiple fractures, amputations, or death. The owner or his selected representative (owner/user) is responsible for understanding and ensuring the proper operation and maintenance of the machine. The owner/user must familiarize himself with the contents of all machine instruction manuals. The owner/user should direct any questions about these instructions to a Milnor® dealer or the Milnor® Service department.

Most regulatory authorities (including OSHA in the USA and CE in Europe) hold the owner/user ultimately responsible for maintaining a safe working environment. Therefore, the owner/user must do or ensure the following:

- recognize all foreseeable safety hazards within his facility and take actions to protect his
 personnel, equipment, and facility;
- work equipment is suitable, properly adapted, can be used without risks to health or safety, and is adequately maintained;
- where specific hazards are likely to be involved, access to the equipment is restricted to those employees given the task of using it;
- only specifically designated workers carry out repairs, modifications, maintenance, or servicing;
- information, instruction, and training is provided;
- workers and/or their representatives are consulted.

Work equipment must comply with the requirements listed below. The owner/user must verify that installation and maintenance of equipment is performed in such a way as to support these requirements:

- control devices must be visible, identifiable, and marked; be located outside dangerous zones; and not give rise to a hazard due to unintentional operation;
- control systems must be safe and breakdown/damage must not result in danger;
- work equipment is to be stabilized;
- protection against rupture or disintegration of work equipment;
- guarding, to prevent access to danger zones or to stop movements of dangerous parts before the danger zones are reached. Guards to be robust; not give rise to any additional hazards; not be easily removed or rendered inoperative; situated at a sufficient distance from the danger zone; not restrict view of operating cycle; allow fitting, replacing, or maintenance by restricting access to relevant area and without removal of guard/protection device;
- suitable lighting for working and maintenance areas;
- maintenance to be possible when work equipment is shut down. If not possible, then protection measures to be carried out outside danger zones;
- work equipment must be appropriate for preventing the risk of fire or overheating; discharges of gas, dust, liquid, vapor, other substances; explosion of the equipment or substances in it.

1.1. Laundry Facility—Provide a supporting floor that is strong and rigid enough to support—with a reasonable safety factor and without undue or objectionable deflection—the weight of the fully loaded machine and the forces transmitted by it during operation. Provide sufficient clearance for machine movement. Provide any safety guards, fences, restraints, devices, and verbal and/or posted restrictions necessary to prevent personnel, machines, or other moving machinery from accessing the machine or its path. Provide adequate ventilation to carry away heat and vapors. Ensure service connections to installed machines meet local and national safety standards, especially regarding the electrical disconnect (see the National Electric Code). Prominently post safety information, including signs showing the source of electrical disconnect.



WARNING 1: Collision, Crushing and Pinch Hazards—Serious bodily injury or death can result to personnel in proximity to machinery/systems that traverse, elevate, extend, pivot, and/or tilt. The following mandatory minimum safety requirements must be installed with the machinery system: • Safety fence inclosing machine movement areas, • Lockable electrical interlocks on all gates, properly interfaced as shown on machine schematics, to disable machine movement when any gate is opened, • Signs to alert personnel to these hazards, placed prominently around the fenced area. Local codes may require additional precautions.

- **1.2. Personnel**—Inform personnel about hazard avoidance and the importance of care and common sense. Provide personnel with the safety and operating instructions that apply to them. Verify that personnel use proper safety and operating procedures. Verify that personnel understand and abide by the warnings on the machine and precautions in the instruction manuals.
- **1.3. Safety Devices**—Ensure that no one eliminates or disables any safety device on the machine or in the facility. Do not allow machine to be used with any missing guard, cover, panel or door. Service any failing or malfunctioning device before operating the machine.
- 1.4. Hazard Information—Important information on hazards is provided on the machine safety placards, in the Safety Guide, and throughout the other machine manuals. Placards must be kept clean so that the information is not obscured. They must be replaced immediately if lost or damaged. The Safety Guide and other machine manuals must be available at all times to the appropriate personnel. See the machine service manual for safety placard part numbers. Contact the Milnor Parts department for replacement placards or manuals.
- **1.5. Maintenance**—Ensure the machine is inspected and serviced in accordance with the norms of good practice and with the preventive maintenance schedule. Replace belts, pulleys, brake shoes/disks, clutch plates/tires, rollers, seals, alignment guides, etc. before they are severely worn. Immediately investigate any evidence of impending failure and make needed repairs (e.g., cylinder, shell, or frame cracks; drive components such as motors, gear boxes, bearings, etc., whining, grinding, smoking, or becoming abnormally hot; bending or cracking of cylinder, shell, frame, etc.; leaking seals, hoses, valves, etc.) Do not permit service or maintenance by unqualified personnel.
 - 2. Safety Alert Messages—Internal Electrical and Mechanical Hazards [Document BIUUUS11]

The following are instructions about hazards inside the machine and in electrical enclosures.



WARNING 2: Electrocution and Electrical Burn Hazards—Contact with electric power can kill or seriously injure you. Electric power is present inside the cabinetry unless the main machine power disconnect is off.

• Do not unlock or open electric box doors.

- Do not remove guards, covers, or panels.
- Do not reach into the machine housing or frame.
- Keep yourself and others off of machine.
- Know the location of the main machine disconnect and use it in an emergency to remove all electric power from the machine.



WARNING 3: Entangle and Crush Hazards—Contact with moving components normally isolated by guards, covers, and panels, can entangle and crush your limbs. These components move automatically.

- Do not remove guards, covers, or panels.
- Do not reach into the machine housing or frame.
- Keep yourself and others off of machine.
- Know the location of all emergency stop switches, pull cords, and/or kick plates and use them in an emergency to stop machine motion.

3. Safety Alert Messages—External Mechanical Hazards [Document BIUUUS12]

The following are instructions about hazards around the front, sides, rear or top of the machine.



CAUTION 4: Strike and Crush Hazards—A traveling machine such as a shuttle can strike, crush, or entrap you if you ride on it or enter its path. Traveling machines or their components can move automatically in any direction. Placing a system machine on line by energizing the machine control may immediately summon a shuttle or other traveling machine.

- Keep yourself and others off of machine.
- Keep yourself and others clear of movement areas and paths.
- Understand the consequences of placing a system machine on line.
- Know the location of all emergency stop switches, pull cords, and/or kick plates and use them in an emergency to stop machine motion.
- Know the location of the main machine disconnect and use it in an emergency to remove all electric power from the machine.



CAUTION 5: **Crush and Entrap Hazards**—A traveling machine such as a shuttle can crush or entrap you if the bed or bucket descends while you are under it. The bed or bucket can descend with power off or on.

• Keep yourself and others clear of movement areas and paths.



WARNING 6: Fall, Entangle, and Strike Hazards—Machine motion can cause you to fall or become entangled in or struck by nearby objects if you stand, walk, or ride on the machine. Shuttles and conveyor belts move automatically.

• Keep yourself and others off of machine.

4. Safety Alert Messages—Unsafe Conditions [Document BIUUUS14]

4.1. Damage and Malfunction Hazards

4.1.1. Hazards Resulting from Inoperative Safety Devices



WARNING 7: **Multiple Hazards**—Operating the machine with an inoperative safety device can kill or injure personnel, damage or destroy the machine, damage property, and/or void the warranty.

• Do not tamper with or disable any safety device or operate the machine with a malfunctioning safety device. Request authorized service.



WARNING 8: Electrocution and Electrical Burn Hazards—Electric box doors—Operating the machine with any electric box door unlocked can expose high voltage conductors inside the box.

• Do not unlock or open electric box doors.



WARNING 9: Entangle and Crush Hazards—Guards, covers, and panels—Operating the machine with any guard, cover, or panel removed exposes moving components.

• Do not remove guards, covers, or panels.

4.1.2. Hazards Resulting from Damaged Mechanical Devices



WARNING 10: Multiple Hazards—Operating a damaged machine can kill or injure personnel, further damage or destroy the machine, damage property, and/or void the warranty.

• Do not operate a damaged or malfunctioning machine. Request authorized service.



WARNING 11: Crush Hazards—Chain and hoist—A broken chain or a malfunctioning hoist can permit the belt/bucket assembly to fall or descend.

• Do not operate the machine with any evidence of damage or malfunction.

4.2. Careless Use Hazards

4.2.1. Careless Operation Hazards—Vital Information for Operator Personnel (see also operator hazards throughout manual)



WARNING 12: **Multiple Hazards**—Careless operator actions can kill or injure personnel, damage or destroy the machine, damage property, and/or void the warranty.

- Do not tamper with or disable any safety device or operate the machine with a malfunctioning safety device. Request authorized service.
- Do not operate a damaged or malfunctioning machine. Request authorized service.
- Do not attempt unauthorized servicing, repairs, or modification.
- Do not use the machine in any manner contrary to the factory instructions.
- Use the machine only for its customary and intended purpose.
- Understand the consequences of operating manually.



CAUTION 13: Goods Damage and Wasted Resources—Entering incorrect cake data causes improper processing, routing, and accounting of batches.

• Understand the consequences of entering cake data.



WARNING 14: Strike and Crush Hazards—Carelessly moving the machine with manual controls can cause it to strike, crush, entrap, or entangle personnel. You have total control of machine movement immediately after setting the Manual/Automatic switch to manual.

- Keep yourself and others clear of movement areas and paths.
- Understand the consequences of operating manually.
- 4.2.2. Careless Servicing Hazards—Vital Information for Service Personnel (see also service hazards throughout manuals)



WARNING 15: Electrocution and Electrical Burn Hazards—Contact with electric power can kill or seriously injure you. Electric power is present inside the cabinetry unless the main machine power disconnect is off.

- Do not service the machine unless qualified and authorized. You must clearly understand the hazards and how to avoid them.
- Abide by the current OSHA lockout/tagout standard when lockout/tagout is called for in the service instructions. Outside the USA, abide by the OSHA standard in the absence of any other overriding standard.



WARNING 16: Entangle and Crush Hazards—Contact with moving components normally isolated by guards, covers, and panels, can entangle and crush your limbs. These components move automatically.

- Do not service the machine unless qualified and authorized. You must clearly understand the hazards and how to avoid them.
- Abide by the current OSHA lockout/tagout standard when lockout/tagout is called for in the service instructions. Outside the USA, abide by the OSHA standard in the absence of any other overriding standard.



WARNING 17: Crush and Entrap Hazards—A traveling machine such as a shuttle can crush or entrap you if the bed or bucket descends while you are under it. The bed or bucket can descend with power off or on.

• Secure both red safety pins in accordance with the instructions furnished, then lock out and tag out power at the main machine disconnect before working under bed or bucket.



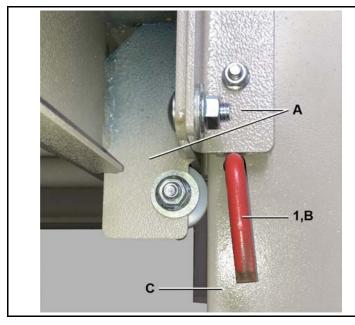
WARNING 18: Strike and Crush Hazards—A traveling machine such as a shuttle can strike, crush, or entrap you if you ride on it or enter its path. Traveling machines or their components can move automatically in any direction. Placing a system machine on line by energizing the machine control may immediately summon a shuttle or other traveling machine.

• Lock out and tag out power to the traveling machine at the main machine disconnect if you must work in the path of the traveling machine.

— End of BIUUUS27 —

Safety Pin 1 of 1

All Elevating Shuttles and Pivoting Elevators.



Legend

A...Side Slider

B... Safety Pin, 2 instances, left and right

C... Vertical frame member

Table 1. Parts List—Safety Pin

| Find the assembly for your machine and the letter shown in the "Item" column. The components for your machine will show this letter or the word "all" in the "Used In" column. The numbers shown in the "Item" column are those shown in the illustrations. | | | | | | |
|---|--|----------|------------------|--|--|--|
| Used In | Used In Item Part Number Description/Nomenclature Comments | | | | | |
| | Components | | | | | |
| all | 1 | 04 21496 | SAFETY PIN-COSHA | | | |

Proximity Safeguarding for Automatic Shuttle Conveyors

Proximity safeguarding—a means of preventing personnel from entering the path of a machine, such as an industrial robot, that moves within a large area.

1. Applicability

This document—

applies to Milnor[®] automated laundering systems with shuttle conveyors that move without operator intervention (automatic operation),

does *not* **apply** to shuttles that require operator input continually, such as directing all shuttle movements (manual operation).

2. References for Proximity Safeguarding

ANSI Z8.1-2016 "American National Standard for Commercial Laundry and Drycleaning Equipment and Operations - Safety Requirements"

OSHA Standard 29 CFR § 1910.212 "General Requirements for All Machines"

OSHA Directive STD 01-12-002 - Pub 8-1.3 "Guidelines for Robotic Safety"

ANSI/RIA R15.06-2012 "American National Standard for Industrial Robots and Robot Systems- Safety Requirements"

ANSI/ASME B15.1-2000 "Safety Standard for Mechanical Power Transmission Apparatus" OSHA Publication 3067 "Concepts and Techniques of Machine Safeguarding" ISO 10472-1 "Safety Requirements for Industrial Laundry Machinery"

3. Hazards To Personnel in Proximity to Shuttle Conveyors

Milnor automated laundering systems use automatic shuttle conveyors to transport goods among the processing machines in the system. Depending on model, an automatic shuttle conveyor may move in any of the following ways, in addition to running its conveyor belt(s):

- It may travel along (traverse) a line of machines (typically dryers).
- Its conveyor bed(s) may ascend and descend (elevate) within the machine frame.
- Its conveyor bed(s) may extend and retract within the machine frame.
- The conveyor bed and frame may pivot.
- Wet goods shuttles have a bucket that elevates and tilts.

These motions pose strike, crush, sever, and entrapment hazards to personnel in proximity to the shuttle. For the safety of personnel, owner/users must provide proximity safeguarding that protects personnel from the moving shuttle.

A common method of proximity safeguarding is safety fencing with interlocked gates that disable the shuttle when a gate is opened. When a shuttle is disabled, this will eventually cause other machines in the system to hold (wait for action from another machine), but it will not necessarily cause them to immediately stop moving. In the case of a tunnel system, the press or centrifugal extractor can pose additional hazards to personnel in proximity to the equipment. **Hence, the safeguards must also disable any presses or extractors.** Tunnels and dryers do not pose a significant hazard to personnel merely because they are in proximity to the equipment, and need not be automatically disabled.



WARNING 1: Multiple Hazards—Proximity safeguarding provides only partial protection and only against injury resulting from entering the shuttle path. It is not a substitute for proper

lockout/tagout procedures and good safety practices.

- Always lockout/tagout any individual machine (or follow the published maintenance procedures) when performing maintenance or clearing a fault on that machine.
- Ensure that all personnel understand the safeguards and do not attempt to defeat them.
- Inspect safeguards weekly to ensure that they are not mechanically or electrically circumvented.

4. How Milnor Accommodates Proximity Safeguarding

Milnor provides connection points on shuttles, presses and centrifugal extractors for interfacing with devices such as gate interlock switches. These connection points are tagged for easy identification. When Milnor provides equipment layout drawings for an automated laundering system, it indicates on the drawing, the perimeter of the shuttle movement area that must be guarded. The following hazard statement is displayed on connection point tags as well as equipment layout drawings prepared by Milnor:



WARNING 2: Strike, Crush, Sever, and Entrapment Hazards—Serious bodily injury or death can result to personnel in proximity to machinery/systems that traverse, elevate, extend, pivot, and/or tilt. The following mandatory minimum safety requirements must be installed with the machinery system (local codes may require additional precautions):

- Safety fence enclosing machine movement areas,
- Lockable electrical interlocks on all gates, properly interfaced as shown on machine schematics, to disable machine movement when any gate is opened,
- Signs to alert personnel to these hazards, placed prominently around the fenced area.

Although the objectives of proximity safeguarding are the same anywhere, design requirements vary with local codes (which occasionally change) and with the plant layout. For this reason, Milnor does not provide detailed designs or materials for proximity safeguarding. If the necessary expertise does not exist within the owner/user's organization, consult appropriate sources such as local engineers or architects specializing in industrial facility design.

5. Examples of Safety Fencing With Interlocked Gates

Fencing with interlocked gates like that depicted in Figure 1 and Figure 2, may be used to meet the proximity safeguarding requirement. Should the owner/user choose this method, the following information may be useful. However, this information may not satisfy current or local code requirements. The owner/user must determine its suitability for his particular facility.

Figure 1: Example Fence Layout for Automated Laundering System Where One Tunnel Serves a Bank of Dryers

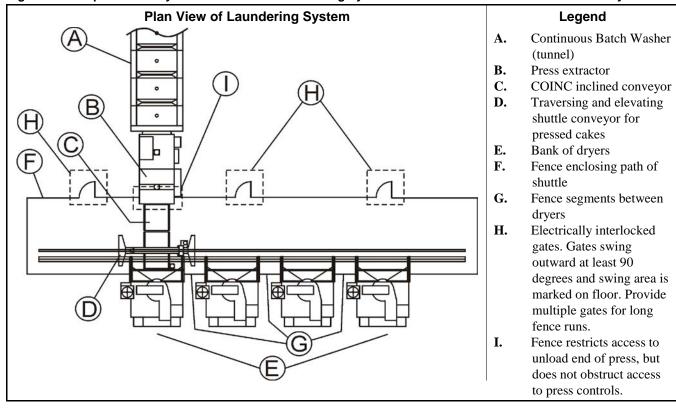
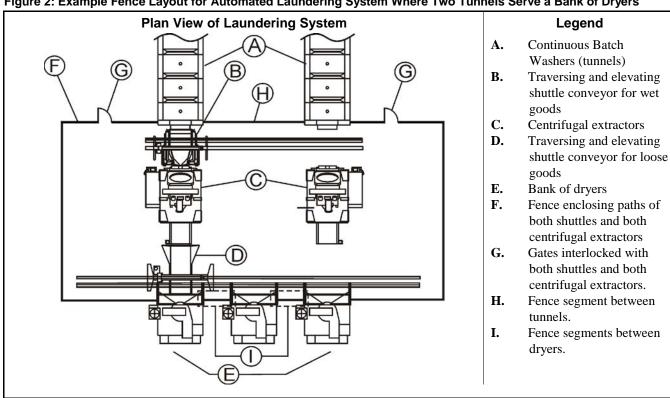


Figure 2: Example Fence Layout for Automated Laundering System Where Two Tunnels Serve a Bank of Dryers



- **5.1. Fence Dimensions**—The fence must discourage climbing over and prevent crawling under.
- **5.2. Fence Materials and Setback**—The fence must be constructed of materials and located so as to prevent personnel from reaching through gaps in the fence and contacting the enclosed machinery.
- **5.3. Gates**—Personnel gates must be held firmly closed but permit personnel to easily pass through when necessary. Gates must be equipped with a positive latching arrangement to prevent accidental opening. Adequate floor space must be provided to allow the gate to swing at least 90 degrees when fully open. Gates must open outward; that is, away from the fenced perimeter. The floor must be permanently marked to show the gate's swing area, to discourage obstructing its movement.
- **5.4. Control Circuitry**—All gates must be electrically interlocked with any shuttle conveyors within the fenced area and with any presses or centrifugal extractors that the fence either encloses or intersects. Opening any gate must have the following effects:
 - 1. Shuttle(s), press(es), and/or centrifugal extractor(s) stop moving immediately.
 - 2. An audible alarm sounds.
 - 3. Shuttle(s), press(es), and/or centrifugal extractor(s) cannot be restarted merely by closing the gate(s), but must be restarted at the machine control panel once the gate(s) are closed.

Milnor shuttles, presses and centrifugal extractors provide such functionality when properly interfaced with gate interlock switches.

- **5.5. System Emergency Stop Switches**—The laundry must establish rules and procedures that prohibit personnel from remaining within the fenced area with machine(s) enabled, except in accordance with published maintenance procedures. System emergency stop switches (panic buttons) should be provided inside and outside the fenced perimeter. Emergency stop switches should be located so that personnel anywhere inside the fenced perimeter are only a short distance from a switch, and they should be clearly marked as to their locations and function. Connect switches in series with the gate interlocks so that pressing an emergency stop switch performs the same control function as opening a gate.
- **5.6. Isolating Individual Machine Controls**—The interlock circuitry for each machine must be electrically isolated from that of the other machines. Hence, each gate interlock switch must provide as many pairs of dry contacts as there are machines to interface to. A pair of switch contacts must never be shared by two or more machines.
- **5.7. Recommended Signage**—Safety placards should be posted along the fence and at each gate, alerting personnel to the hazards within. At minimum, the size of lettering and distance between placards should be such that anyone contemplating entering the fenced area will likely see and read the placard first. Wording should be provided in each native language spoken by laundry personnel.

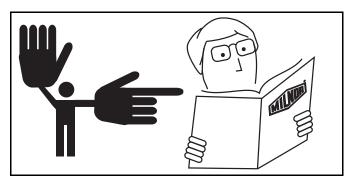
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Glossary of Tag Illustrations—Shuttle

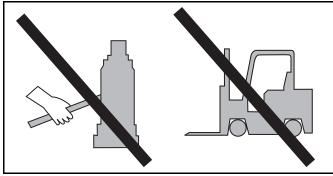
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Illustration

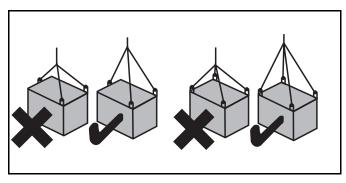
Explanation



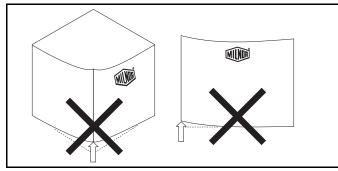
Stop! Read the manual first for complete instructions before continuing.



Do not jack the machine here. Do not lift the machine here.

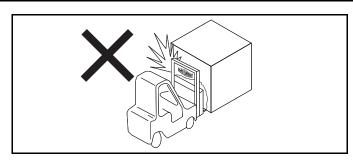


Use three point or four point lifting as determined by the lifting eyes furnished. Rig the load using lifting cables of sufficient size and length to ensure cables are not over-stressed.

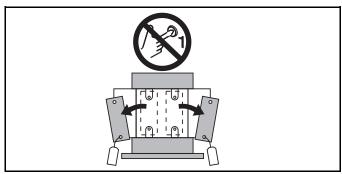


Do not lift the machine from one corner or one side edge.

Explanation



Do not strike machine or components during fork lifting.



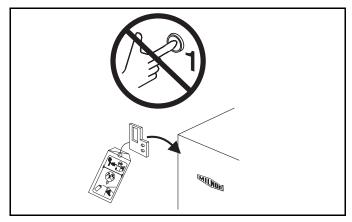
Do not start this machine until the packing materials, lifting brackets, etc. with this tag attached or behind this panel are removed. These materials are painted red. Safety stands or brackets (also painted red) may be provided with this machine. Do not discard safety stands or brackets



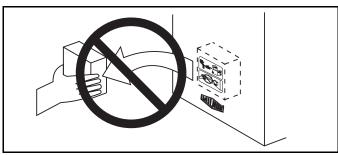
Do not step or stand on this machine part.



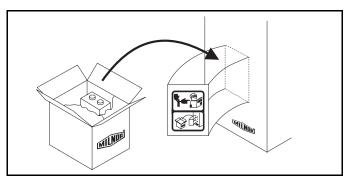
This motor or pump should rotate in the direction of the arrow.



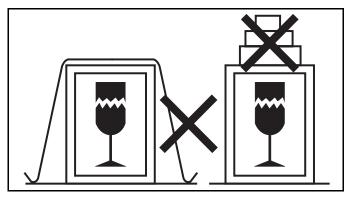
Do not start this machine until the part with this tag is installed on the machine.



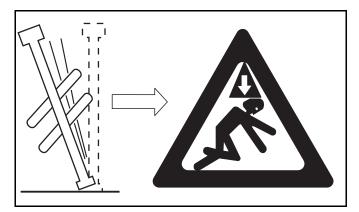
Do not remove this component from the machine.



Install the appropriate part here before operating the machine.



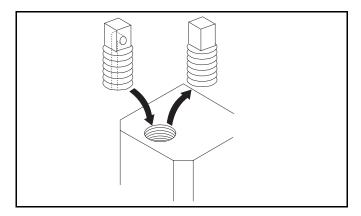
Do not strap or chain over box



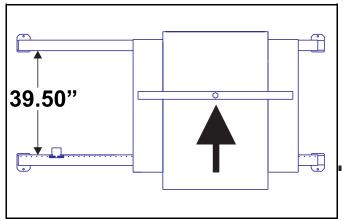
Do not attempt to balance the shuttleon the lower shipping brackets. Always suspend and lift the shuttle from the lifting eyes at the top of the machine.



This is the target that will actuate the shuttle proximity switch with the matching function code.



Replace non-vented plug with vented plug on gear reducer before operating



Rails with holes go on load end.

19

Installation 2

ATTENTION INSTALLERS!



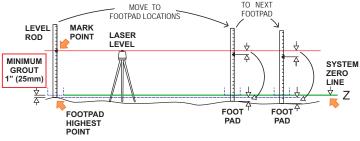
FLOOR IS UNEVEN

- Establish System Zero Line or Z.
- Find highest point in factory floor where footpads will be located.
- System Zero Line or Z is 1" above highest point.

TO NEXT MOVE TO FOOTPAD FOOTPAD LOCATIONS LEVEL MARK ROD POINT I FVFI MINIMUM GROUT 1" (25mm) ZERO LINE FOOT FOOT FOOTPAD PAD PAD

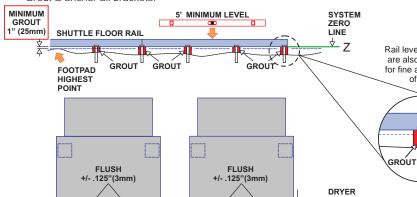
DRYER FEET MUST **BE GROUTED**

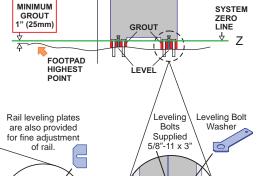
- · Level with leveling bolt to System Zero Line or 7.
- · Grout & anchor all footpads.



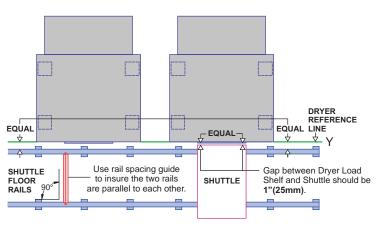
SHUTTLE RAIL BRACKETS MUST BE GROUTED TO Z

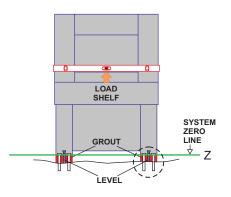
- Shim & level to System Zero Line or Z.
- · Grout & anchor all brackets.











DRYER MUST BE LEVEL

SHUTTLE RAILS MUST BE PERFECTLY PARALLEL TO DRYER FACES

• Floor rails must be parallel, level, and square along entire length of rail.

B2T2007003/2013125A

REFERENCE

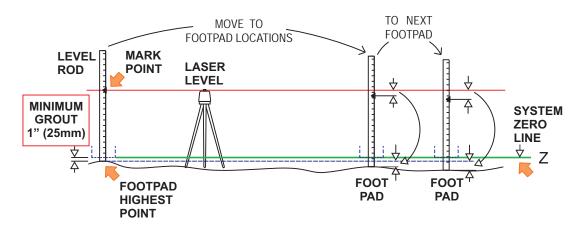


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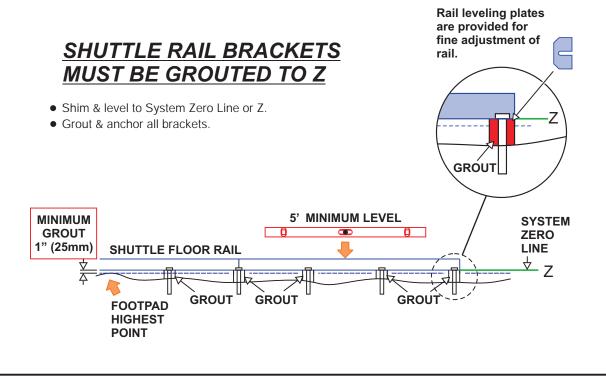
FLOOR IS UNEVEN

- Establish System Zero Line or Z.
- Find highest point in factory floor where footpads will be located.
- System Zero Line or Z is 1" above highest point.



Rail Installation:

Floor Rails

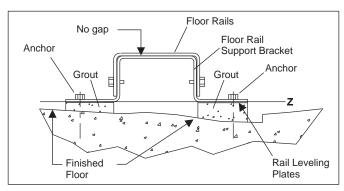


BMP120023/2012285A (2 / 8)



Litho in U.S.A.

Rail Installation: Floor Rails

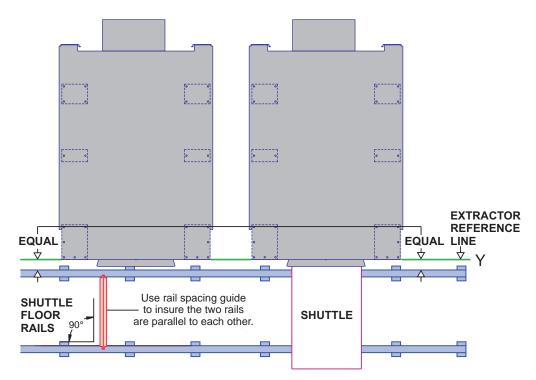


• Shim & level to System Zero Line of Z.

All floor rails must be level and square along the entire length of rail. Locate each rail support bracket and level uneven finished floor with grout, with a minimum of 1"(25MM) of grout under and around all floor rail support brackets. Use rail leveling plates to fill the gap and level the rail.

CAUTION: Make sure there is no gap between floor rails and floor rail support brackets.

- · Grout & anchor all brackets.
 - Anchor the rail at all floor rail support brackets, both sides.
- See (Page 3 of 8) and Dimensional Drawing for proper placement of floor rails.



SHUTTLE RAILS MUST BE PERFECTLY PARALLEL TO EXTRACTORS

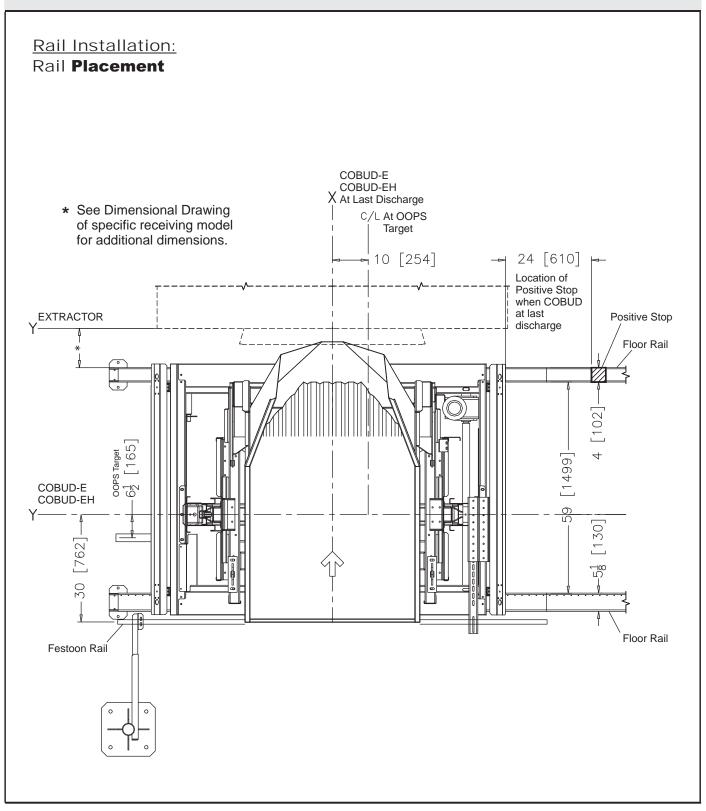
• Floor rails must be parallel, level, and square along entire length of rail.

BMP120023/2012285A (3 / 8)



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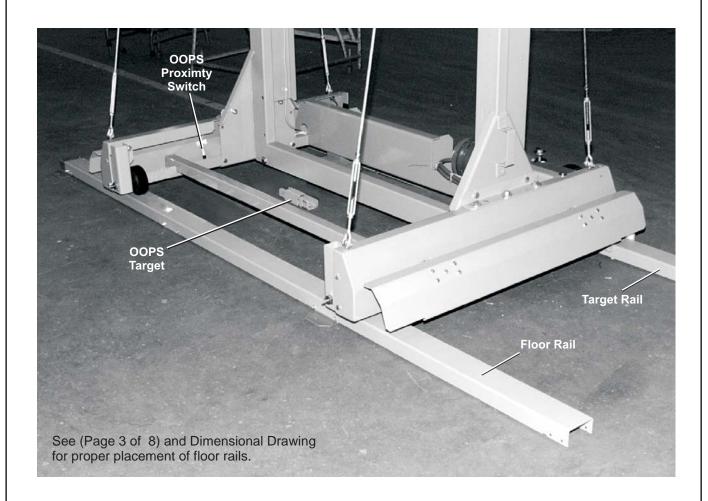


BMP120023/2012285A (4 / 8)



Litho in U.S.A.

Rail Installation: Floor Rail

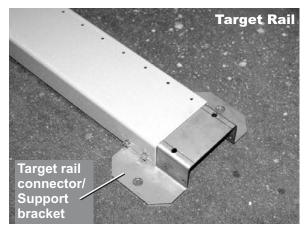


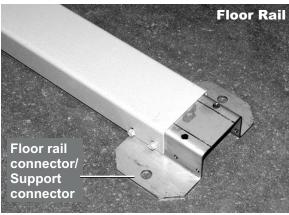
BMP120023/2012285A (5 / 8)



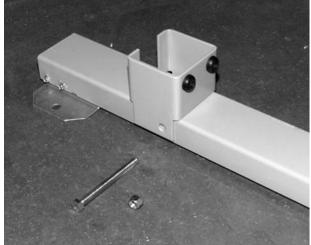
Litho in U.S.A.

Rail Installation:





Positive Stop



Bring COBUD-E/EH to the Last Discharge. Locate Positive Stop 24" away from kickplate. (See Page 3 of 8.)

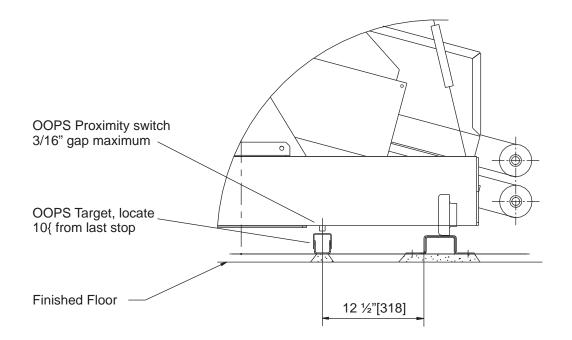
BMP120023/2012285A (6 / 8)



Litho in U.S.A.

Rail Installation:

Switch & Target Settings



Switch & Target Installation

BMP120023/2012285A (7 / 8)



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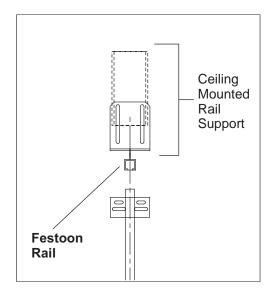
Litho in U.S.A.

Rail Installation: Festooning Rail





connector



Ceiling Mounted

Supporting the festoon rail properly is the responsibility of others. Ceiling mounted rail supports are available from Milnor. Festoon rail hanger may also be used to support rail from ceiling. Field innovation is required. See Dimensional Drawing for proper location of festoon rail.

BMP120023/2012285A (8 / 8)



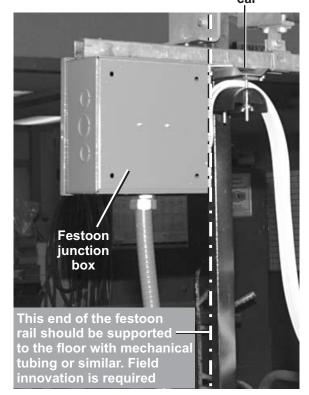
Pellerin Milnor Corporation P. O. Box 400, Kenner, LA 70063-0400

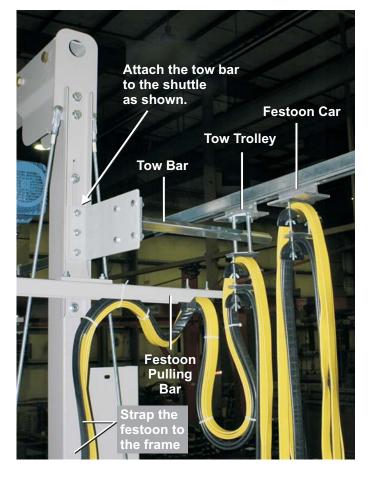
Litho in U.S.A.

Festoon Installation:

Shuttle - Festoon Connection

Fixed festoon car





BIUUUM04 (Published) Book specs- Dates: 20180109 / 20180109 / 20180109 Lang: ENG01 Applic: UUU

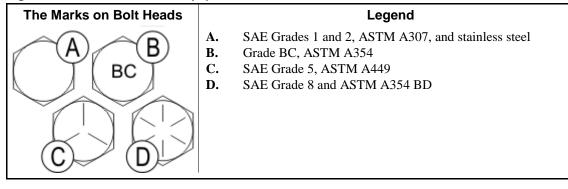
Torque Requirements for Fasteners



This document uses Simplified Technical English. Learn more at http://www.asd-ste100.org.

The document about the assembly gives the torque requirements for other fasteners. If fastener torque specifications or threadlocker requirements in an assembly document are different from this document, use the assembly document.

Figure 1: The Bolts in Milnor® Equipment



1. Torque Values

These tables give the standard dimension, grade, threadlocker, and torque requirements for fasteners frequently used on Milnor® equipment.

Note 1: Data from the Pellerin Milnor® Corporation "Bolt Torque Specification" (bolt_torque_milnor.xls/2002096).

1.1. Fasteners Made of Carbon Steel

1.1.1. Without a Threadlocker

Table 1: Torque Values for Standard Fasteners with Maximum 5/16-inch Diameters and No Lubricant

| | The Grade of the Bolt | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| | Grade 2 | | Grade 5 | | Grade 8 | | Grade BC | |
| Dimension | Pound-Inches | N-m | Pound-Inches | N-m | Pound-Inches | N-m | Pound-Inches | N-m |
| 1/4 x 20 | 66 | 7 | 101 | 11 | 143 | 16 | 126 | 14 |
| 1/4 x 28 | 76 | 9 | 116 | 13 | 163 | 18 | | |
| 5/16 x 18 | 136 | 15 | 209 | 24 | 295 | 33 | 258 | 29 |
| 5/16 x 24 | 150 | 17 | 232 | 26 | 325 | 37 | | |

Table 2: Torque Values for Standard Fasteners Larger Than 5/16-inch Diameters and No Lubricant

| | The Grade of the Bolt | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| | Grad | de 2 | Grae | de 5 | Grad | de 8 | Grad | e BC |
| Dimension | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m |
| 3/8 x 16 | 20 | 27 | 31 | 42 | 44 | 59 | 38 | 52 |
| 3/8 x 24 | 23 | 31 | 35 | 47 | 50 | 68 | | |
| 7/16 x 14 | 32 | 43 | 49 | 66 | 70 | 95 | 61 | 83 |
| 7/16 x 20 | 36 | 49 | 55 | 75 | 78 | 105 | | |
| 1/2 x 13 | 49 | 66 | 75 | 102 | 107 | 145 | 93 | 126 |
| 1/2 x 20 | 55 | 75 | 85 | 115 | 120 | 163 | | |
| 9/16 x 12 | 70 | 95 | 109 | 148 | 154 | 209 | 134 | 182 |
| 9/16 x 18 | 78 | 106 | 121 | 164 | 171 | 232 | | |
| 5/8 x 11 | 97 | 131 | 150 | 203 | 212 | 287 | 186 | 252 |
| 5/8 x 18 | 110 | 149 | 170 | 231 | 240 | 325 | | |
| 3/4 x 10 | 172 | 233 | 266 | 361 | 376 | 510 | 329 | 446 |
| 3/14 x 16 | 192 | 261 | 297 | 403 | 420 | 569 | | |
| 7/8 x 9 | 167 | 226 | 429 | 582 | 606 | 821 | 531 | 719 |
| 7/8 x 14 | 184 | 249 | 473 | 641 | 668 | 906 | | |
| 1 x 8 | 250 | 339 | 644 | 873 | 909 | 1232 | 796 | 1079 |
| 1 x 12 | 274 | 371 | 704 | 954 | 994 | 1348 | | |
| 1 x 14 | 281 | 381 | 723 | 980 | 1020 | 1383 | | |
| 1 1/8 x 7 | 354 | 480 | 794 | 1077 | 1287 | 1745 | 1126 | 1527 |
| 1 1/8 x 12 | 397 | 538 | 891 | 1208 | 1444 | 1958 | | |
| 1 1/4 x 7 | 500 | 678 | 1120 | 1519 | 1817 | 2464 | 1590 | 2155 |
| 1 1/4 x 12 | 553 | 750 | 1241 | 1682 | 2012 | 2728 | | |
| 1 3/8 x 6 | 655 | 888 | 1469 | 1992 | 2382 | 3230 | 2085 | 2827 |
| 1 3/8 x 12 | 746 | 1011 | 1672 | 2267 | 2712 | 3677 | | |
| 1 1/2 x 6 | 869 | 1178 | 1949 | 2642 | 3161 | 4286 | 2767 | 3751 |
| 1 1/2 x 12 | 979 | 1327 | 2194 | 2974 | 3557 | 4822 | | |

 Table 3: Torque Values for Plated Fasteners with Maximum 5/16-inch Diameters and No Lubricant

| | able of total or tale of the control of the maximum of to more planted or the control of the con | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|--|--|
| | | The Grade of the Bolt | | | | | | | | |
| | Grade 2 | Grade 2 Grade 5 Grade 8 | | | | | Grade B0 | C | | |
| Dimension | Pound-Inches | N-m | Pound-Inches | N-m | Pound-Inches | N-m | Pound-Inches | N-m | | |
| 1/4 x 20 | 49 | 6 | 76 | 9 | 107 | 12 | 95 | 11 | | |
| 1/4 x 28 | 56 | 6 | 88 | 10 | 122 | 14 | | | | |
| 5/16 x 18 | 102 | 12 | 156 | 18 | 222 | 25 | 193 | 22 | | |
| 5/16 x 24 | 113 | 13 | 174 | 20 | 245 | 28 | | | | |

Table 4: Torque Values for Plated Fasteners Larger Than 5/16-inch Diameters and No Lubricant

| | | | | The Grade | of the Bolt | | | |
|------------|------------|------|------------|-----------|-------------|------|------------|------|
| | Grad | de 2 | Gra | de 5 | Grad | de 8 | Grad | e BC |
| Dimension | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m |
| 3/8 x 16 | 15 | 20 | 23 | 31 | 33 | 44 | 29 | 38 |
| 3/8 x 24 | 17 | 23 | 26 | 35 | 37 | 49 | | |
| 7/16 x 14 | 24 | 32 | 37 | 50 | 52 | 71 | 46 | 61 |
| 7/16 x 20 | 27 | 36 | 41 | 55 | 58 | 78 | | |
| 1/2 x 13 | 37 | 49 | 56 | 76 | 80 | 106 | 70 | 93 |
| 1/2 x 20 | 41 | 55 | 64 | 85 | 90 | 120 | | |
| 9/16 x 12 | 53 | 70 | 81 | 110 | 115 | 153 | 101 | 134 |
| 9/16 x 18 | 59 | 79 | 91 | 122 | 128 | 174 | | |
| 5/8 x 11 | 73 | 97 | 113 | 150 | 159 | 212 | 139 | 186 |
| 5/8 x 18 | 83 | 110 | 127 | 172 | 180 | 240 | | |
| 3/4 x 10 | 129 | 173 | 200 | 266 | 282 | 376 | 246 | 329 |
| 3/14 x 16 | 144 | 192 | 223 | 297 | 315 | 420 | | |
| 7/8 x 9 | 125 | 166 | 322 | 430 | 455 | 606 | 398 | 531 |
| 7/8 x 14 | 138 | 184 | 355 | 474 | 501 | 668 | | |
| 1 x 8 | 188 | 250 | 483 | 644 | 682 | 909 | 597 | 796 |
| 1 x 12 | 205 | 274 | 528 | 716 | 746 | 995 | | |
| 1 x 14 | 210 | 280 | 542 | 735 | 765 | 1037 | | |
| 1 1/8 x 7 | 266 | 354 | 595 | 807 | 966 | 1288 | 845 | 1126 |
| 1 1/8 x 12 | 298 | 404 | 668 | 890 | 1083 | 1444 | | |
| 1 1/4 x 7 | 375 | 500 | 840 | 1120 | 1363 | 1817 | 1192 | 1590 |
| 1 1/4 x 12 | 415 | 553 | 930 | 1261 | 1509 | 2013 | | |
| 1 3/8 x 6 | 491 | 655 | 1102 | 1470 | 1787 | 2382 | 1564 | 2085 |
| 1 3/8 x 12 | 559 | 758 | 1254 | 1672 | 2034 | 2712 | | |
| 1 1/2 x 6 | 652 | 870 | 1462 | 1982 | 2371 | 3161 | 2075 | 2767 |
| 1 1/2 x 12 | 733 | 994 | 1645 | 2194 | 2668 | 3557 | | |

1.1.2. With a Threadlocker

Table 5: Threadlocker by the Diameter of the Bolt (see Note 2)

| | Dimension | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|----------|--|
| LocTite Product | 1/4-inch | 1/4- to 5/8-inch | 5/8- to 7/8-inch | 1-inch + | |
| LocTite 222 | OK | | | | |
| LocTite 242 | | OK | | | |
| LocTite 262 | | | OK | | |
| LocTite 272 | | High temperature | | | |
| LocTite 277 | | | | OK | |

Note 2: The acceptable bolt size ranges for various LocTite[®] threadlocking products is the LocTite manufacturer's **general** recommendation. Specific applications sometime require that a LocTite product is applied to a bolt size outside the ranges shown here. For example, Milnor specifies LocTite 242 for use on certain 1" bolt applications and has confirmed this usage with the LocTite manufacturer. You may see variances such as this in the documentation for specific machine assemblies.

Table 6: Torque Values if You Apply LocTite 222

| | | The Grade of the Bolt | | | | | | | |
|-----------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------|---------------|------|------------------|-----|--|
| | Gra | de 2 | Gra | de 5 | Gra | de 8 | Grade BC | | |
| Dimension | Pound-inc hes | N-m | Pound-inc hes | N-m | Pound-inc hes | N-m | Pound-inc hes | N-m | |
| 1/4 x 20 | 60 | 7 | 96 | 11 | 132 | 15 | 108 | 12 | |
| 1/4 x 28 | 72 | 8 | 108 | 12 | 144 | 16 | | | |

Table 7: Torque Values if You Apply LocTite 242

| | | | | The Grade | of the Bolt | | | |
|-----------|------------|------|------------|-----------|-------------|------|------------|------|
| | Grad | de 2 | Gra | de 5 | Grae | de 8 | Grad | e BC |
| Dimension | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m |
| 5/16 x 18 | 11 | 15 | 17 | 23 | 25 | 34 | 22 | 30 |
| 5/16 x 24 | 13 | 18 | 19 | 26 | 27 | 37 | 27 | 37 |
| 3/8 x 16 | 20 | 27 | 31 | 42 | 44 | 60 | 38 | 52 |
| 3/8 x 24 | 23 | 31 | 35 | 47 | 50 | 68 | | |
| 7/16 x 14 | 32 | 43 | 49 | 66 | 70 | 95 | 61 | 83 |
| 7/16 x 20 | 36 | 49 | 55 | 75 | 78 | 106 | | |
| 1/2 x 13 | 49 | 66 | 75 | 102 | 107 | 145 | 93 | 126 |
| 1/2 x 20 | 55 | 75 | 85 | 115 | 120 | 163 | | |
| 9/16 x 12 | 70 | 95 | 109 | 148 | 154 | 209 | 134 | 182 |
| 9/16 x 18 | 78 | 106 | 121 | 164 | 171 | 232 | | |
| 5/8 x 11 | 97 | 132 | 150 | 203 | 212 | 287 | 186 | 252 |
| 5/8 x 18 | 110 | 149 | 170 | 230 | 240 | 325 | | |

Table 8: Torque Values if You Apply LocTite 262

| | The Grade of the Bolt | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-----|------------|-----|------------|-----|------------|-----|
| | Grade 2 Grade 5 Grade 8 Grade 1 | | | | | | e BC | |
| Dimension | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m |
| 3/4 x 10 | 155 | 210 | 240 | 325 | 338 | 458 | 296 | 401 |
| 3/4 x 16 | 173 | 235 | 267 | 362 | 378 | 512 | | |
| 7/8 x 9 | 150 | 203 | 386 | 523 | 546 | 740 | 477 | 647 |
| 7/8 x 14 | 165 | 224 | 426 | 578 | 601 | 815 | | |

Table 9: Torque Values if You Apply LocTite 272 (High-Temperature)

| | | The Grade of the Bolt | | | | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|------|------------|------|------------|------|
| | Grad | de 2 | Gra | de 5 | Grade 8 | | Grade BC | |
| Dimension | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m |
| 1 x 8 | 350 | 475 | 901 | 1222 | 1272 | 1725 | 1114 | 1510 |
| 1 x 12 | 383 | 519 | 986 | 1337 | 1392 | 1887 | | |
| 1 x 14 | 393 | 533 | 1012 | 1372 | 1428 | 1936 | | |
| 1-1/8 x 7 | 496 | 672 | 1111 | 1506 | 1802 | 2443 | 1577 | 2138 |
| 1-1/8 x 12 | 556 | 754 | 1247 | 1691 | 2022 | 2741 | | |
| 1-1/4 x 7 | 700 | 949 | 1568 | 2126 | 2544 | 3449 | 2226 | 3018 |
| 1-1/4 x 12 | 774 | 1049 | 1737 | 2355 | 2816 | 3818 | | |
| 1-3/8 x 6 | 917 | 1243 | 2056 | 2788 | 3335 | 4522 | 2919 | 3958 |
| 1-3/8 x 12 | 1044 | 1415 | 2341 | 3174 | 3797 | 5148 | | |
| 1-1/2 x 6 | 1217 | 1650 | 2729 | 3700 | 4426 | 6001 | 3873 | 5251 |
| 1-1/2 x 12 | 1369 | 1856 | 3071 | 4164 | 4980 | 6752 | | |

Table 10: Torque Values if You Apply LocTite 277

| | | | | The Grade | e of the Bolt | | | |
|------------|------------|------|------------|-------------|---------------|------|--------------|------|
| | Grad | de 2 | Grae | Grade 5 Gra | | le 8 | e 8 Grade BC | |
| Dimension | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m |
| 1 x 8 | 325 | 441 | 837 | 1135 | 1181 | 1601 | 1034 | 1402 |
| 1 x 12 | 356 | 483 | 916 | 1242 | 1293 | 1753 | | |
| 1 x 14 | 365 | 495 | 939 | 1273 | 1326 | 1798 | | |
| 1-1/8 x 7 | 461 | 625 | 1032 | 1399 | 1674 | 2270 | 1464 | 1985 |
| 1-1/8 x 12 | 516 | 700 | 1158 | 1570 | 1877 | 2545 | | |
| 1-1/4 x 7 | 650 | 881 | 1456 | 1974 | 2362 | 3202 | 2067 | 2802 |
| 1-1/4 x 12 | 719 | 975 | 1613 | 2187 | 2615 | 3545 | | |
| 1-3/8 x 6 | 851 | 1154 | 1909 | 2588 | 3097 | 4199 | 2710 | 3674 |
| 1-3/8 x 12 | 970 | 1315 | 2174 | 2948 | 3526 | 4781 | | |
| 1-1/2 x 6 | 1130 | 1532 | 2534 | 3436 | 4110 | 5572 | 3597 | 4877 |
| 1-1/2 x 12 | 1271 | 1723 | 2852 | 3867 | 4624 | 6269 | | |

1.2. Stainless Steel Fasteners

Table 11: Torque Values for Stainless Steel Fasteners 5/16-inch and Smaller

| | 316 Stainless | | 18-8 St | ainless | 18-8 Stainless with Loctite 767 | |
|-----------|------------------|-----|------------------|---------|------------------------------------|-----|
| Dimension | Pound-Inc hes | N-m | Pound-Inc hes | N-m | Pound-Inc hes | N-m |
| 1/4 x 20 | 79 | 9 | 76 | 9 | 45 | 5 |
| 1/4 x 28 | 100 | 11 | 94 | 11 | 56 | 6 |
| 5/16 x 18 | 138 | 16 | 132 | 15 | 79 | 9 |
| 5/16 x 24 | 148 | 17 | 142 | 16 | 85 | 10 |

Table 12: Torque Values for Stainless Steel Fasteners Larger Than 5/16-inch

| | 316 Sta | ainless | 18-8 St | ainless | 18-8 Stainless with Loctite 767 | | |
|------------|------------|---------|------------|---------|------------------------------------|-----|--|
| Dimension | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | Pound-feet | N-m | |
| 3/8 x 16 | 21 | 28 | 20 | 27 | 12 | 16 | |
| 3/8 x 24 | 23 | 31 | 22 | 29 | 13 | 18 | |
| 7/16 x 14 | 33 | 44 | 31 | 42 | 19 | 25 | |
| 7/16 x 20 | 35 | 47 | 33 | 45 | 20 | 27 | |
| 1/2 x 13 | 45 | 61 | 43 | 58 | 26 | 35 | |
| 1/2 x 20 | 47 | 64 | 45 | 61 | 27 | 37 | |
| 9/16 x 12 | 59 | 81 | 57 | 77 | 34 | 46 | |
| 9/16 x 18 | 66 | 89 | 63 | 85 | 38 | 51 | |
| 5/8 x 11 | 97 | 131 | 93 | 125 | 56 | 75 | |
| 5/8 x 18 | 108 | 150 | 104 | 141 | 62 | 84 | |
| 3/4 x 10 | 132 | 179 | 128 | 173 | 77 | 104 | |
| 3/4 x 16 | 130 | 176 | 124 | 168 | 75 | 101 | |
| 7/8 x 9 | 203 | 275 | 194 | 263 | 116 | 158 | |
| 7/8 x 14 | 202 | 273 | 193 | 262 | 116 | 157 | |
| 1 x 8 | 300 | 406 | 287 | 389 | 172 | 233 | |
| 1 x 14 | 271 | 367 | 259 | 351 | 156 | 211 | |
| 1-1/8 x 7 | 432 | 586 | 413 | 560 | 248 | 336 | |
| 1-1/8 x 12 | 408 | 553 | 390 | 529 | 234 | 317 | |
| 1-1/4 x 7 | 546 | 740 | 523 | 709 | 314 | 425 | |
| 1-1/4 x 12 | 504 | 683 | 480 | 651 | 288 | 390 | |
| 1-1/2 x 6 | 930 | 1261 | 888 | 1204 | 533 | 722 | |
| 1-1/2 x 12 | 732 | 992 | 703 | 953 | 422 | 572 | |

2. Preparation



WARNING 2: **Fire Hazard**—Some solvents and primers are flammable.

- Use threadlocker and primers with sufficient airflow.
- Do not use flammable material near ignition sources.
- 1. Clean all threads with a wire brush or a different tool.
- 2. Remove the grease from the fasteners and the mating threads with solvent. Make the parts dry.

Note 3: LocTite 7649 Primer[™] or standard solvents will remove grease from parts.

3. Apply a spray of LocTite 7649 Primer[™] or equal on the fasteners and the mating threads. Let the primer dry for one minute minimum.

3. How to Apply a Threadlocker

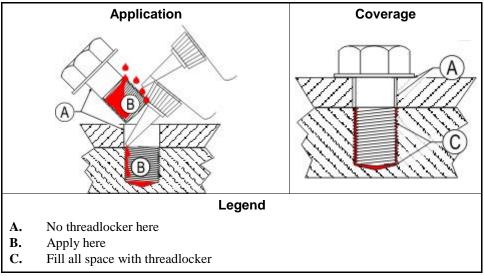


CAUTION 3: Malfunction Hazard—Heat, vibration, or mechanical shocks can let the fasteners loosen if you do not apply the threadlocker correctly. Loose fasteners can cause malfunctions of the equipment.

• Read the threadlocker manufacturer's instructions and warnings. Obey these instructions.

Apply the threadlocker only to the areas where the fastener threads and the mating threads engage.

Figure 2: Blind Hole



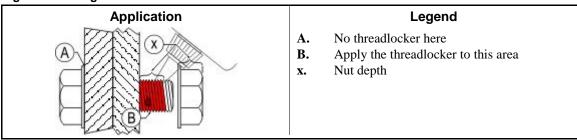
3.1. Blind Holes

- 1. Apply the threadlocker down the threads to the bottom of the hole.
- 2. Apply the threadlocker to the bolt.
- 3. Tighten the bolt to the value shown in the correct table (Table 5 to Table 11).

3.2. Through Holes

- 1. Put the bolt through the assembly.
- 2. Apply the threadlocker only to the bolt thread area that will engage the nut.
- 3. Tighten the bolt to the value shown in the correct table (Table 5 to Table 11).

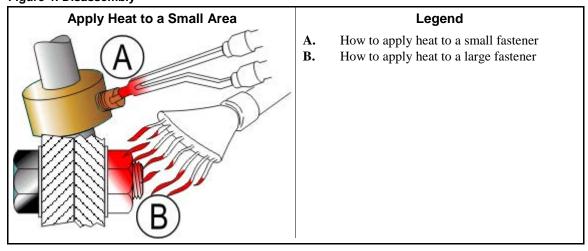
Figure 3: Through Hole



3.3. Disassembly—For high-strength threadlocker, apply heat for five minutes. Disassemble with hand tools while the parts are hot.

For low-strength and moderate-strength threadlocker, disassemble with hand tools.

Figure 4: Disassembly



— End of BIUUUM04 —

ASSEMBLING THE SHUTTLE RAIL HARDWARE

A DANGER A



CRUSHING HAZARD. Shuttles, shuttle rails, and rail supports can collapse, crushing personnel and/or damaging equipment and facilities if anchoring methods are unsound or structural supports are inadequate.

- Adequately anchor free stands to the floor or floor and wall before imposing any weight on them. Fasteners must be adequate to support the upper rail and loaded shuttle. See instructions for proper anchoring techniques on rail support dimensional drawing(s) in the schematics manual.
- Consult a competent, independent structural engineer to ensure the following before installing ceiling-mounted shuttle rails:

Ensure adequate structural support for the rail and loaded shuttle before mounting shuttle rails to building structure.

Ensure rail-hanging method is rigid enough to accept a significant amount of twisting thrust on the rail.

The connections shown in this section may be located with respect to the overall shuttle rail system by referring to dimensional drawings BDCORAL1BE and BDCORAL1BB. These drawings should be used in conjunction with this instruction, when assembling the shuttle rails.

It is recommended to install the shuttle rail system in the following sequence:

- 1. Install, level, and align the entire upper (support) rail.
- 2. Hang the shuttle, which may assist in aligning the lower guide rail.
- 3. Install one section of lower guide rail, using the shuttle to test for proper rail alignment.
- **4.** Install the remaining sections of the guide rail, aligning them with the first section of guide rail.
- **5.** Install festoon-end electric box to upper support rail.

Upper Support Rail to Support Bracket Connection

The upper rail of the shuttle is supported by hanging brackets which connect to support brackets on the dryers and to free-standing supports. To install the upper rail, first connect all hanging bracket assemblies to the support brackets as shown in FIGURE 1. Lift the upper rail into position by sections, and secure it to the hanging brackets with the hardware shown in FIGURE 1. Level the upper rail completely, using the threaded rods for adjustment.

A CAUTION A

PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD. Improper mounting of the support rail will prevent the shuttle from traversing or cause uneven wear on shuttle wheels.

- Carefully follow instructions in this section for mounting and assembling support rails.
- Maintain accurate horizontal and vertical alignment of the upper (support) rail along its entire length, as shown on dimensional drawings.
- Ensure that the shuttle properly aligns with each Home and Discharge station.

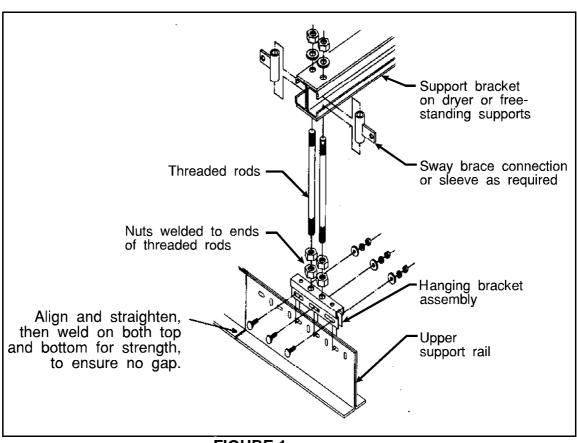


FIGURE 1 (MSIND417AE)
Support Rail to Support Bracket Connection

Support Rail to Rail Connection

The two halves of each support rail section were bolted together at the MILNOR® factory such that the halves are staggered by 17 1/2 inches. This provides for a 17 1/2-inch overlap at each joining of the rail sections (see FIGURE 2). Each such connection must ensure that the ends of the rail halves of both sections butt together with no gap and that both the left and right flanges align horizontally. Notice that because each horizontal bolt slot on one rail-half mates with a vertical bolt slot on the opposing rail-half, precise flange alignment is possible.

Weld each butt joint for strength to ensure no gap. Then grind the weld down to the surface of the metal.

NOTE: One section of support rail will be supplied with a 17 1/2-inch filler piece at each end. This is the starter rail. Where the starter rail connects to the next rail section, the filler piece must be removed and may be attached to the last rail section to properly terminate the rail.

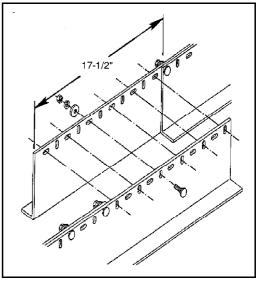


FIGURE 2 (MSIND417AE)
Support Rail
to Support Rail Connection

Guide Rail to Support Bracket Connection

The shuttle guide rail is attached to an intermediate mounting bracket, which in turn may be mounted to the dryer, the floor-mounted guide rail support, or the free-standing support. The guide rail must be supported by one of these members at distances not exceeding 7'-0" on center (see dimensional drawings BDCORAL1BE and BDCORAL1BB).

To install the lower guide rail, first mount the intermediate mounting brackets to dryers, floor-mounted guide rail supports, or free-standing supports, as appropriate. The lower rail has continuous holes on the side that must face the dryers. These holes are for the rail-to-bracket connections. The intermediate guide rail support and its associated connecting hardware are shown in FIGURE 3.

The top of the lower rail must be clear of obstructions to avoid the shuttle's lower belt from catching. The lower rail has continuous holes on the side that should face the dryers, for rail-to-bracket connections, as well as, four holes at the end of each rail for rail-to-rail connections. The hardware for rail-to-rail connections is shown on the next page.

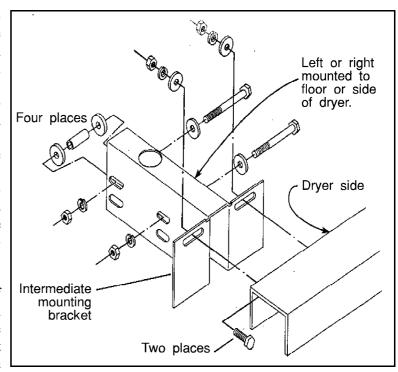


FIGURE 3 (MSIND417AE)

Guide Rail to Support Bracket Connection

Guide Rail to Guide Rail Connection

There are four holes at the end of each rail for rail-to-rail connection. The connection is made by a connecting bracket and eight bolts per side as shown in FIGURE 4.

A CAUTION A

PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD. Improper mounting of the guide rail will prevent the shuttle from traversing, cause uneven wear on shuttle rollers, or derail the shuttle.

- **☞ Carefully follow instructions in this section for mounting and assembling support rails.**
- Maintain accurate horizontal and vertical alignment of the guide rail along its entire length, as shown on the dimensional drawings.
- Ensure that the COSHA properly aligns with each Home and Discharge station.
- Ensure the top of the guide rail is clear of obstructions to prevent the lower belt from catching.

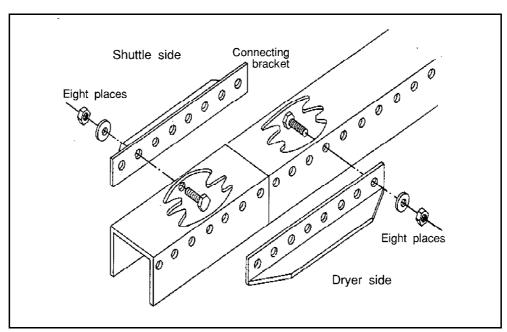


FIGURE 4 (MSIND417AE)

Guide Rail to Guide Rail Connection

Support Rail to Festoon-End Electric Box Connection

The festoon-end electric box is connected to the festoon end of the upper support rail with the hardware shown in FIGURE 5. The festoon cable terminates in the box. The box-mounting bracket serves as the end-rail mechanical stop for festoon cars.

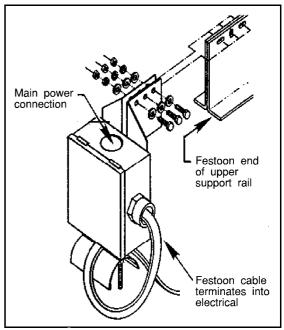


FIGURE 5 (MSIND417AE)
Support Rail to Festoon-End

ON-SITE ASSEMBLY—SHUTTLE AND CONVEYOR DEVICES

Guidelines for Lifting and Supporting

Do not try to balance the shuttle on the lower shipping brackets (FIGURE 1) before installation. These brackets protect the wheels during shipping and are not intended to support the shuttle.

Handle the device only by the lift points provided near the top of the machine (FIGURE 3).

Do not lift, jack, or stand on the shuttle bed or other components (FIGURE 2). These actions may cause personal injury and equipment damage.

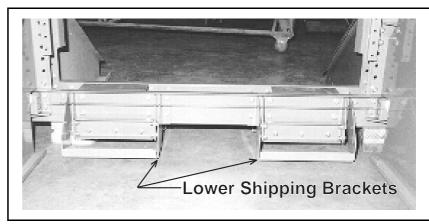


FIGURE 1 (MSIND429AE)
Shuttle Lower Shipping Brackets

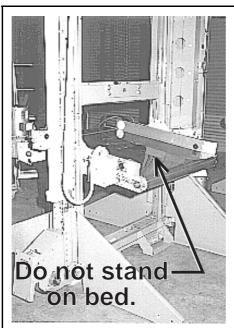


FIGURE 2 (MSIND429AE) Shuttle (Typical)

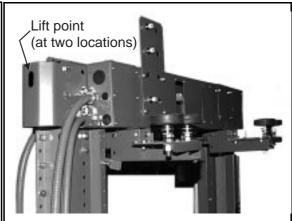


FIGURE 3 (MSIND429AE)
Lift Points at Top of Shuttle

Installing Emergency Stop Cable

The emergency stop cable was removed prior to shipment. Reinstall this cable before operating the device.



FIGURE 4(MSIND429AE)
Emergency Stop Cable (Typical)

Installing Kickplates

Traversing shuttle models will not operate without the emergency stop kickplates installed. Install the kickplates according to FIGURE 5.

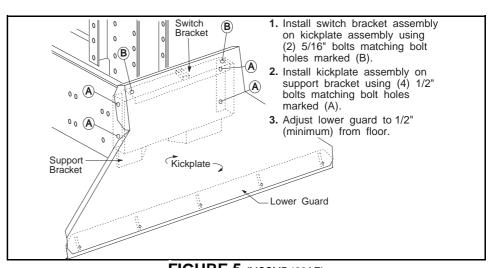


FIGURE 5 (MSSMD429AE)
Kickplate Installation—Traversing Shuttle Models

Installing Adjustable Hoist Down Stop

The adjustable hoist down stop (FIGURE 6) prevents the shuttle bed from descending any further than necessary. Set this stop at the highest position which does not interfere with shuttle operation.

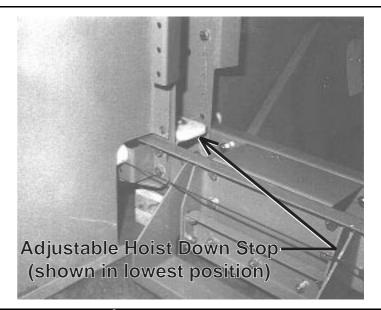


FIGURE 6 (MSIND429AE) Hoist Down Stop

Installing Safety Stop Bracket

Install the safety stop brackets (FIGURE 7) on each end of the lower track. Use 3/8" self-tapping screws to secure the bracket to the track if the holes do not align.

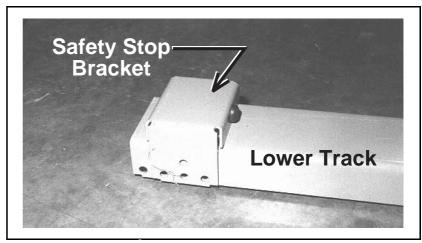
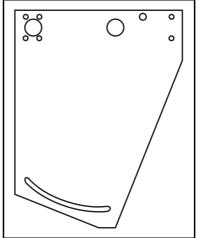


FIGURE 7 (MSIND429AE)
Lower Safety Stop Bracket Location

Installing Leg Plates on CONLO/CONWA Models

Install plate 04-20623 (FIGURE 8) at all leg positions of CONLO and CONWA models except the LOAD end of CONLO/CONWA 304 and 305, or when the conveyor is to be installed horizontally.

Install plate 04-20623B (FIGURE 9) on the LOAD end of CONLO/CONWA 304 and 305 conveyors except when the conveyor is to be installed horizontally.



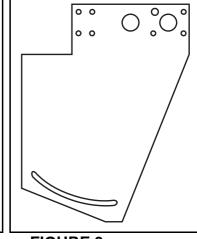


FIGURE 8 (MSIND429AE) Plate 04-20623

FIGURE 9 (MSIND429AE) Plate 04-20623B

Installation of the Laser Positioner for Traversing Shuttles

NOTICE P1: "Remove power from the machine" means use the necessary safety procedure for your location. In the USA, this is the OSHA lockout/tagout (LOTO) procedure. More local requirements can also apply.

Milnor traversing shuttles manufactured after December 2010 are provided with a laser system to control shuttle travel along the rail (traverse) and the positions at which the shuttle stops. An older shuttle can be retrofitted with this system if it meets the following criteria:

- The system has, or is upgraded to Dryer/Shuttle controller (Drynet) software version 21010 or later and shuttle software with a matching date code.
- The shuttle has, or is upgraded to the microprocessor board with part number 08BSPE2T (2004 to current). The 08BSPE1T (circa 2000) and 08BSPET (circa 1994) will not work.
- The shuttle manual controls are housed in a stationary cabinet, not a shuttle-mounted box.

The laser positioner replaces the switches, targets, and mounting hardware previously used for this purpose. The laser positioner system uses the Banner L-Gage LT7 Laser.

1. Hardware Installation

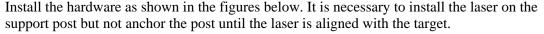


WARNING 1: **Strike and Crush Hazards**—A traveling machine such as a shuttle can strike, crush, or entrap you if you ride on it or enter its path. Traveling machines or their components can move automatically in any direction. Placing a system machine on line by energizing the machine control may immediately summon a shuttle or other traveling machine.

• Except where specified in this instruction, remove power from the machine to work in or near the shuttle path.

The laser beam must be parallel with the axis of shuttle travel. Typically the laser and target are mounted approximately 7 feet (1.8 meters) above the floor and and horizontally centered on the shuttle frame, but this can be modified to suit the individual circumstances. The beam must be unobstructed at all times. Locate the hardware with respect to the shuttle as follows:

Stationary laser support post—in proximity to the stationary shuttle control cabinet. **Reflector**—on the shuttle frame. Detailed mounting instructions follow.





CAUTION 2: Risk of Costly Damage—Until the laser support post is anchored, it can fall if it or the cable is hit by an object such as a fork lift. This will likely destroy the laser.

- Use care to keep clear of the post except to intentionally reposition it during alignment.
- Route the cable away from any interference and secure it.

Figure 1: Laser to Post

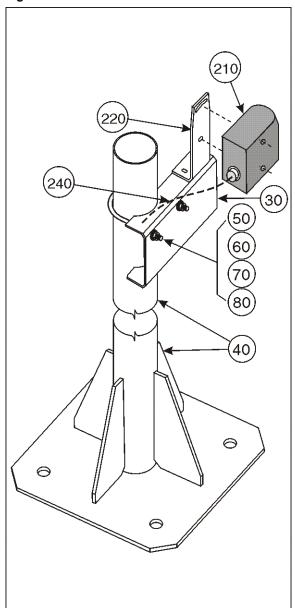


Figure 2: Reflector to Shuttle (Tube or J-rail frame)

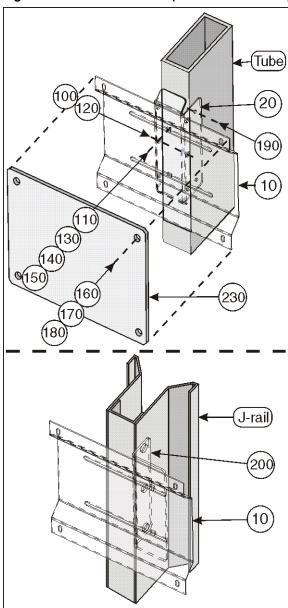


Table 1: Parts List for Figure 1 and Figure 2

Find the assembly for your machine and the letter shown in the "Item" column. The components for your machine will show this letter or the word "all" in the "Used In" column. The numbers shown in the "Item" column are those shown in the illustrations.

| Used In | Item | Part Number | Description/Nomenclature | Comments |
|---------|--------|-------------|---|---|
| | • | • | Assemblies | |
| all | A | ALC420223 | All mounting hardware except laser manufacturer components. | |
| | | 1 | Components | ı |
| A | 10 | 04 24176 | LASER TARGET FRAME | |
| A | 20 | 04 24177 | LASER TARGET TUBE RAIL MTG | Use with tubing type vertical frame member. |
| A | 30 | 04 24146 | LASER MTG CHANNEL | |
| A | 40 | W4 24180 | LASER MOUNTING POST WLMT | |
| A | 50 | 27A035C | U-BOLT 3/8-16X5.36 #0127316 | |
| A | 60 | 15U246 | FLATWASHER 1"ODX25/64IDX1/8"30 | |
| A | 70 | 15U255 | LOCKWASHER MEDIUM 3/8 ZINCPL | |
| A | 80 | 15G205 | HXNUT 3/8-16UNC2B ZINC GR2 | |
| A | 100 | 15A002A | CARBOLT 1/4-20UNC2X3/4 ZINC GR | |
| A | 110 | 15K046 | HXCAPSCR 1/4-20 UNC2A X 2"GR5 | |
| A | 120 | 17N058 | HEXRIVNUT 1/4-20 UNC-2B #2520- | |
| A | 130 | 15U185 | FLATWASHER(USS STD) 1/4" ZNC P | |
| A | 140 | 15U180 | LOCKWASHER MEDIUM 1/4 ZINCPL | |
| A | 150 | 15G178 | 1/4"-20 HEXFLANGE NUT ZINC | |
| A | 160 | 15N125 | RDMACSCR 10-24UNC2AX1/2 ZC GR2 | |
| A | 170 | 15U135 | FLATWASH#10 .4370DX.203IDX.04T | |
| A | 180 | 15G126SZ | HXLOCKNUT 10-24 UNC STL/ZNC | |
| A | 190 | 15P011 | TRDCUT-F PANHD 10-24X1/2 NIKST | |
| A | 200 | 04 24178 | LASER TARGET J-RAIL MTG | Use with J-rail vertical frame member. |
| all | 210 | 09RLE0001 | Banner L-Gage LT7 Laser and mounting bracket | |
| all | 220 | 09RLE0001B | Mounting Bracket and included fasteners | |
| all | 230 | 09RLE0001R | 50 meter Retro Reflector | |
| all | 240 | 09RLE0001C | Multi-conductor cable and connector—30 foot (7.6 meters) length | |
| | Tube | | A type of frame used on certain shuttles | |
| | J-rail | | A type of frame used on certain shuttles | |

2. Electrical Connections

The electrical cable provided with this system has a pre-wired connector on one end that attaches to the laser. Shuttles manufactured after February 2011 have the control box end of the cable pre-wired also. The cable is secured to the control box. If the shuttle was not provided with the cable pre-wired, make connections as explained below. **Do not connect the cable to the laser until the wiring in the electric cabinet is completed.**

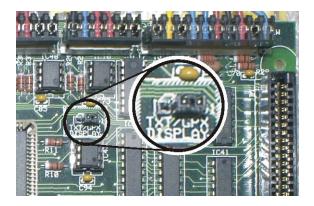
- 1. Determine the best route for the cable. Ensure that:
 - objects cannot strike the cable,
 - there is sufficient slack on each end to reach the connection points.

- 2. Route the cable and secure the center portion to protect against accidental movement. If not pre-wired, route the cable into the shuttle processor box through the hole in the box shown in Figure 3.
- 3. Set jumper J1 on the shuttle processor board to the GPX position as shown in Figure 4.

Figure 3: Hole in Shuttle Processor Box for Cable

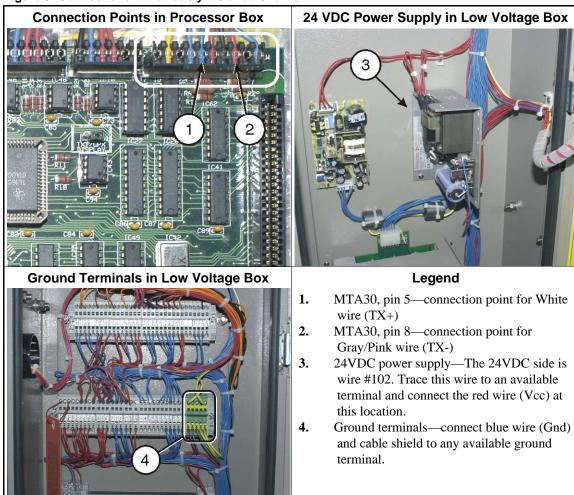


Figure 4: Jumper Position



Only four of the conductors (the green, white, red, and blue wires) and the cable shield are used for this application. If the cable must be field-wired, make electrical connections as shown in Figure 5.

Figure 5: Connections—Previously Installed Shuttle



3. Configure, Align, and Program

These instructions apply specifically to Banner L-Gage LT7 laser device. You received a manual with this device. **Review the safety information in this manual.** The manual provides more information than necessary to implement the laser positioner system for the shuttle. The following sections give the pertinent instructions. You can find detailed information in the Banner manual.

Display or Action

Explanation

- Energize the shuttle (at the MultiTrac or Drynet console). This will also apply power to the laser.
- Set the shuttle to the Manual mode (at the stationary shuttle control panel). This will take the shuttle off line.

Perform the procedures in this section with shuttle power on, but with the machine off line. Use extreme care when you work in or near the shuttle path.

3.1. Laser Configuration—Required configuration settings:

Serial interface: RS422

Baud rate: 19,200 Data Bits: 8 Stop Bits: 1

Data method: REPEAT

At the laser device:

| The time raper device | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Display or Action | Explanation |
| DIST mm >250000 | This or a similar display indicates the laser run mode. The laser displays distance in hundredths of units. |
| • | Accesses the laser program mode. This also activates the visible pilot laser used for alignment. |
| QuickSet <enter></enter> | This is the first sub-menu in the Program menu. |
| ▶, ▶ | Scrolls the sub-menus. Select "UNIT". |
| UNIT <mm></mm> | This display indicates the laser is configured for millimeter units. You can choose millimeters or inches (<inch>). If you want to change units:</inch> |
| • | Accesses the UNIT field. |
| UNIT >mm | You can now select inch units. |
| • | Toggles between mm and inch each time the key is pressed. |
| • | Locks in the selected value. |
| UNIT <inch></inch> | Indicates that the laser is configured for inch units. When the laser is properly aligned, the Run display will show the distance between the laser and target in hundredths of inches . |
| ▶, ▶ | Scrolls the sub-menus. Select the "SERIAL" sub-menu. |
| SERIAL <rs422></rs422> | This is the display you should see and indicates that the currently configured interface type is RS422. If you see any other value on the bottom line, access this field as follows. |
| • | Accesses the field to select the type of interface. |
| SERIAL >RS422 | You can now select another type of interface. |
| ▶, ▶ | Scrolls the interface types, which are: RS422, SSI 1/8, SSI1/10, and EXT.BUS. Select RS422. |
| | Locks in the selected value. |
| | |

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SERIAL <RS422>

RS422

Advances to the RS422 sub-menu.

Indicates that the laser is configured for an RS422 interface.

Because the RS422 selection has it's own sub-menu, this display appears. This

| Display or Action | Explanation |
|----------------------------|---|
| <enter></enter> | sub-menu has four data fields: baud rate, data bits, stop bit, and data method. |
| • | Advances to the first field in the RS422 sub-menu: baud rate. |
| RS422 <19k2Bd> | 19k2Bd is the correct value. If a different value appears on the bottom line, access this field and correct the value in the same manner as above. Otherwise, proceed to the Data Bits field. |
| • | Advances to the next field in the RS422 sub-menu: data bits. |
| RS422 <8DATAb> | 8DATAb is the correct value. If <7DATAb> appears on the bottom line, access this field and correct the value. Otherwise, proceed to the Stop Bits field. |
| • | Advances to the next field: stop bits. |
| RS422 <1STOPb> | 1STOPb is the correct value. If <2STOPb> appears on the bottom line, access this field and correct the value. Otherwise, proceed to the data method field. |
| • | Advances to the next field: data method. |
| RS422 <repeat></repeat> | REPEAT is the correct value. If <single> appears on the bottom line, access this field and correct the value. Otherwise, return to the Run mode.</single> |
| ● + ▶ , | Returns to each higher-level menu, then the Run mode. |
| 4 + • | |

3.2. Laser and Reflector Alignment

- 1. At the laser device, access the program mode as previously explained. This activates the visible pilot laser used for alignment.
- 2. Adjust the orientation of the laser on its mounting brackets to place the beam at the center of the target.
- 3. Operate the shuttle in manual mode to move it along the shuttle path. Find manual operation instructions for the shuttle in the Drynet Dryer/Shuttle operator guide. As the shuttle traverses, observe the position of the beam on the target.
- 4. Move the laser post, and adjust the orientation of the laser and target to achieve the alignment described in Figure 6.
- 5. When alignment is achieved, anchor the laser post to the floor.
- 6. When the laser post is securely anchored, check the alignment again and make final adjustments.
- 7. Tighten the laser and target bracketry.

View Looking from Laser to Target

1. 2. 3.

Figure 6: Laser and Reflector Alignment

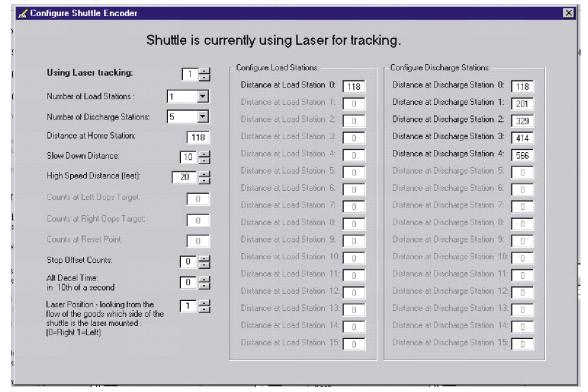
Legend

- . Laser device
- Target
 - Laser beam. Align the laser device and the target so that the laser beam is parallel to the path of the shuttle and the beam remains centered in the target as the shuttle traverses. The reflector must be perpendicular to the laser beam and reflect the beam back to the laser. Otherwise, the laser will not register changes in distance in the run mode.

3.3. Drynet Configuration and Programming of Shuttle Stop Positions—The

Drynet Dryer/Shuttle controller requires configure data to use the laser positioner. For example, it must know the distance between the laser and the target, as detected by the laser device, for each position at which the shuttle stops. Determine these values at the laser device. Enter this data at the Drynet or MultiTrac console, in the *Configure Shuttle Encoder* form (Figure 7).

Figure 7: Configure Shuttle Encoder Form Configured for a Laser Device



- 1. At the MultiTrac or Drynet console, access the shuttle Encoder form:
 - a. In the Dryer/Shuttle Controller (DevComm Setup) window, select *Configure, Shuttles and Cobucs* on the menu. This displays one or more tabbed forms—one for each shuttle device in the system.
 - b. Select the tab corresponding to the shuttle with the new laser device. This displays the main configuration form for this shuttle.
 - c. Near the bottom right of the form, find the field *Shuttle has an Encoder*. Select (or reselect) the value 1. This displays the *Configure Shuttle Encoder* form (Figure 7).
- 2. Enter values in the fields on the left column of the encoder form in accordance with Table 2.
- 3. Do this procedure for each position at which the shuttle stops:
 - a. At the stationary shuttle control box, manually move the shuttle to the stop position. Ensure that the shuttle is precisely aligned with the interfacing device.
 - b. At the laser device, read the distance value in hundredths of units (inches or millimeters as previously configured). Hence, read the displayed value 26147 as 261 inches or millimeters.
 - c. At the Drynet controller, enter this value (whole inches or millimeters) in the appropriate field:
 - Distance at Home Station
 - Distance at Load Station ____
 - Distance at Discharge Station ____

Table 2: Guidelines for Encoder Values for Laser Device

| Data Field | Required Value or Guideline | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Using laser tracking | 1 | |
| Number of Load Stations | Per physical layout | |
| Number of Discharge Stations | Per physical layout | |
| Distance at Home Station | See Item 3 below. | |
| Slow Down Distance | Between 6 and 10 inches (152 and 254 mm) recommended | |
| High Speed Distance (feet) | Not currently implemented | |
| Counts at Left Oops Target | | |
| Counts at Right Oops Target | Disabled and not applicable to laser device. | |
| Counts at Reset Point | | |
| Stop Offset Counts | 0 | |
| At Decel Time: in 10ths of a second | 0 | |
| Laser Position | Face the direction that goods move as they are loaded onto the shuttle bed. If the post-mounted laser is located to the right of the shuttle, enter 0. If to the left of the shuttle, enter 1. | |

4. Testing

When you have entered all shuttle stop positions in the Drynet controller, test each position as explained in document BIVSRC01 "How to Test Traversing Shuttle Stop Positions."

- End of BIVSVI01 -

BIVSRC01 (Published) Book specs- Dates: 20110301 / 20110301 / 20110301 Lang: ENG01 Applic: VSR

How to Test Traversing Shuttle Stop Positions

This instruction is for technicians responsible for setup and adjustment of traversing shuttles. This procedure requires the technician to work within the shuttle travel area while operating the shuttle in manual and automatic mode. The shuttle travel area is normally guarded and off limits to personnel while the shuttle has power. This instruction assumes specially qualified and authorized personnel who fully understand the hazards. Use extreme care when you enter the shuttle travel area.



WARNING 1: Strike and Crush Hazards—A traveling machine such as a shuttle can strike, crush, or entrap you if you ride on it or enter its path. Traveling machines or their components can move automatically in any direction. Placing a system machine on line by energizing the machine control may immediately summon a shuttle or other traveling machine.

- Do not attempt this procedure unless qualified and authorized.
- Ensure that bystanders do not enter the shuttle travel area.

Every shuttle installation is unique with regard to the positions at which the shuttle stops to receive and discharge goods. Each stop position must align with the device it receives from (typically a press) or discharges to (typically a dryer). After you configure the laundering system in the Miltrac, or other system controller and you initially define each stop position, use this procedure to test and adjust each stop position.

Supplement 1

How Shuttle Stop Positions are Controlled

To initially define each stop position, you manually move the shuttle to that position, visually align it with the transferring device, then set the target. Shuttles manufactured prior to December 2010 use physical targets along the rail or shuttle path. Newer shuttles and some older, retrofitted shuttles, use a laser device that measures the distance between the stationary laser and a single target located on the moving shuttle. In the newer type, you read a distance value displayed on the laser and enter this value for that stop position in the Drynet software. The procedure described in this document applies to both the older and the newer technologies.

1. Prepare the Laundering System

This procedure involves:

- the shuttle to be tested,
- any device(s) that load(s) the shuttle, such as a:
 - » press (cake shuttle)
 - » washer-extractor (loose goods shuttle)
 - » storage belt (cake or loose goods)
 - » tunnel (wet goods shuttle)
- any device that receives goods from the shuttle, such as a:
 - » dryer (cake or loose goods conveyor)
 - » no-dry station
 - » storage belt.

For safety and to maintain the necessary control of the devices involved in the test, set the devices per Table 1.

Table 1: Initial Device Settings

| Device | Initial Setting | | Comments |
|---|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | Symbol | Description | Comments |
| Shuttle to be tested | 1 | Start | Manual operation enabled |
| | 2 | Manual mode | |
| Any other shuttles that share this path | ⊗ | Master switch off. | Shut down. Ensure no movement. |
| Device(s) the shuttle receives goods from | ⊗ | | Shut down. Not needed except to test this stop position |
| Device(s) the shuttle discharges to | 1 | Start | Not allowed to receive goods from the shuttle. |
| | or or | Load Not Allowed or Manual mode | |

2. Test the Home Position and Aligned Stop Positions

Every shuttle installation has a home position. This is true regardless of how the shuttle is configured to act after it discharges goods (*Always return home, Homeless—return home when empty*, or *Homeless*). If there is only one position that loads the shuttle, this always coincides with the home position. The home position may also coincide with a position that receives from the shuttle. Whenever the machine (the shuttle) is stopped (①) in Automatic mode (□) and you start it (①), the shuttle returns home as part of the initialization procedure. To test the home position and any stop positions that coincide with it:

- 1. Move the shuttle manually () away from the home position, if it is at home.
- 2. Set the shuttle to the automatic mode (\Box) .
- 3. Stop, then start the machine (\bigcirc, \bigcirc) . The shuttle will seek the home position.
- 4. When the shuttle stops at the home position, set the shuttle to the manual mode (<
- 5. Check shuttle alignment and adjust as required.
- 6. Repeat these steps as necessary.

3. Test Stop Positions Where the Shuttle Discharges Goods

Choose a position (a device that receives goods from the shuttle) to test. The shuttle will go to this position if:

- this is the only available position to receive goods and
- the shuttle is encoded with batch codes that this position can accept.

With the shuttle at the home position, cause the shuttle to go to the test position as follows:

- 1. Set the device at the test position so it can receive a load (**) and :). All other devices that can receive from the shuttle must be set so they cannot receive a load (**) or :).
- 2. Set the shuttle to the automatic mode (\Box) , then stop the machine (\bigcirc) .
- 3. Place a rag or similar object large enough to block the photo eye in the center of the top bed of the shuttle.
- 4. Start the machine (①). The shuttle bed will run until the photo eye is blocked. The *Cake Data* prompt will appear on the Drynet display or the 2 x 20 display.

- 5. Enter cake data for a dry code that the device at the test position can receive. Typically, a dryer can receive all but the no-dry code and a no-dry station can only receive the no-dry code. The shuttle will move toward the test position.
- 6. As soon as the shuttle stops at the test position and before a transfer can occur, stop the machine (①).
- 7. Remove the object from the shuttle bed.
- 8. Set the shuttle to the manual mode (\nearrow) and start the machine (\bigcirc).
- 9. Check shuttle alignment and adjust as necessary.
- 10. Set the shuttle to automatic mode (\Box) . The shuttle will return to the home position.
- 11. Repeat as necessary.

4. Test a non-Home Position Where the Shuttle Receives Goods

If an installation has two loading positions for the shuttle, at least one of these will not coincide with the home position. In such a case, the shuttle will likely be loaded by a storage device such as an elevating shuttle. To cause the traversing shuttle to move to the non-home loading position:

- 1. Set the traversing shuttle to the automatic mode (\Box) .
- 2. Place a rag or similar object in the center of the top belt of the device at the test position (the non-home device that loads the traversing shuttle).
- 3. Energize and start this device (,). The storage device bed will run until the photo eye is blocked. The *Cake Data* prompt will appear on the display for this device.
- 4. Enter cake data. This will summon the traversing shuttle.
- 5. As soon as the traversing shuttle stops at the test position and before a transfer can occur, stop the loading device (①).
- 6. Remove the object from the loading device bed.
- 7. Set the traversing shuttle to the manual mode (\nearrow) and start the machine (\uparrow).
- 8. Check shuttle alignment and adjust as necessary.
- 9. Set both the loading device and the traversing shuttle to automatic mode (☐). The traversing shuttle will return to the home position.
- 10. De-energize the loading device (\nearrow) .
- 11. Repeat as necessary.

- End of BIVSRC01 -

MOUNTING SHUTTLE SWITCH ACTUATORS

Shuttle switch actuators are devices mounted on the support rail that actuate the various lever arm-type limit switches located at the top of the shuttle. Separate switches and switch actuators are used for the following basic functions:

| SWITCH NAME | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Stops the empty shuttle directly in front of the COINC/Press, where it will receive its next load. |
| Discharge | Stops the loaded shuttle directly in front of the dryer that is next to receive a load. |
| | Causes the shuttle to stop, then begin moving slowly in the reverse direction if an error allows it to travel beyond the last normal stop. |

The standard locations of the limit switches on the shuttle frame are shown in FIGURE 1. The Home and Discharge functions, which require precise positioning, each use two switches to compensate for over-travel, as the shuttle may be traveling left or right. In either case, only one switch need be actuated to stop the shuttle.

By virtue of its distance away from the support rail centerline, each switch (or pair of switches) travels along a separate path (track) (see FIGURE 1).

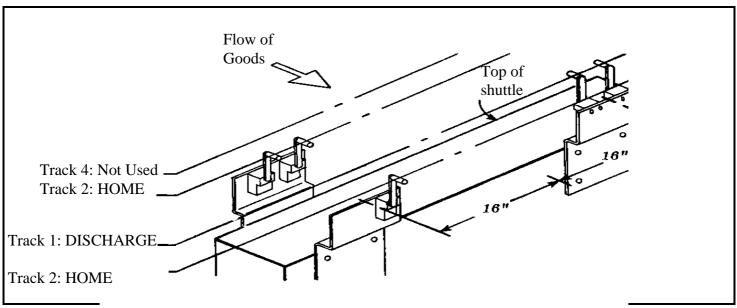


FIGURE 1 (MSIND416AE)
Tracks for Aligning Switches with Actuator

Switch actuators must be mounted in the position in the actuator bracket corresponding to the appropriate track. For example, Oops actuators must always be mounted in the position corresponding to Track 3 (see FIGURE 2). Where appropriate, more than one actuator may be mounted in the same bracket.

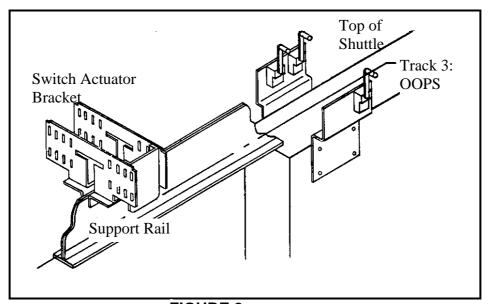


FIGURE 2 (MSIND416AE)
Example: Track 3 Used To Align Oops Switch

Actuator Types and the Crossover Option

Switch actuators are of three mechanical types: fixed, normally extended, and normally retracted (see FIGURE 3). The normally extended and normally retracted types are air-operated.

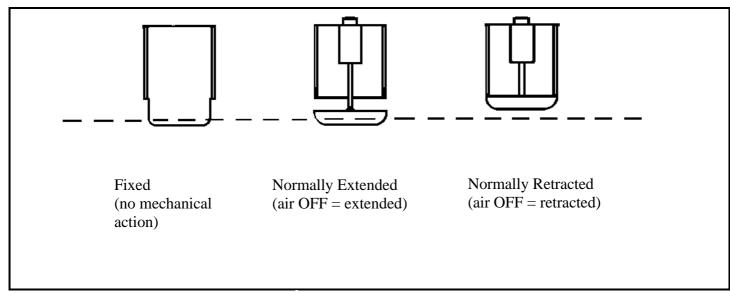


FIGURE 3 (MSIND416AE)
Switch Actuator Types

All Discharge actuators are of the normally retracted type. The type of actuator to be used for the Home and Oops functions depends on whether the crossover option is used. This option only applies to installations that use two or more CBW[®] systems, both feeding dryers along a common rail. Crossover circuitry allows the operator to select alternate modes of operation wherein the shuttle for one system enters the normal path of the other shuttle to feed the other system's dryers, if the other CBW[®] system is out of service. This option requires that Oops actuators are placed at various intermediate locations, depending on which dryers can be accessed by more than one shuttle. The types of actuators required for crossover and non-crossover conditions are as follows:

| ACTUATOR | ACTUATOR TYPE | | |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| FUNCTION | No Crossover | With Crossover | |
| Home | Fixed | See NOTE 1 | |
| Discharge | Normally Retracted | Normally Retracted | |

NOTE 1: A Home actuator must be of the normally extended type if in any Crossover mode, the shuttle not assigned to that Home position must travel across that position. If at a particular installation, this cannot happen in any crossover mode, the Home actuator may be fixed.

NOTE 2: The two Oops actuators at the normal boundary between the two shuttle paths must be of the normally extended type and the single Oops actuators at the ends of the overlapping paths must be of the normally retracted type. As with single shuttle installations, the Oops actuators at the rail ends are of the fixed type. See "Locating Oops Actuators" in this section.

The various switch actuators must be precisely located on the shuttle rail so that the shuttle will stop at the intended positions. Because the limit switches on the shuttle are not centered on the shuttle frame (when viewed from the front) but are offset by 16", the switch actuator bracket for each position (dryer, press, etc.) must be offset from the centerline of that position on the same side and by the same amount as the corresponding switches on the shuttle.

All actuators must have a minimum spacing of 7.5" between each other.

Locating Home and Discharge Actuators

A Home actuator is required for every shuttle. A Discharge actuator is required for every dryer and no-dry position with two exceptions:

- 1. Where a dryer or no-dry position is directly across from (on the same centerline as) another dryer or no-dry position, the two facing positions share the same Discharge actuator and bracket.
- **2.** Where a dryer or no-dry position is directly across from (on the same centerline as) a press/COINC, the dryer or no-dry position does not use a Discharge actuator.

Locating Oops Actuators

For installations with one or more shuttles, but no crossover capability, fixed Oops actuators are required at each end of travel of each shuttle. Where two shuttles operate on the same rail, the two adjoining Oops actuators at the common boundary must be spaced far enough apart to ensure that if both shuttles were stopped at these Oops positions, there would be at least 12" clearance between them.

For installations with crossover capability, Oops actuators are required at the normal limits of travel as well as the limits of travel of the overlapping paths, defined by each crossover mode. The types of Oops actuators used with crossover are identified in FIGURE 4.

Oops actuators must be placed such that the shuttle travels at least 7 1/2" beyond the last programmable stop which may be a dryer or no-dry (Discharge) position or a press/COINC (Home) position before actuating the Oops switch. If a service bay is provided beyond the last programmable shuttle stop, the Oops actuator must be located so that the shuttle travels at least 7 1/2" beyond this position before actuating the Oops switch. A service bay is a manual position and requires no actuator, itself.

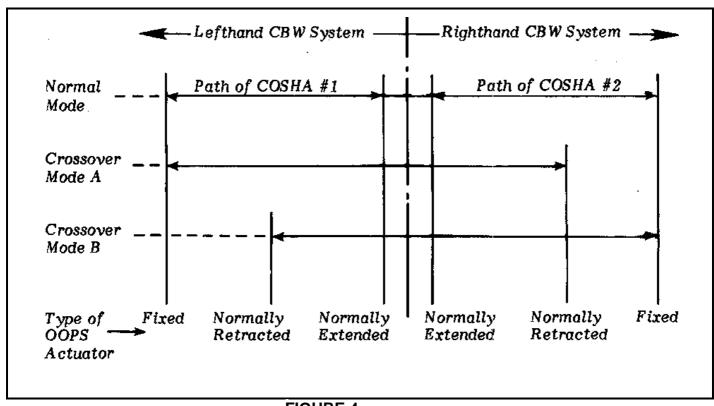


FIGURE 4 (MSIND416AE)

Types of OOPS Actuators Used With Crossover

Stopping Leftward Travel Beyond a Home Position—When the last programmable stop in leftward travel is a press/COINC (Home position), and it is desired that the shuttle travels an additional distance "L" past the Home position before reaching the Oops position (7 1/2" minimum).

- For L between 7 1/2" and 16", add an Oops actuator and mounting bracket at location 1. A=16-L
- For L greater than 16", add an Oops actuator and mounting bracket at location 2. B=L-16

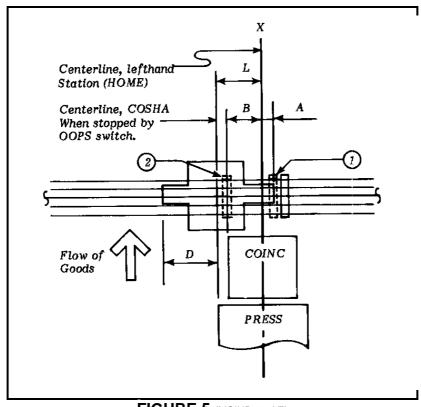
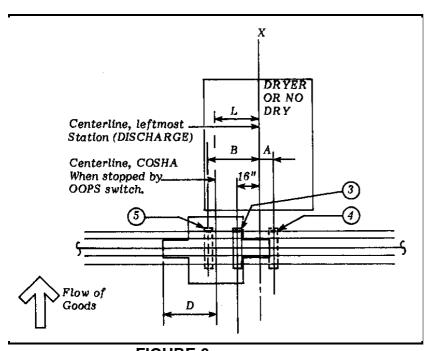


FIGURE 5 (MSIND416AE)
Placement of Left End Oops Switch
When Leftmost Position is Home position.

Stopping Leftward Travel Beyond a Discharge Position—When the last programmable stop in leftward travel is a dryer or no-dry (Discharge) position, and clearance at the left end of travel is not critical, it is convenient for the shuttle to travel 32" past the Discharge position before reaching the Oops position (L=32). This allows the Oops and Discharge actuators to share the same mounting bracket, as shown below. Otherwise, separate brackets must be used (see FIGURE 6).

- For L=32, mount the Oops actuator in the same bracket with the Discharge actuator (location 1).
- For L between 7 1/2" and 16", add an Oops actuator and a mounting bracket at location 2. A=16-L
- For L between 16" and 24 1/2" or larger than 39 1/2", add an Oops actuator and mounting bracket at location 3. B=L-16
- For L between 24 1/2" and 39 1/2" (but not 32"), consult the MILNOR® factory.

Stopping Rightward Travel—When it is desired that the shuttle travels an additional distance "R" past the last programmable stop (Home or Discharge position) in the rightward direction (7 1/2" minimum), add an Oops actuator and mounting bracket at location 1. C=R+16 (see FIGURE 7).





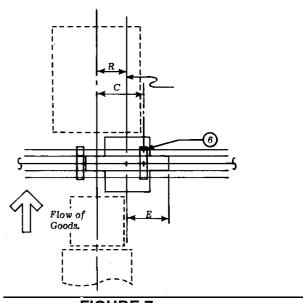


FIGURE 7 (MSIND416AE)
Placement of Right End Oops Switch

В

MAKING SERVICE CONNECTIONS AND ADJUSTMENTS

The service connections required for shuttles are as follows: 1) electric power, 2) control signals, and 3) serial link. The power, control signals, and serial link are routed to the shuttle via festoon cables supplied separately by the MILNOR[®] factory. The fixed end of the festoon cable terminates in a junction box supplied by the MILNOR[®] factory. This junction box may be mounted to the support rail. Power and control connections must be made at both festoon ends. See dimensional drawings for information on locating and hanging the festoon cable.

NOTE: Shuttles intended for manual operation do not have serial link connections.

Electric Power Connections

The customer must furnish a remotely mounted disconnect switch with lag-type fuses and wiring between this box and the motor contactor box on the machine (or in the belt box). The sizes of these fuses and wires, along with the motor fuses supplied with your machinery, depend on the machine voltage. For your machine specifications, see the following documents:

Electric Connections

| Specification | Document | Document Location | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Machine voltage; external fuse and wire sizes | Machine nameplate | Affixed to machine frame | | |
| | "FUSE AND WIRE SIZES" chart. | Shuttle schematics manual | | |
| Motor fuses | Motor fuse name plate | Affixed to door of motor contactor box. | | |
| | "ELECTRIC POWER CONNECTIONS" tag | Inside motor contactor box | | |

Precautions for Power Connections

- 1. Connections must be made by a competent electrician.
- **2.** Prior to making power connections, read the instructions on all related tags.
- 3. "Stinger leg," if any, must be connected to terminal L3, not L1 or L2.
- **4.** Only use Bussman Fusetron FRN (up to 250V), FRS (250V to 600V), or similar lag fuses. The nameplate fuse sizes must not be applied to standard fuses.
- 5. Verify all motor rotation (see programming, operating, and troubleshooting manual instructions to actuate outputs). Verify that the belts are running in the proper direction. If the belts run in the wrong direction, interchange the wires connected to L1 and L2. Never move L3 if L3 is the stinger leg.

Electric Control Connections

Unlike stand-alone machines, all CBW[®] system components require power and control cabling between the machine and their external, remotely located controllers. Three sources of information describe various aspects of these connections and must be consulted:

- **1.** CBW[®] SYSTEM INTERCONNECTIONS (MILTRAC schematic set)—This document is the primary source of information on required field connections. It describes each typical component-to-component interface and the field connections required.
 - 2. CABLING DIAGRAM—A unique cabling diagram is provided with each CBW[®] system and shows schematically the overall wiring scheme between the components of that installation.
 - 3. SCHEMATICS MANUALS—These manuals are the sets of electrical schematics for each system component and its associated controller (e.g., dryer, press, shuttle, CBW[®], etc.). The primary purpose of these schematics is to show circuit logic. Although these schematics are of limited value in making field connections, the Signal Routing Tables provided with each set of schematics can assist in tracing individual conductors through each connection point, including some of those between components.

SETTING LIMIT SWITCHES

Limit Switches—Including Microswitches—Will Be Damaged If Over-actuated!

Any limit switch will be damaged if it bottoms out forcefully. This can bend the rotary shaft or damage internal components and may cause the switch to stick in one position either permanently or intermittently. Be aware that an intermittently sticking switch can be mistaken for a malfunctioning microprocessor!

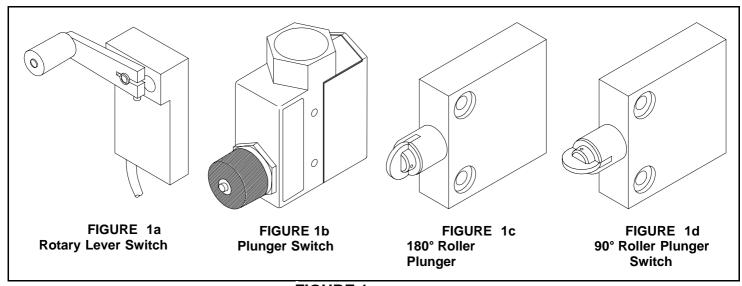


FIGURE 1 (MSSM0116AE) Limit Switch Types

AWARNING A

Limit switches must function properly to ensure the safe operation of the machine.

- Inspect switches regularly.
- Never operate a machine with a malfunctioning limit switch.

Setting Switches

Travel of Rotary Lever or Plunger—Set switch and target so that after the switch contacts close (as determined by an ohmmeter), the lever or plunger will then move approximately half of its additional available travel (see FIGURE 2).

NOTE: It is impossible to determine by feel, sound, or experience at what point the switch contacts make. The only reliable method is to use an ohmmeter. Switches may also be bench-tested, and the plunger or rotary shaft scribed to mark this point.

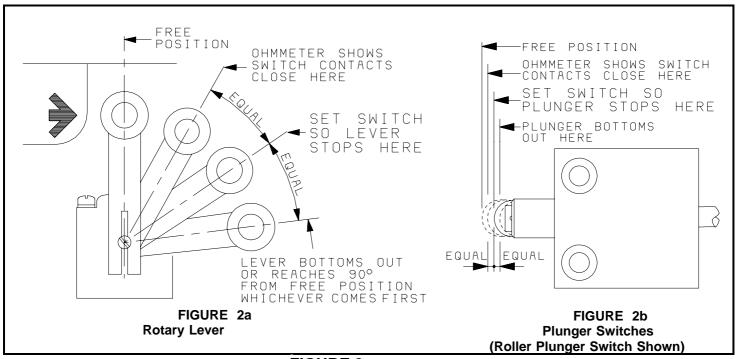


FIGURE 2 (MSSM0116AE)
Where Lever or Plunger Should Stop

Free Position of Rotary Lever—Attach the rotary lever to the shaft so that, in the free position, the lever is at a right angle to the direction of relative movement between the switch and target (see FIGURE 3).

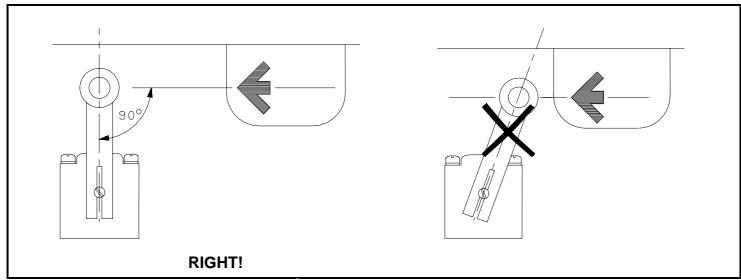


FIGURE 3 (MSSM0116AE)
Free Position of Rotary Lever

Angle of Switch—Set a plunger switch so that the target and plunger move parallel to each other. It will be approximately correct when properly installed on its mounting bracket, but may require fine adjustment.

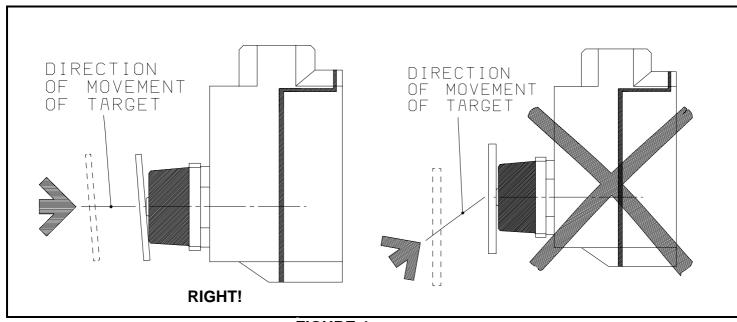


FIGURE 4 (MSSM0116AE)
Plunger Switch Angle

With a roller plunger switch, make sure that the roller rotates in the direction that will accommodate the movement of the target (not at a right angle to the target movement). Also, be sure that a replacement switch has the roller oriented the same way as the switch it replaces (see FIGURE 5).

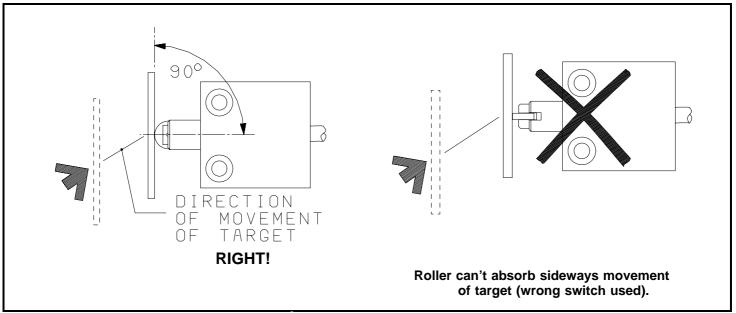
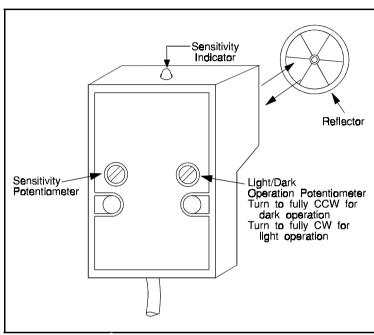


FIGURE 5 (MSSM0116AE)
Roller Plunger Switch Angle

SETTING PHOTOSENSORS

A CAUTION A

Excessive torque when turning potentiometers to their limits will damage them.



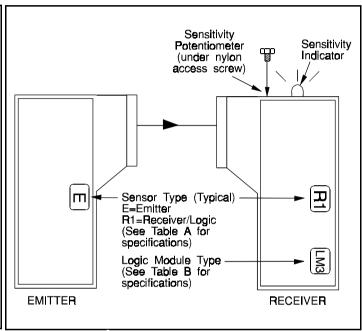


FIGURE 1 (MSSM0122AE)
Retroflective Photosensor (rear)

FIGURE 2 (MSSM0122AE)
Opposed-mode Photosensors

As of this writing, Milnor[®] uses two types of photosensors: the Banner VALU-BEAM SM-800 Retroflective and the Banner LM3 Opposed-mode models (see FIGURES 1 and 2). Both types must be properly adjusted for light or dark operation and for sensitivity. In addition, for some functions, opposed-mode photosensors have adjust-able time delays. While these devices are set at the Milnor[®] factory, photosensors supplied as original equipment may require adjustment to suit local conditions, and replacement units must be set initially.

NOTE: When set for dark operation, the photosensor provides an input to the Milnor[®] microprocessor when the beam is blocked by an object. When set for light operation, the photosensor provides an input to the microprocessor when the object normally blocking the beam is removed.

Setting Retroflective Photosensors

Retroflective photosensors use a combined receiver/emitter and separate reflector to sense when an object blocks the focused light beam. These sensors have a top-mounted sensitivity indicator that flashes faster as sensitivity is increased. Sensitivity and light/dark operation settings are made via potentiometers (see FIGURE 1). **Most Milnor** applications require dark operation.

1. Light/Dark Operation Potentiometer—Adjust this single-turn potentiometer fully counterclockwise if the application calls for dark operation, or fully clockwise if it calls for light operation. When turning the potentiometer, avoid excessive torque to prevent damage.

2. Sensitivity Potentiometer—If this potentio-meter is turned clockwise, sensitivity increases and the sensitivity indicator flashes more rapidly. When the potentiometer is fully clockwise, the sensor is most sensitive. Adjust the sensitivity by turning the potentiometer clockwise until the indicator flashes very rapidly.

Setting Opposed-mode Photosensors

A DANGER A



SHOCK HAZARD—Electrical power can cause death or severe injury. Lock OFF and tag out power to the machine

main bus before opening photosensor.

Opposed-mode sensors use two units: an emitter to produce an infrared beam and a receiver/logic module to sense when objects block the beam (see

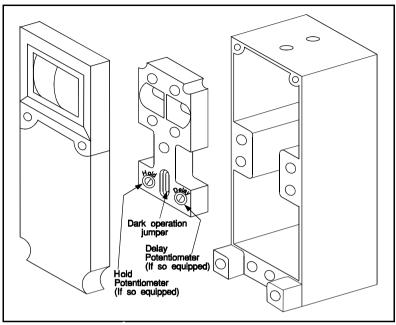


FIGURE 3 (MSSM0122AE)
Exploded View of Opposed-mode Receiver/Logic Module

FIGURE 2). The emitter-type determines the beam type and range (see Table A). The receiver/logic type determines whether the receiver reads light or dark and when it provides an input to the MILNOR microprocessor (see Table B). Receiver/logic modules are equipped with a dark operation jumper for dark operation (FIGURE 3). Removing this jumper changes the sensor to light operation. Depending on the function, the receiver/logic module may also have potentiometers for **On/Off-delay** and **Hold.** An **On-delay** potentiometer sets the amount of time the light (or dark) beam must be seen by the receiver/logic module before the input (to the MILNOR microprocessor) makes. An **Off-delay** potentiometer sets how long the input lasts even if the beam has ceased. A **Hold** potentiometer sets the time the input will last.

Receiver/logic modules are provided with a sensitivity potentiometer (see FIGURE 2). If the potentiometer is turned fully counter-clockwise, the sensor is least sensitive, and the sensitivity indicator is extinguished. As the potentiometer is turned clockwise, sensitivity increases, and the indicator flashes more rapidly. When the potentiometer is fully clockwise, the sensor is most sensitive, and the indicator flashes so rapidly it appears steadily **ON**. Adjust the sensitivity by turning the potentiometer clockwise until the indicator begins flashing very rapidly.

Table A: Opposed-mode Sensor Types and Characteristics

| Emitter/Logic Module Types | Beam | Range |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| E/R1 | Infrared beam | 150 feet (45 meters) |
| ED/RD1 | Infrared beam | 10 feet (3 meters) |
| EXD/RXD1 | Infrared beam | 30 feet (9 meters) |
| EV/RX1 | Visible red beam | 100 feet (30 meters) |
| EX/RX1 | Infrared beam | 700 feet (200 meters) |

Table B: Opposed-mode Receiver/Logic Module Types and Characteristics

NOTE1: On-delay is the time delay before an input (to the MILNOR[®] microprocessor) is made. **NOTE 2:** Hold is the length of time the input (to the MILNOR[®] microprocessor) is made.

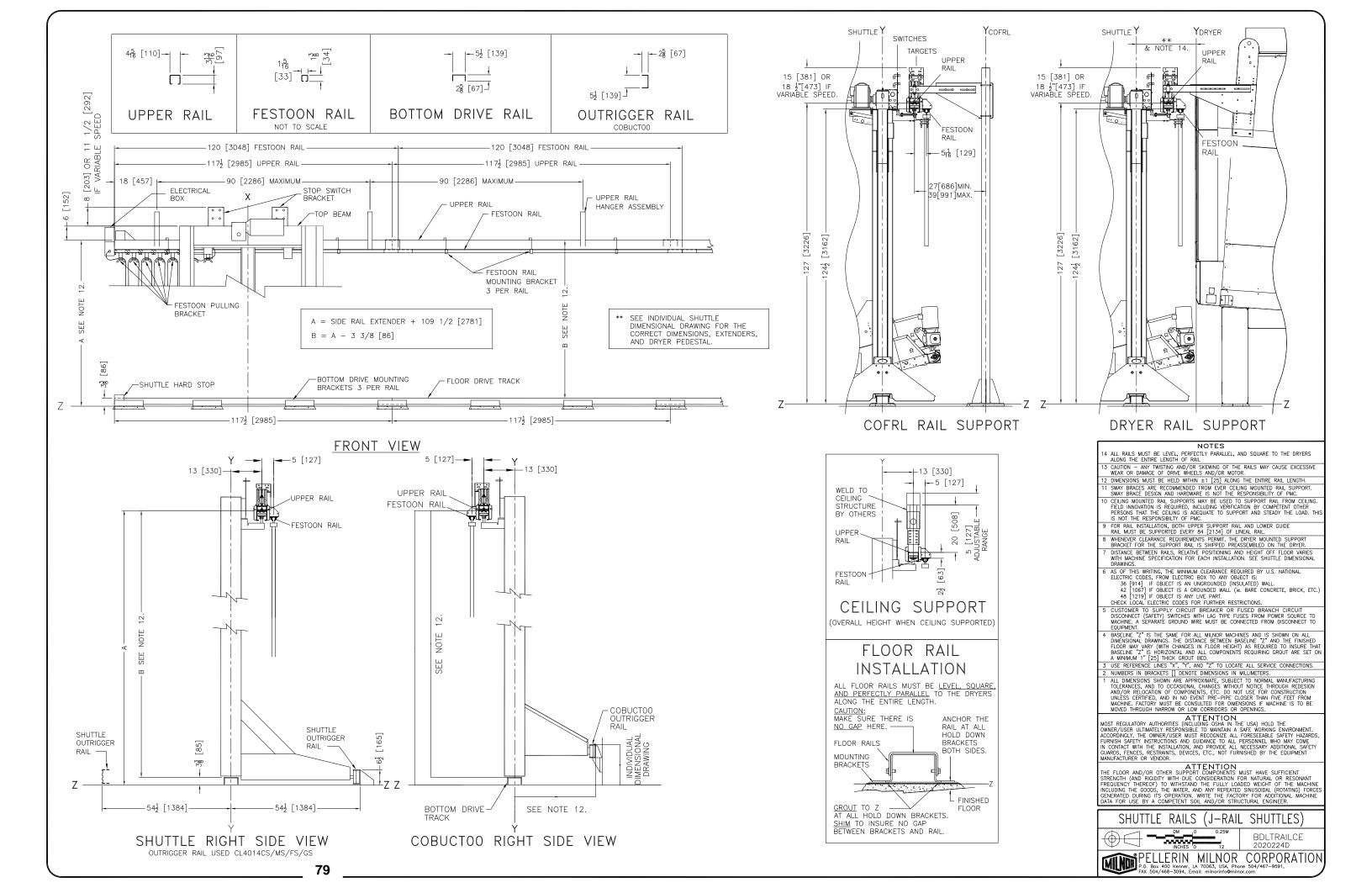
| | The logic module provides an input to the MILNOR $^{\circledR}$ microprocessor when it sees any of the following: |
|---------|---|
| LM1 | a light. |
| LM2 | a change from light to dark. The input continues until the next light-to-dark change. |
| LM3 | dark (if dark operation jumper installed) or light (if dark operation jumper removed). |
| LM4-2 | a change from light to dark (if dark operation jumper installed) or a change from dark to light (if dark operation jumper removed). |
| LM4-2NR | same as LM4-2 above, but the input (to the Milnor [®] microprocessor) will hold (continue) for an adjustable time before the logic module will see the next change. |
| LM5 | a steady light (or dark) for an adjustable on-delay time. |
| LM5R | the same as LM5 above, but the input (to the Milnor [®] microprocessor) will hold for an adjustable time. |
| LM5-14 | a light (or dark) that lasts more than the adjustable on-delay time. The input (to the Milnor [®] microprocessor) will also hold for an adjustable time even if the light (or dark) ceases. |
| LM5T | a light (or dark). The input (to the Milnor [®] microprocessor) will hold for an adjustable time then end, even if the light (or dark) continues. |
| LM6-1 | a light (or dark). The interval between lights (or darks) is calculated and compared to an adjustable reference time. The input (to the Milnor [®] microprocessor) ends if the reference time is exceeded. Alternately, the module can be adjusted so that the input ends if the interval between light (or dark) drops below the reference time. |
| LM8 | a light (or dark) past an adjustable on-delay time. If the light (or dark) continues past the on-delay time, the input (to the Milnor microprocessor) makes for an adjustable hold time. If the light (or dark) still remains at the end of the hold time, the input (to the Milnor microprocessor) ends, and the on-delay time starts over. |
| LM8-1 | light (or dark) past an adjustable on-delay time. The input to the Milnor [®] microprocessor makes for an adjustable hold time then ends. |
| LM8A | light (or dark) past an adjustable on-delay time. |
| LM10 | five dark to light transitions. The input (to the Milnor [®] microprocessor) remains made for five additional light to dark transitions, then ends. |

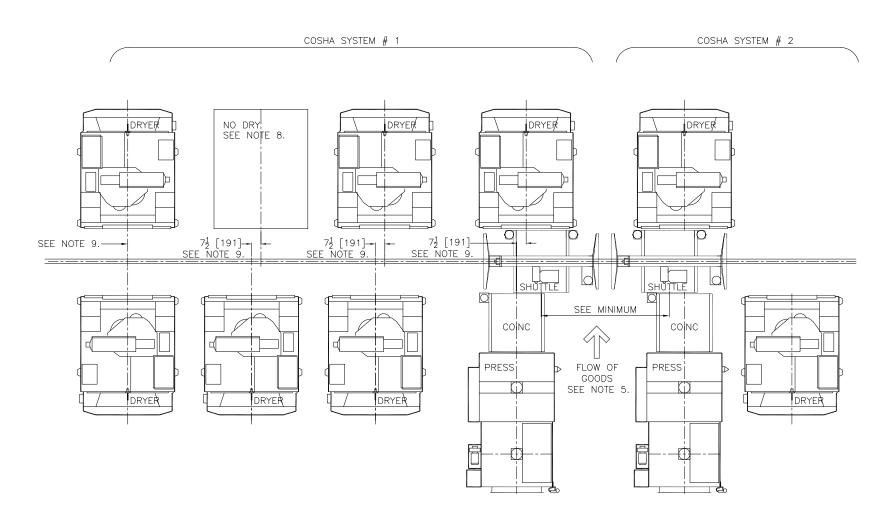
Dimensional Drawings

3

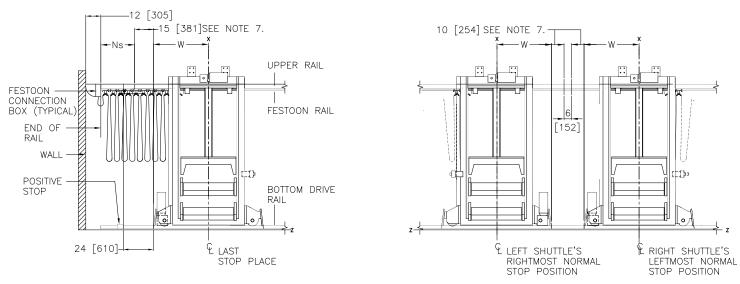
C-Rail Shuttles

3.1





PLAN VIEW - MINIMUM COMPONENT SPACING



MINIMUM DIMENSIONS FESTOON END TO END OF RAIL & WALL

MINIMUM DIMENSIONS BETWEEN TWO SHUTTLES WHEN FESTOONING FROM OPPOSITE ENDS.

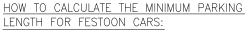
STOP PLACE MINIMUM DIMENSIONS NON-FESTOON END TO END OF RAIL & WALL

LAST

15"[381]

SEE NOTE 7.

W = WIDTH DIMENSION FROM "X" TO OUTERMOST PART OF SHUTTLE. (SEE DRAWING OF YOUR SPECIFIC SHUTTLE FOR THIS DIMENSION)



Ns = FESTOON CAR PARKING SPACE FOR SYSTEMS WITH STRAIGHT RAILS ONLY.

$$= \left[\frac{\text{(TOTAL RAIL LENGTH - 117.5")}}{117 1/2"} + 3 \right] \times 6"$$

NOTES

- COSHA RECEIVE AND/OR DISCHARGE POSITIONS ON OPPOSITE SIDES OF THE RAIL MAY BE EITHER EXACTLY ALIGNED OR OFFSET BY AT LEAST 7 1/2" [191]. WHENEVER POSSIBLE, NO-DRY POSITIONS SHOULD BE ALLOCATED THE SAME SPACE AND CLEARANCE AS A DRYER TO ACCOMMODATE THE FUTURE ADDITION OF A DRYEI
- AND CLEAKANCE AS A DRYER TO ACCOMMODATE HE FUTURE ADDITION OF A DRYEF SHUTTLE: TO ACCOMMODATE THE SHUTTLE "OOPS SWITCH" AND THE MECHANICAL END SAFETY STOP, THE TOTAL RAIL LENGTH AT EACH END MUST PERMIT THE SHUTTLE TO TRAVEL AT LEAST 15" [381] BEYOND ITS LAST NORMAL STOP PLACE MOREOVER, IF THE CABLE SUPPORT CARS ARE CARRIED BY THE SHUTTLE SUPPORT RAIL, THERE MUST BE SUFFICIENT ADDITIONAL RAIL LENGTH TO PARK ALL THE RECOMMENDED FESTOON CABLE SUPPORT CARS AS WELL. FESTOON CARS REQUIRE 6"[152] EACH.
- ALL MINIMUM DIMENSIONS ARE ABSOLUTE MINIMUMS AND DO NOT NECESSARILY ALLOW FOR EASE OF MAINTENANCE. GREATER CLEARANCE SHOULD BE ALLOWED WHERE DESIRED.

- ALLOW FOR EASE OF MAINTENANCE. GREATER CLEARANCE SHOULD BE ALLOWED WHERE DESIRED.

 5 ALL REFERENCES TO LEFT AND RIGHT ARE, WHEN VIEWED, IN THE DIRECTION OF THE FLOW OF GOODS FROM THE PRESS ONTO THE SHUTTLE.

 4 AS OF THIS WRITING, THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE REQUIRED BY U.S. NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODES, FROM ELECTRIC BOX TO ANY OBJECT IS.

 36 [914] IF OBJECT IS AN UNDEROUNDED (INSULATED) WALL.

 42 [1067] FOBJECT IS AND SHOUNDED WALL (IC. BARE CONCRETE, BRICK, ETC.)

 48 [1209] IF OBJECT IS ANY LIVE PART.
 CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

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 ATTENTION

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MOVED INFROGEN INTROLOGY OF LOW CORRIDORS OR OPENINGS.

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OST REGULATORY AUTHORITIES (INCLUDING OSHA IN THE USA) HOLD THE

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CCORDINGLY, THE OWNER/USER MUST RECOGNIZE ALL FORESEEABLE SAFETY HAZARDS,

URNISH SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND GUIDANCE TO ALL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME

N CONTACT WITH THE INSTALLATION, AND PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SAFETY

UARDS, FENCES, RESTRAINTS, DEVICES, ETC., NOT FURNISHED BY THE EQUIPMENT

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MINIMUM CLEARANCE ALONG SHUTTLE RAIL

NOT TO SCALE

BDSHTCLRCE 2020205D



12"[305] MINIMUM

END OF RAIL

WALL

- POSITIVE

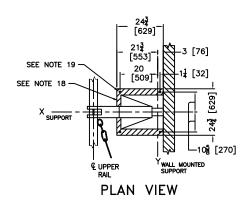
STOP

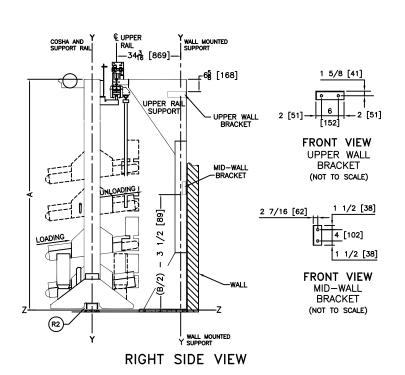
[⊥]24 [610]

| | WHEN THIS | | WHEN THIS | | CUUTT. | | HEIGI | HT DII | MENSION | IS | |
|-----|------------|--------|----------------------------|------|------------------|------|----------|--------|----------|-------|--|
| | PEDESTAL E | | PEDESTAL EX IS USED WIT | | SHUTTI SIDE F | | COFRE SU | | C-RAIL | | |
| | 6450, 6458 | , 6464 | 5804, 5040, | 5050 | EXTEN | DER | DIMENSIO | N "A" | DIMENSIO | N "B" | |
| | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | |
| | -10 1/2 * | -267 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 178 | 123 | 3124 | 116 1/2 | 2959 | |
| | -7 * | -178 | 3 1/2 | 89 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 126 1/2 | 3213 | 120 | 3048 | |
| | -3 1/2 * | -89 | 7 | 178 | 14 | 356 | 130 | 3302 | 123 1/2 | 3137 | |
| | 0 | 0 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 17 1/2 | 356 | 133 1/2 | 3391 | 127 | 3226 | |
| | 3 1/2 | 89 | 14 | 356 | 21 | 533 | 137 | 3480 | 130 1/2 | 3314 | |
| | 7 | 178 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 140 1/2 | 3569 | 134 | 3404 | |
| | 10 1/2 | 267 | 21 | 533 | 28 | 711 | 144 | 3658 | 137 1/2 | 3492 | |
| | 14 | 356 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 147 1/2 | 3746 | 141 | 3581 | |
| | 21 | 533 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 154 1/2 | 3924 | 148 | 3759 | |
| - 1 | 28 | 711 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 161 1/2 | 4102 | 155 | 3937 | |
| ١ | 31 1/2 | 800 | 42 | 1067 | 49 | 1245 | 165 | 4191 | 158 1/2 | 3962 | |
| ١ | 35 | 889 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 168 1/2 | 4280 | 162 | 4115 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

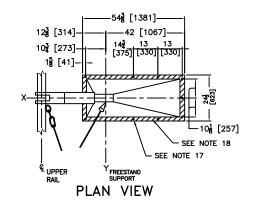
| OUTRIGGER RAIL HEIGHT | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | MMT/MXT4232 FOOT HEIGHT SPECIFIED | DIMENSIO INCHES | N "C" | | | | | |
| TUNNEL 60"C/L | +0" FOOT | 14 3/8 | 365 | | | | | |
| TUNNEL 67"C/L | +7" FOOT | 21 3/8 | 543 | | | | | |

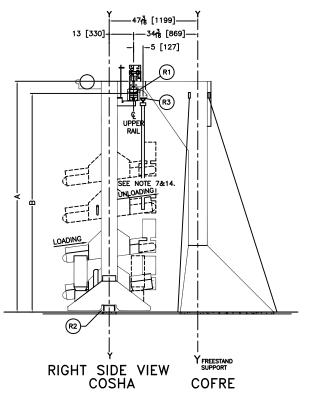
WALL MOUNTED **SUPPORTS**

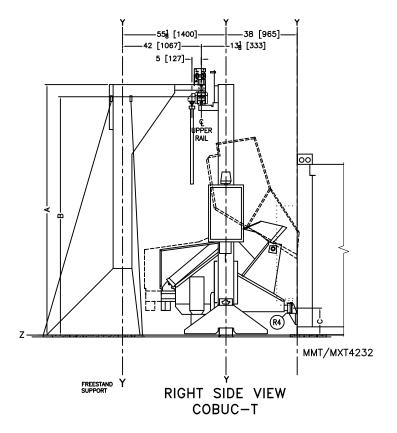




COFRE FREESTAND **SUPPORTS**







23 MID-OUTRIGGER RAIL IS SAME AS COSHA SUPPORT RAIL.

22 FOR MID-OUTRIGGER RAIL USE FREESTAND SUPPORTS. IF DRYER SUPPORTS ARE USED CONSULT FACTORY.

21 MID-OUTRIGGER RAIL MUST BE PARALLEL WITH GUIDE RAIL OR FLOOR DRIVE RAIL AND MUST BE SUPPORTED EVERY 84" OF LINEAL RAIL.

20 REQUIRED, ONE 13/16 [21] DIAMETER HOLE FOR 3/4 [19] ANCHOR BOLTS PER LOWER RAIL FLOOR MOUNT SUPPORT.

19 7/8 [221] DIAMETER HOLES FOR 3/4 [181] DIAMETER ANCHOR BOLTS (FOUR PLACES).

18 SHADED AREA INDICATES AREA THAT MUST BE CONTINUOUSLY SUPPORTED

18 SHADED AREA INDICATES AREA THAT MUST BE CONTINUOUSLY SUPPORTED.

17 7/8 [221] DIAMETER HOLES FOR 3/4 [191] DIAMETER ANCHOR BOLTS (NINE PLACES). REQUIRE THE TWO FRONT ANCHOR BOLTS AND THE THREE REAR ANCHOR BOLTS (FIVE PLACES).

16 THREADED ROD MAY BE CUT TO APPROXIMATELY 1 1/2 [38] MINIMUM. ALLOW THREE EXPOSED COMPLETE THREADS.

15 CAUTION – ANY TWISTING AND/OR SKEWING OF THE RAILS MAY CAUSE EXCESSIVE WEAR OR DAMAGE OF DRIVE WHEELS AND/OR MOTOR.

14 OPTIONAL LOCATION FOR SWAY BRACING RECOMMENDED FOR 30" EXTENDED FREESTAND SUPPORT NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC (2 PLACE).

13 LOCATION OF SWAY BRACE SUPPLIED FOR 30" EXTENDED FREESTAND SUPPORT (1 PLACE).

13 LOCATION OF SWAY BRACE SUPPLIED FOR 30" EXTENDED FREESTAND SUPPORT
(1 PLACE).

12 SWAY BRACES ARE RECOMMENDED FROM EVER CEILING MOUNTED RAIL SUPPORT AND
FROM BOTH ENDS OF UPPER CURVED RAIL. SWAY BRACE DESIGN AND HARDWARE
IS NOT THE RESPONSIBILITY OF PMC.

11 CEILING MOUNTED RAIL SUPPORTS MAY BE USED TO SUPPORT RAIL FROM CEILING,
FIELD INNOVATION IS REQUIRED, INCLUDING VERIFICATION BY COMPETENT OTHER
PERSONS THAT THE CEILING IS ADEQUATE TO SUPPORT AND STEADY THE LOAD. THIS
IS NOT THE RESPONSIBILTY OF PMC.

10 UPPER SUPPORT RAIL AND LOWER GUIDE RAIL MUST BE SUPPORTED EVERY
84 [21:34] OF LINEAL RAIL
9 WHENEVER CLEARANCE REQUIREMENTS PERMIT, THE DRYGR MOUNTED SUPPORT
BRACKET FOR THE SUPPORT RAIL IS SHIPPED PREASSEMBLED ON THE DRYGR.

8 THE HEIGHT EXTENDERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ARE STANDARD EXTENSIONS AND
THOSE THAT SATISTY MOST FACILITY REQUIREMENTS. HOWEVER, THE SHUTTLE MAY BE
SPECIAL ORDERED IN OTHER HEIGHTS. IF REQUIRED CONSULT THE SHUTTLE MAY BE
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SITH MACHINE SPECIFICATION FOR EACH INSTALLATION. SEE INTERFACING
DIMENSIONAL DRAWING.

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6 AS OF THIS WRITING, THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE REQUIRED BY U.S. NATIONAL ELECTRIC COOES, FROM ELECTRIC BOX TO ANY OBJECT IS:
36 [914] IF OBJECT IS AN UNGROUNDED (INSULATED) WALL.
42 [1067] IF OBJECT IS AN UNGROUNDED (INSULATED) WALL.
48 [129] IF OBJECT IS ANY LIVE PART.
CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

5 CUSTOMER TO SUPPLY CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSED BRANCH CIRCUIT DISCONNECT (GAPETY) SWITCHES WITH LAG TYPE FUSES FROM POWER SOURCE TO MACHINE. A SEPARATE GROUND WIRE MUST BE CONNECTED FROM DISCONNECT TO EQUIPMENT "2" IS THE SAME FOR ALL MILLION MACHINES AND IS SHOWN ON ALL DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN BASELINE "2" AND THE FINISHED FLOR MAY VARY (WITH CHANGES IN FLOOR HEIGHT) AS REQUIRED TO INSURE THAT BASELURE "2" IS HORIZONTAL AND ALL COMPONENTS REQUIRING GROUT ARE SET ON A MINIMUM 1"[25] THICK GROUT BED.

2 NUMBERS IN BRACKETS DENOTE DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

1 ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE, SUBJECT TO NORMAL MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES, AND TO OCCASIONAL CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE THROUGH REDESIGN AND/OR RELOCATION OF COMPONENTS, ETC. DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS CERTIFIED, AND IN NO EVENT PRE—PIRE CLOSER THAN PIVE FEET FROM MACHINE, FACTORY MUST BE CONSULTED FOR DIMENSIONS IF MACHINE IS TO BE MOVED THROUGH NARROW OR LOW CORRIDONS OR OPENINGS.

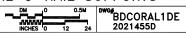
MOST REGULATORY AUTHORITIES (INCLUDING OSHA IN THE USA) HOLD THE OWNER/USER ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN A SAFE WORKING ENVIRONMENT. ACCORDINGLY, THE OWNER/USER MUST REGOGNIZE ALL FORESEEABLE SAFETY HAZARDS, FURNISH SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND GUIDANCE TO ALL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH THE INSTRUCTION, AND PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SAFETY GUARDS, FENCES, RESTRAINTS, DEVICES, ETC., NOT FURNISHED BY THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

ATTENTION
THE FLOOR AND/OR OTHER SUPPORT COMPONENTS MUST HAVE SUFFICIENT STRENGTH (AND RIGIDITY WITH DUE CONSIDERATION FOR NATURAL OR RESONANT FREQUENCY THEREOF) TO WITHISTAND THE FULLY LOADED WEIGHT OF THE MACHINE INCLUDING THE GOODS, THE WATER, AND ANY REPEATED SINUSOIDAL (ROTATING) FORCE GENERATED DURING ITS OPERATION. WRITE THE FACTORY FOR ADDITIONAL MACHINE DATA FOR USE BY A COMPETENT SOIL AND/OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER.

COFRE C-RAIL SUPPORTS

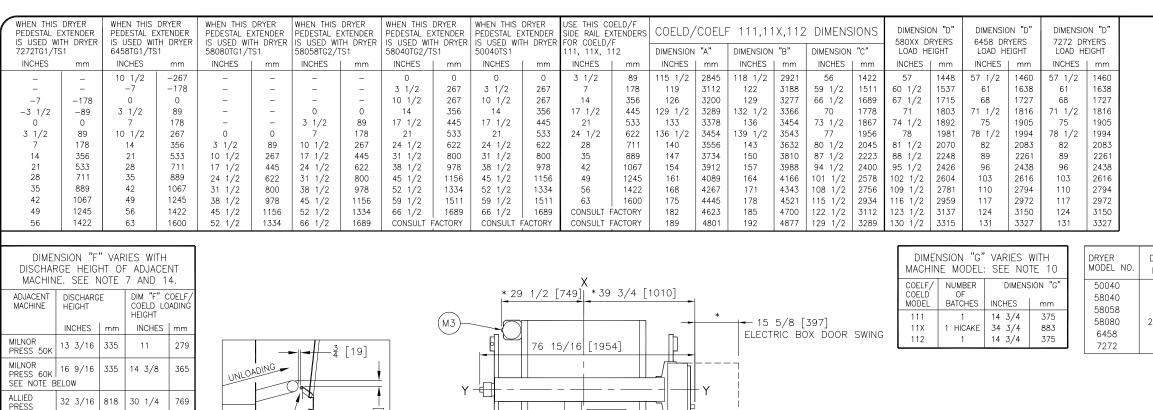




| * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| i | | | | |

3.2

Elevators



ALLIED

PRESS

NOTE:

6 5/8

TO THE COELD/COELF 11X

168

THE MILNOR 60K PRESS CAN ONLY

6 1/2

25 [635]

1537

FINISHED

SEE NOTE 3.

CENTERLINE "Y" (REFERENCE -

FOR FRONT/REAR DIMENSIONS).

UNLOADING

Φ

50 [1270]

LEFT SIDE VIEW

25 [635]

SHELF

DETAIL: 6458 & 7272

SHELF LOADING ONLY

SEE NOTE 14.

[229] NIMUM

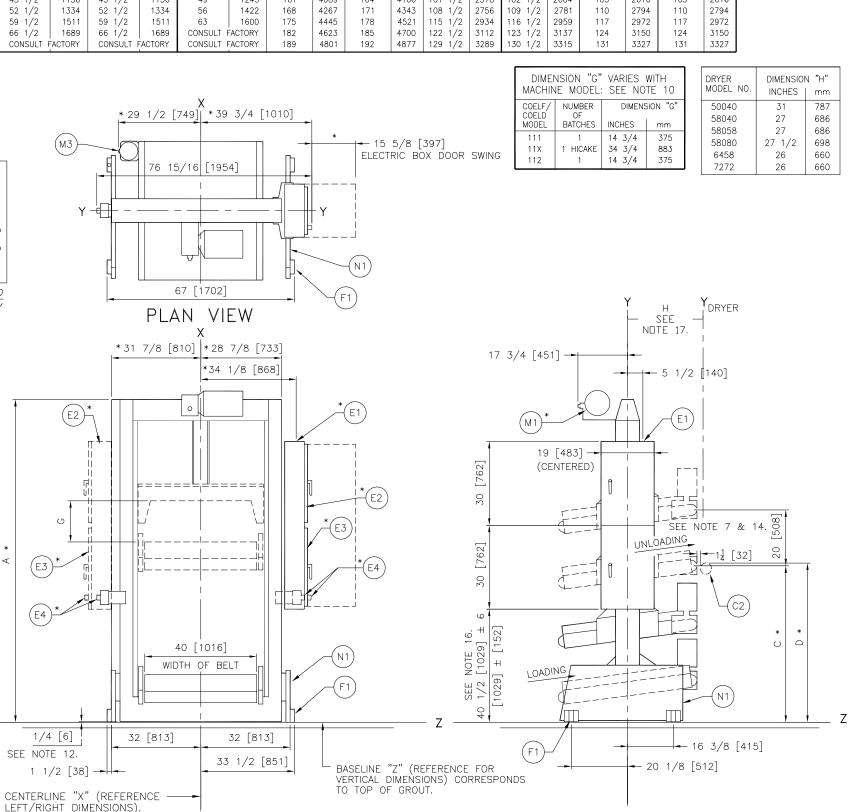
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24 13/16 [630]

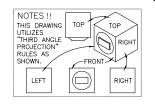
SEE NOTE 3.

FRONT (LOAD END) VIEW

− 24 13/16 [630]



RIGHT SIDE VIEW



| N1 | STANDARD SIDE BASE. NOT SHOWN IN LEFT VIEW FOR |
|------|---|
| | CLARITY. |
| МЗ | BELT MOTOR. ALTERNATES LEFT/RIGHT PER LEVEL. |
| *M2 | HOIST MOTOR IN ALTERNATE "AWAY FROM PRESS" LOCATION. |
| *M1 | HOIST MOTOR IN "FACING PRESS" LOCATION. |
| F1 | FOUR, ANCHOR BRACKETS. USE 1 [25] DIAMETER ANCHOR |
| | BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC). BOLTS MUST PROTRUDE |
| | 6 [152] MINIMUM ABOVE BASELINE Z. |
| E4 | EMERGENCY STOP BUTTONS. SEE NOTE 15. |
| *E3 | LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL BOX IN RIGHT HAND POSITION. (LEFT |
| | HAND POSITION "DASHED"). |
| *E2 | HIGH VOLTAGE CONTROL BOX IN RIGHT HAND POSITION. |
| | (LEFT HAND POSITION "DASHED"). |
| *E1 | ELECTRICAL CONNECTION |
| C2 | POSITION OF MILNOR DRYER ROLLER TO SHOW PROPER |
| | INTERFACE. SEE NOTE 7. |
| C1 | OPTIONAL, HORIZONTAL BED, MINIMUM LOAD HEIGHT "F" |
| | IS 12 [305] |
| ITEM | LEGEND |

NOTES

- ' DIMENSION "H" IS FROM "Y" OF THE SHUTTLE TO"Y" OF THE DRYER. SEE DRYER DIMENSIONAL DRAWING
- DIMENSION VARIES WITH HEIGHT OF EXTENDERS WHEN ADDED
- 5 DIMENSION VARIES WITH HEIGHT OF EXTENDER'S WHEN AUGUST 5

 5 DIMENGENCY STOPS ARE REQUIRED ON BOTH LETF AND RIGHT SIDES OF THE CONVEYOR. ONE OF THE TWO EMERCENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOP IS MOUNTED TO THE SIDE RAIL MEMBER OPPOSITE THE CONTROL BOX.

 4 WHEN COELF/COELD IS LOADED DIRECTLY FROM PRESS, THE EDGE OF THE CONVEYOR MUST BE 2 1/4 [57] MINIMUM FROM PREAR FACE OF PRESS. THIS ALLOWS FOR CLEARANCE OF WATER CATCHER AND PRESS SLED WHEN EXTENDED, SEED BROATMAND.
- SEE BUDO31MPAE.

 3 CAUTION BELT END ROLLER MUST BE 1 [25] ABOVE DRYER ROLLER AS SHOWN WHEN CAKE IS DISCHARGED INTO THE DRYER, IF BELT IS SET TOO LOW, THE DRYER ROLLER MILL LIFT THE CAKE, CAUSING IT TO BREAK UP AND SOME PIECES MAY DROP ON FLOOR.
- ORDIF ON FLOOR.

 2. A MINIMUM 1/4 [6] AIRSPACE MUST BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE CROSSMEMBER OF COELF/COELD AND TOP OF GROUT OR OTHER FLOOR MATERIAL OR OBSTRUCTIC THE HEIGHT EXTENDERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ARE STANDARD EXTENTIONS AND THOSE THAT SATISFY MOST FACILITY REQUIREMENTS. HOWEVER, THE COELF/COELD
- MAY BE SPECIAL ORDERED IN OTHER HEIGHTS IF REQUIRED. CONSULT THE MILNOR FACTORY. FACTORY.

 O COELF/COELD MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATE NUMBER AND CONFIGURATIONS OF BATCHES STORED ON CONVEYOR. IE: COELF-112/COELD112 ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR INDITE, ONE BATCHES ON THE CONVEYOR INDITE. ONE DATCHES ON THE CONVEYOR COELF-(COELDS, MODEL NUMBERS ENDING IN AN "X" DENOTE COELF-(COELDS, MODEL NUMBERS ENDING IN AN "X" DENOTE COELF-(COELDS WITH EXTRA "HICAKE" (LEARANCE, DIMENSION "G". IE: COELF11X, COELD11X ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR WIDTH, ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR WIDTH. ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR LENGTH AND ONE LEVEL EXTRA "HICAKE" CONVEYOR COELF111, COELD111 IS SHOWN IN THE LEFT VIEW AND FRONT VIEW. COELF112/COELD112 IS SHOWN IN THE LEFT VIEW.
- IS SHOWN IN THE LEFT VIEW.

 9 THE COELF/COPEL IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR SIZES AND COMPONENT PLACEMENT CONFIGURATIONS AS SHOWN IN THE TABLES HEREIN. COMPONENT LOCATIONS AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN WITH AN ASTERISK ARE THOSE FFFECTED BY MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS. IT IS NECESSARY TO REFER TO THE
- PECIFICATIONS FOR YOUR MACHINE AS WELL AS THIS DRAWING FOR COMPLETE DIMENSIONAL INFORMATION.

 CONVEYOR LENGTH DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR NEW MACHINES. AFTER MACHINE
 HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SLIGHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT (
 BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONVEYOR. DIMENSIONAL INFORMATION.

- BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONVEYOR.

 7 SEE INTERFACING DIMENSIONAL DRAWING FOR RELATIVE POSITIONING OF MACHINES AND HEIGHT OFF FLOOR.

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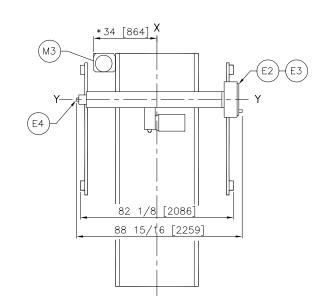
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| ĺ | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL EX IS USED WIT | XTENDER 'H DRYER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL EI IS USED WIT | XTENDER H DRYER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WIT | XTENDER TH DRYER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WI | XTENDER TH DRYER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WIT | XTENDER TH DRYER | | XTENDER | | (TENDERS F | | | OELF 12 | | MENSIONS | | DIMENSIO 580XX D ROLLE LOAD H | RYERS ER | DIMENSIO | YERS | DIMENSIO 7272 DR LOAD HI | RYERS |
|---|---|---------------------|---|--------------------|--|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|-----------|---------|-------------|---------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--|-------------|----------|------|--------------------------------|-------|
| | 7272TG1/TS | | 6458TG1/TS | | 58080TG1/T | | 58058TG2/T | | 58040TG2/T | | 50040TS1 | | 111, 11X, 1 | | DIMENSION | | DIMENSION | | DIMENSION | | | | LOAD HE | | | |
| | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm |
| | - | - | -10 1/2 | -267 | - | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 1/2 | 89 | 115 1/2 | 2845 | 118 1/2 | 2921 | 56 | 1422 | 57 | 1448 | 57 1/2 | 1460 | 57 1/2 | 1460 |
| | - | - | -7 | -178 | _ | - | - | - | 3 1/2 | 267 | 3 1/2 | 267 | 7 | 178 | 119 | 3112 | 122 | 3188 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | 60 1/2 | 1537 | 61 | 1549 | 61 | 1549 |
| | -7 | -178 | 0 | 0 | _ | - | _ | - | 10 1/2 | 267 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 14 | 356 | 126 | 3200 | 129 | 3277 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | 67 1/2 | 1715 | 68 | 1727 | 68 | 1727 |
| | -3 1/2 | -89 | 3 1/2 | 89 | - | _ | 0 | 0 | 14 | 356 | 14 | 356 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 129 1/2 | 3289 | 132 1/2 | 3366 | 70 | 1778 | 71 | 1803 | 71 1/2 | 1816 | 71 1/2 | 1816 |
| | 0 | 0 | 7 | 178 | - | - | 3 1/2 | 89 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 21 | 533 | 133 | 3378 | 136 | 3454 | 73 1/2 | 1867 | 74 1/2 | 1892 | 75 | 1905 | 75 | 1905 |
| | 3 1/2 | 89 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 178 | 21 | 533 | 21 | 533 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 136 1/2 | 3454 | 139 1/2 | 3543 | 77 | 1956 | 78 | 1981 | 78 1/2 | 1994 | 78 1/2 | 1994 |
| | 7 | 178 | 14 | 356 | 3 1/2 | 89 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 28 | 711 | 140 | 3556 | 143 | 3632 | 80 1/2 | 2045 | 81 1/2 | 2070 | 82 | 2083 | 82 | 2083 |
| | 14 | 356 | 21 | 533 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 35 | 889 | 147 | 3734 | 150 | 3810 | 87 1/2 | 2223 | 88 1/2 | 2248 | 89 | 2261 | 89 | 2261 |
| | 21 | 533 | 28 | 711 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 42 | 1067 | 154 | 3912 | 157 | 3988 | 94 1/2 | 2400 | 95 1/2 | 2426 | 96 | 2438 | 96 | 2438 |
| | 28 | 711 | 35 | 889 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 49 | 1245 | 161 | 4089 | 164 | 4166 | 101 1/2 | 2578 | 102 1/2 | 2604 | 103 | 2616 | 103 | 2616 |
| | 35 | 889 | 42 | 1067 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 56 | 1422 | 168 | 4267 | 171 | 4343 | 108 1/2 | 2756 | 109 1/2 | 2781 | 110 | 2794 | 110 | 2794 |
| | 42 | 1067 | 49 | 1245 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | 63 | 1600 | 175 | 4445 | 178 | 4521 | 115 1/2 | 2934 | 116 1/2 | 2959 | 117 | 2972 | 117 | 2972 |
| | 49 | 1245 | 56 | 1422 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | CONSULT F | ACTORY | 182 | 4623 | 185 | 4700 | 122 1/2 | 3112 | 123 1/2 | 3137 | 124 | 3150 | 124 | 3150 |
| | 56 | 1422 | 63 | 1600 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | CONSULT | FACTORY | CONSULT F | ACTORY | CONSULT F | ACTORY | 189 | 4801 | 192 | 4877 | 129 1/2 | 3289 | 130 1/2 | 3315 | 131 | 3327 | 131 | 3327 |



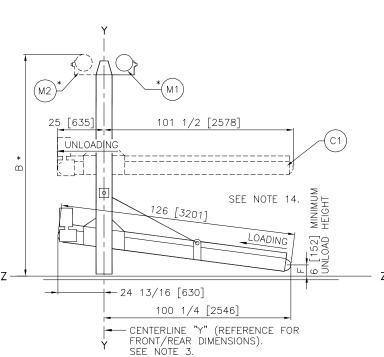
PLAN VIEW

| DRYER MODEL NO. | DIMENSION INCHES | D | |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----|----|
| 50040 | 31 | 787 | |
| 58040 | 27 | 686 | ΑI |
| 58058 | 27 | 686 | М |
| 58080 | 27 1/2 | 698 | |
| 6458 | 26 | 660 | |
| 7272 | 26 | 660 | MI |
| | | | |

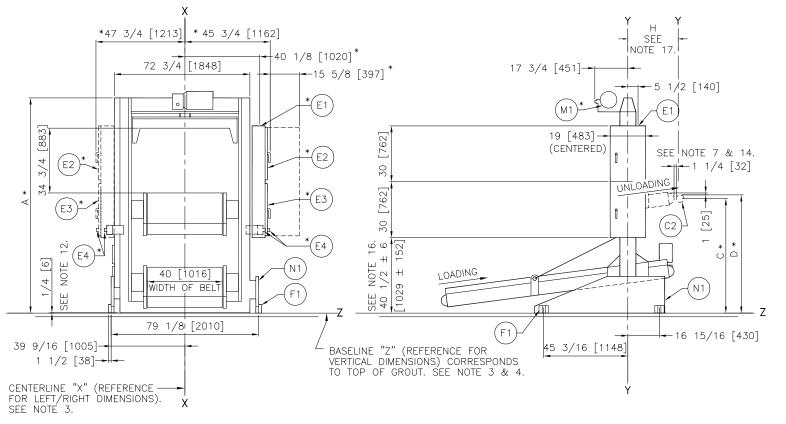
| DIMENSION | ۷ "F" | VARIES | WITH | DISCHA | RGE | HEIGHT |
|-----------|--------|--------|-------|---------|-------------|---------|
| OF L | _OAD E | END OF | ADJA | CENT M | ACHI | NE |
| | S | EE NOT | E 7 8 | ½ 14. | | |
| ADJACENT | DISCHA | RGE | | DIM "F" | COEL | D/COELF |

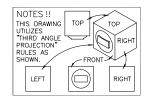
| ADJACENT MACHINE | DISCHARGE HEIGHT | | DIM "F" COEL LOADING HEIG © ROLLER T | HT FROM |
|---------------------|---------------------|-----|--|---------|
| | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm |
| MILNOR PRESS 50K | 13 3/16 | 335 | 10 | 254 |
| MILNOR PRESS 60K | 16 9/16 | 421 | 13 3/8 | 340 |
| ALLIED PRESS | 32 3/16 | 818 | 29 1/4 | 743 |
| MILNOR COINC | 31 | 787 | 29 | 737 |





LEFT SIDE VIEW





| N1 | STANDARD SIDE BASE. NOT SHOWN IN LEFT VIEW FOR |
|-----|---|
| | CLARITY. |
| М3 | BELT MOTOR. |
| *M2 | HOIST MOTOR IN ALTERNATE "AWAY FROM PRESS" LOCATION. |
| *M1 | HOIST MOTOR IN "FACING PRESS" LOCATION. |
| F1 | FOUR, ANCHOR BRACKETS. USE 1 [25] DIAMETER ANCHOR |
| | BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC). BOLTS MUST PROTRUDE |
| | 6 [152] MINIMUM ABOVE BASELINE Z. |
| E4 | EMERGENCY STOP BUTTONS. SEE NOTE 15. |
| *E3 | LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL BOX IN RIGHT HAND POSITION. (LEFT |
| | HAND POSITION "DASHED"). |
| *E2 | HIGH VOLTAGE CONTROL BOX IN RIGHT HAND POSITION. |
| | (LEFT HAND POSITION "DASHED"). |
| *E1 | ELECTRICAL CONNECTION |
| C2 | POSITION OF MILNOR DRYER ROLLER TO SHOW PROPER |
| | INTERFACE. SEE NOTE 7. |
| C1 | OPTIONAL, HORIZONTAL BED, MINIMUM LOAD HEIGHT "F" |
| | IS 14 [356] |
| TEM | LEGEND |
| | · - |

' DIMENSION "H" IS FROM "Y" OF THE SHUTTLE TO"Y" OF THE DRYER. SEE DRYER DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

DIMENSION VARIES WITH HEIGHT OF EXTENDERS WHEN ADDED.

16 DIMENSION VARIES WITH HEIGHT OF EXTENDERS WHEN ADDED.

15 EMERGENCY STOPS ARE REQUIRED ON BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT SIDES OF THE
CONVEYOR, ONE OF THE TWO EMERGENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF
THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOP IS MOUNTED TO THE SIDE RAIL
MEMBER OPPOSITE THE CONTROL BOX.

14 WHEN COELF/COELD IS LOADED DIRECTLY FROM PRESS, THE EDGE OF THE
CONVEYOR MUST BE 2 1/4 [57] MINIMUM FROM REAR FACE OF PRESS. THIS
ALLOWS FOR CLEARANCE OF WATER CATCHER AND PRESS SLED WHEN EXTENDED,
SEE BD5031MPACE.

13 CAUTION — BELT END ROLLER MUST BE 1 [25] ABOVE DRYER ROLLER AS SHOWN
WHEN CAKE IS DISCHARGED INTO THE DRYER, IF BELT IS SET TOO LOW, THE DRYER
ROLLER WILL LIFT THE CAKE, CAUSING IT TO BREAK UP AND SOME PIECES MAY
DROP ON FLOOR.

UNITY ON FLOOR.

12 A MINIMUM 1/4 [6] AIRSPACE MUST BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE CROSSMEMBER OF COELF/COELD AND TOP OF GROUT OR OTHER FLOOR MATERIAL OR OBSTRUCTIO.

1 THE HEIGHT EXTENDERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ARE STANDARD EXTENTIONS AND THOSE THAT SATISFY MOST FACILITY REQUIREMENTS. HOWEVER, THE COELF/COELD MAY BE SPECIAL ORDERED IN OTHER HEIGHTS IF REQUIRED. CONSULT THE MILNOR FACTORY.

FACTORY.

10 COELF/COELD MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATE NUMBER AND CONFIGURATIONS OF BATCHES STORED ON CONVEYOR. IE: COELF121/COELD121 ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR WIDTH, TWO BATCHES ON THE CONVEYOR LENGTH AND ONE LEVEL OF CONVEYOR FOR A TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES. IN SINGLE CONVEYOR COELF/COELDS, MODEL NUMBERS ENDING IN AN "X" DENOTE COELF/COELDS WITH EXTRA "HICAKE" CLERANACE, DIMENSION "G". IE: COELF12X COELD12X ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR WIDTH, TWO BATCHES ON THE CONVEYOR LOTTEN HAND ONE LEVEL EXTRA "HICAKE" CONVEYOR COELF12X COELD121 IS SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.

CULLUIZI IS SHOWN UN THIS DRAWING.

9 THE COELF/COELD IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR SIZES AND COMPONENT PLACEMENT CONFIGURATIONS AS SHOWN IN THE TABLES HEREIN. COMPONENT LOCATIONS AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN WITH AN ASTERISK ARE THOSE EFFECTED BY MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS. IT IS NECESSARY TO REFER TO THE SPECIFICATIONS FOR YOUR MACHINE AS WELL AS THIS DRAWING FOR COMPLETE DIMENSIONAL INFORMATION.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR YOUR MACHINE AS WELL AS THIS DRAWING FOR COMPLETE DIMENSIONAL INFORMATION.

8. CONVEYOR LENGTH DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR NEW MACHINES. AFTER MACHINE HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SLIGHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT OF BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONVEYOR.

7. SEE INTERFACING DIMENSIONAL DRAWING FOR RELATIVE POSITIONING OF MACHINES AND HEIGHT OFF FLOOR.

6. AS OF THIS WRITING, THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE REQUIRED BY U.S. NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODES, FROM ELECTRIC BOX TO ANY OBJECT IS:

36 [914] IF OBJECT IS AN UNGROUNDED (INSULATED) WALL.

42 [1067] IF OBJECT IS A GROUNDED WALL (IE. BARE CONCRETE, BRICK, ETC.)

48 [1219] IF OBJECT IS ANY LIVE PART.

CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

5. CUSTOMER TO SUPPLY CIRCUIT BREAKER OR, FUSED BRANCH CIRCUIT DISCONNECT (SAFETY) SWITCHES WITH LAG TYPE FUSES FROM POWER SOURCE TO MACHINE. A SEPARATE GROUND WIRE MUST BE CONNECTED FROM DISCONNECT TO EQUIPMENT.

MACHINE. A SEPARATE GROUND WIRE MUST BE CONNECTED FROM DISCONNECT TO EQUIPMENT.

BASELINE "Z" IS THE SAME FOR ALL MILNOR MACHINES AND IS SHOWN ON ALL DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN BASELINE "Z" AND THE FINISHED FLOOR MAY VARY (WITH CHANGES IN FLOOR HEIGHT) AS REQUIRED TO INSURE THAT BASELINE "Z" IS HORIZONTAL AND ALL COMPONENTS REQUIRING GROUT ARE SET ON A MINIMUM 1" [25] THICK GROUT BED.

2 NUMBERS IN BRACKETS [] DENOTE DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

1 ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE, SUBJECT TO NORMAL MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES, AND TO OCCASIONAL CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE THROUGH REDESIGN AND/OR RELOCATION OF COMPONENTS, ETC. DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS CERTIFIED, AND IN NO EVENT PRE-PIPE CLOSET THAN FIVE FEET FROM MACHINE, FACTORY MUST BE CONSULTED FOR DIMENSIONS IF MACHINE IS TO BE MOVED THROUGH NARROW OR LOW CORRIDORS OR OPENINGS.

MOVED THROUGH NURROW OF LOW CONTROLS ON OPENINGS.

ATTENTION

MOST REGULATORY AUTHORITIES (INCLUDING OSHA IN THE USA) HOLD THE

OWNER/USER ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN A SAFE WORKING ENVIRONMENT.

ACCORDINGLY, THE OWNER/USER MUST RECOGNIZE ALL FORESEEABLE SAFETY HAZARDS

FURNISH SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND GUIDANCE TO ALL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME

FURNISH SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND GUIDANCE TO ALL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME

TO CONTACT WITH THE INSTALLATION, AND PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SAFETY

IN CONTACT WITH THE INSTALLATION, AND PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SAFETY GUARDS, FENCES, RESTRAINTS, DEVICES, ETC., NOT FURNISHED BY THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

ATTENTION

THE FLOOR AND/OR OTHER SUPPORT COMPONENTS MUST HAVE SUFFICIENT STRENGTH (AND RIGIDITY WITH DUE CONSIDERATION FOR NATURAL OR RESONANT FREQUENCY THEREOF) TO WITHSTAND THE FULLY LOADED WEIGHT OF THE MACHINE INCLUDING THE GOODS, THE WATER, AND ANY REPEATED SINUSOIDAL (ROTATING) FORCE GENERATED DURING ITS OPERATION. WRITE THE FACTORY FOR ADDITIONAL MACHINE DATA FOR USE BY A COMPETENT SOIL AND/OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER.

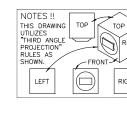


FRONT (LOAD END) VIEW

RIGHT SIDE VIEW

| WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WI | EXTENDER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WI | XTENDER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WIT | XTENDER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WI | XTENDER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL EX IS USED WIT | KTENDER | WHEN THIS PEDESTAL E IS USED WI | XTENDER | USE THIS RAIL EXTE | | RESULTI | ING C | OLFB111 | /112 | DIMENS | SIONS | DIMENSIO 580XX DI ROLLE | RYERS | DIMENSIO 6458 DF | | DIMENSIO | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|---------|--|---------|---------------------------------------|---------|---|---------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------|-----------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|-------|-------------------------------|-------|---------------------|------|----------|------|
| 7272TG1/T | | 6458TG1/TS | | 58080TG1/T | | 58058TG2/T | | 58040TG2/T | | 50040TS1 | III DIVIEN | | | DIMENSION | "A" | DIMENSION | "B" | DIMENSION | "C" | LOAD HE | | LOAD H | | LOAD H | |
| INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm |
| | | -10 1/2 | 267 | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 133 | 3378 | 136 | 3454 | 56 | 1422 | 57 | 1448 | 57 1/2 | 1460 | 57 1/2 | 1460 |
| _ | - | -7 | -178 | - | - | _ | - | 3 1/2 | 89 | 3 1/2 | 89 | 28 | 711 | 136 1/2 | 3467 | 139 1/2 | 3543 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | 60 1/2 | 1537 | 61 | 1549 | 61 | 1549 |
| -7 | -178 | 0 | 0 | - | _ | - | _ | 10 1/2 | 267 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 35 | 889 | 143 1/2 | 3645 | 146 1/2 | | 66 1/2 | 1689 | 67 1/2 | 1715 | 68 | 1727 | 68 | 1727 |
| -3 1/2 | -89 | 3 1/2 | 89 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 14 | 356 | 14 | 356 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 147 | 3734 | 150 | 3810 | 70 | 1778 | 71 | 1803 | 71 1/2 | 1816 | 71 1/2 | 1816 |
| 0 | 0 | 7 | 178 | - | _ | 3 1/2 | 89 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 42 | 1067 | 150 1/2 | 3823 | 153 1/2 | 3899 | 73 1/2 | 1867 | 74 1/2 | 1892 | 75 | 1905 | 75 | 1905 |
| 3 1/2 | 89 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 178 | 21 | 533 | 21 | 533 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 154 | 3912 | 157 | 3988 | 77 | 1956 | 78 | 1981 | 78 1/2 | 1994 | 78 1/2 | 1994 |
| 7 | 178 | 14 | 356 | 3 1/2 | 89 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 49 | 1245 | 157 1/2 | 4000 | 160 1/2 | 4077 | 80 1/2 | 2045 | 81 1/2 | 2070 | 82 | 2083 | 82 | 2083 |
| 14 | 356 | 21 | 533 | 10 1/2 | 267 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 56 | 1422 | 164 1/2 | 4178 | 167 1/2 | 4255 | 87 1/2 | 2222 | 88 1/2 | 2248 | 89 | 2261 | 89 | 2261 |
| 21 | 533 | 28 | 711 | 17 1/2 | 445 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 63 | 1600 | 171 1/2 | 4356 | 174 1/2 | | 94 1/2 | 2400 | 95 1/2 | 2426 | 96 | 2438 | 96 | 2438 |
| 28 | 711 | 35 | 889 | 24 1/2 | 622 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 70 | 1778 | 178 1/2 | 4534 | 181 1/2 | | 101 1/2 | 2578 | 102 1/2 | 2604 | 103 | 2616 | 103 | 2616 |
| 35 | 889 | 42 | 1067 | 31 1/2 | 800 | 38 1/2 | 978 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 77 | 1956 | 185 1/2 | 1 | 188 1/2 | 4788 | 108 1/2 | 2756 | 109 1/2 | 2781 | 110 | 2794 | 110 | 2794 |
| 42 | 1067 | 49 | 1245 | 38 1/2 | 1156 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | 84 | 2134 | 192 1/2 | 1 | 195 1/2 | | 115 1/2 | 2934 | 116 1/2 | 2959 | 117 | 2972 | 117 | 2972 |
| 49 | 1245 | 56 | 1422 | 45 1/2 | 1156 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | 91 | 2311 | 199 1/2 | 5067 | 202 1/2 | | 122 1/2 | 3112 | 123 1/2 | 3137 | 124 | 3150 | 124 | 3150 |
| 56 | 1422 | 63 | 1600 | 52 1/2 | 1334 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | CONSULT F | | CONSULT | | 98 | 2489 | 206 1/2 | 1 | 209 1/2 | | 129 1/2 | 3289 | 130 1/2 | 3315 | 131 | 3327 | 131 | 3327 |
| 63 | 1600 | 70 | 1778 | 59 1/2 | 1511 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | CONSULT F | | CONSULT | | 105 | 2667 | 213 1/2 | 1 | 216 1/2 | | 136 1/2 | 3467 | 137 1/2 | 3493 | 138 | 3505 | 138 | 3505 |
| 70 | 1778 | 77 | 1956 | 66 1/2 | 1689 | CONSULT F | ACTORY | CONSULT F | ACTORY | CONSULT | FACTORY | 112 | 2845 | 220 1/2 | 5601 | 223 1/2 | 5677 | 143 1/2 | 3645 | 144 1/2 | 3670 | 145 | 3683 | 145 | 3683 |

| DIMENSIO | √ "H" |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| INCHES | mm |
| 31 | 787 |
| 27 | 686 |
| 27 | 686 |
| 27 1/2 | 698 |
| 26 | 660 |
| 26 | 660 |
| | 31 27 27 27 27 1/2 26 |



RIGHT

| DETAIL: 6458 & 7272 SHELF LOADING ONLY | $\begin{array}{c} X \\ -72\frac{1}{16} & [1830] \\ -*34\frac{3}{16} & [868] \\ -*31\frac{7}{8} & [810] \\ -*28\frac{7}{8} & [733] \end{array}$ | Y Y DRYER H SEE - NOTE 17. |
|--|---|--|
| Z CENTERLINE "Y" (REFERENCE FOR FRONT/REAR DIMENSIONS). Y MI SEE NOTE 14. 14. 14. 15. 16. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10 | #E1 #E2 #E2 #E3 #U1/4 [6] SEE NOTE 12. 1 1/2 [38] CENTERLINE "X" (REFERENCE LEFT/RIGHT DIMENSIONS). SEE NOTE 3 *E3 *E4 *E5 *E2 *E2 *E3 *E3 *E3 *E3 *E4 *E1 *E1 *E1 *E1 *E1 *E1 *E1 | E1 E1 E1 E1 E2 INNLOADING SEE NOTE 7. 82 I |

FRONT (LOAD END) VIEW

| ITEM | LEGEND |
|------|--|
| | INTERFACE. SEE NOTE 7. |
| | POSITION OF MILNOR DRYER ROLLER TO SHOW PROPER |
| | ELECTRICAL CONNECTION |
| | POSITION (LEFT HAND POSITION OPPOSITE). |
| *E2 | HIGH & LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL BOXES IN RIGHT HAND |
| E3 | EMERGENCY STOP BUTTONS. SEE NOTE 15. |
| | 6 [152] MINIMUM ABOVE BASELINE Z. |
| | BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC). BOLTS MUST PROTRUDE |
| F1 | FOUR, ANCHOR BRACKETS. USE 1 [25] DIAMETER ANCHOR |
| *M1 | HOIST MOTOR IN "FACING PRESS" LOCATION. |
| *M2 | HOIST MOTOR IN ALTERNATE "AWAY FROM PRESS" LOCATION. |
| *M3 | BELT MOTOR. ALTERNATES LEFT/RIGHT PER LEVEL. |
| | CLARITY. |
| N1 | STANDARD SIDE BASE. NOT SHOWN IN LEFT VIEW FOR |

17 DIMENSION "H" IS FROM "Y" OF THE SHUTTLE TO "Y" OF THE DRYER. SEE DRYER DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

17 DIMENSION "H" IS FROM "Y" OF THE SHUTTLE TO "Y" OF THE DRYER. SEE DRYER DIMENSIONAL DRAWING
16 DIMENSION VARIES WITH HEIGHT OF EXTENDERS WHEN ADDED.
15 EMERGENCY STOPS ARE REQUIRED ON BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT SIDES OF THE CONCYOR. ONE OF THE YMO EMERGENCY STOPS IS MISTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOPS IS MOUNTED TO THE SIDE RAIL MEMBER OPPOSITE THE CONTROL BOX.
14 THE COLEPBIT2 CAN BE LOADED DIRECTLY FROM A COINC CONVEYOR BY FIRST LOADING THE COLLAPSIBLE TOP BED. THE MINIMUM LOAD HEIGHT ON THE TOP BED WHEN COLLAPSIBLE TOP BED. THE MINIMUM LOAD HEIGHT ON THE TOP BED WHEN COLLAPSED IS 29 [737]. SEE LEFT SIDE VIEW.
13 CAUTION — BELT END ROLLER MUST BE 1 [25] ABOVE DRYER ROLLER AS SHOWN WHEN CAKE IS DISCHARGED INTO THE DRYER FOR SHOWN THE DRYER ROLLER WILL LIFT THE CAKE, CAUSING IT TO BREAK UP AND SOME PIECES MAY DRYEN CAKE IS DISCHARGED INTO THE DRYER FOR SHOWN THE DRYER OF COLFB112 AND TOP OF GROUT OR OTHER FLOOR MATERIAL OR OBSTRUCTION.
11 THE HEIGHT EXTENDERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ARE STANDARD EXTENTIONS AND THOSE THAT SATISFY MOST FACILITY REQUIREMENTS. HOWEVER, THE COLFB112 MAY BE SPECIAL ORDERED IN OTHER HEIGHTS IF REQUIRED. CONSULT THE MILNOR FACTORY.
10 COLEPSIT2 MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATE NUMBER AND CONFIGURATIONS OF BATCHES STORED ON CONVEYOR IE: COLFB112 ACCOMMODATES ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE OWNEYOR FOR A TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.
19 THE COLFB IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR FOR A TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.
19 THE COLFB IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR FOR TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.
19 THE COLFB IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR FOR TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.
19 THE COLFB IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR FOR TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.
19 THE COLFB IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR FOR A TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.
19 THE COLFB IS AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS HEIGHTS, CONVEYOR FOR A TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.
20 THE SECURICATIONS AT SHOWN IN THE TABLES HEREIN. COMPONENT LOCATIONS AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR NEW MACHINES. AFTER MACHINE HAS BEEN COMMISSIONE

7 SEE INTERFACING DIMENSIONAL DRAWING FOR RELATIVE POSITIONING OF MACHINES AND HEIGHT OFF FLOOR.

6 AS OF THIS WRITING, THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE REQUIRED BY U.S. NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODES, FROM LECCTRIC BOX TO ANY OBJECT IS:

36 [914] IF OBJECT IS AN UNGROUNDED (INSULATED) WALL.

42 [1067] IF OBJECT IS AN UNGROUNDED (INSULATED) WALL.

48 [1219] IF OBJECT IS ANY UNE PART.

CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

5 CUSTOMER TO SUPPLY CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSED BRANCH CIRCUIT DISCONNECT (SAFETY) SWITCHES WITH LAC TYPE FUSES FROM POWER SOURCE TO MACHINE. A SEPARATE GROUND WIRE MUST BE CONNECTED FROM DISCONNECT TO EQUIPMENT.

4 BASELINE "2" IS THE SAME FOR ALL MILNOR MACHINES AND IS SHOWN ON ALL DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN BASELINE "2" AND THE FINISHED FLOOR MAY VARY (WITH CHANGES IN FLOOR HEIGHT) AS REQUIRED TO INSURE THAT BASELINE "2" IS HORZONTAL AND ALL COMPONENTS REQUIRING GROUT ARE SET ON A MINIMUM "1" [25] THICK GROUT BED.

3 USE REFERENCE LINES "X", "X", AND "2" TO LOCATE ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS.

2 NUMBERS IN BRACKETS [] DENOTE DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

1 ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE, SUBJECT TO NORMAL MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES, AND TO OCCASIONAL CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE THROUGH REDESION AND/OR RELOCATION OF COMPONENTS REC, URING THE TONORMAL MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES, AND TO OCCASIONAL CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE THROUGH REDESION AND/OR RELOCATION OF COMPONENTS, ETC. DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS CRIFIED, AND IN NO EVENT PRE-PIPE CLOSER THAN FUF FEET FROM MACHINE, FACTORY MUST BE CONSULTED FOR DIMENSIONS IF MACHINE IS TO BE MOVED THROUGH NARROW OR LOW CORRIDORS OR OPENNICS.

MOVED THROUGH NARROW OR LOW CORRIDORS OR OPENINGS.

ATTENTION

MOST REGULATORY AUTHORITIES (INCLUDING OSHA IN THE USA) HOLD THE OWNER/USER ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN A SAFE WORKING ENVIRONMENT. ACCORDINGLY, THE OWNER/USER MUST RECOGNIZE ALL PORESEABLE SAFETY HAZARDS, FURNISH SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND GUIDANCE TO ALL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH THE INSTALLATION, AND PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SAFETY GUARDS, FENCES, RESTRAINTS, DEVICES, ETC., NOT FURNISHED BY THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER OR VERDOOD.

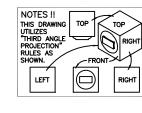
THE FLOOR AND/OR OTHER SUPPORT COMPONENTS MUST HAVE SUFFICIENT STRENGTH (AND RIGIDITY WITH DUE CONSIDERATION FOR NATURAL OR RESONANT FREQUENCY THEREOF) TO WITHSTAND THE FULLY LOADED WEIGHT OF THE MACHINE INCLUDING THE GOODS, THE WATER, AND ANY REPEATED SINUSOIDAL (ROTATING) FORCES CENERATED DURING ITS OPERATION. WHITE THE FACTORY FOR ADDITIONAL MACHINE DATA FOR USE BY A COMPETENT SOIL AND/OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER.

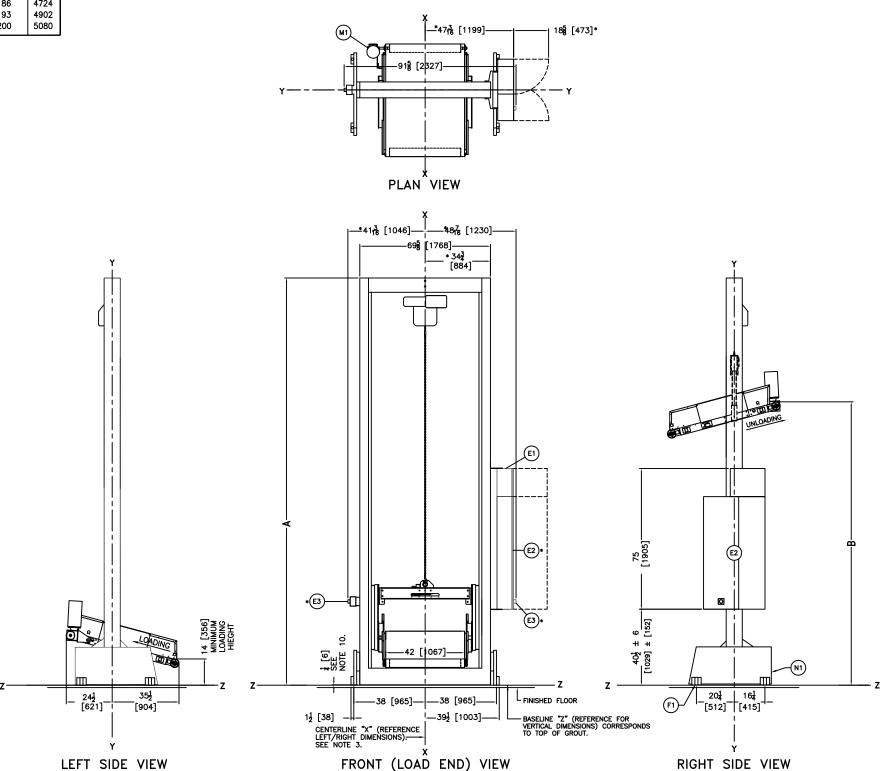


RIGHT SIDE VIEW

LEFT SIDE VIEW

| use this rail exti | | COLFJ111 | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|-----------|------|---------------|------|--|--|
| | | DIMENSION | "A" | DIMENSION "B" | | | |
| INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | | |
| 84 | 2134 | 196 | 4978 | 130 | 3302 | | |
| 91 | 2311 | 203 | 5156 | 137 | 3480 | | |
| 98 | 2489 | 210 | 5334 | 144 | 3658 | | |
| 105 | 2667 | 217 | 5512 | 151 | 3835 | | |
| 112 | 2845 | 224 | 5690 | 158 | 4013 | | |
| 119 | 3023 | 231 | 5867 | 165 | 4191 | | |
| 126 | 3200 | 238 | 6045 | 172 | 4369 | | |
| 133 | 3378 | 245 | 6223 | 179 | 4547 | | |
| 140 | 3556 | 252 | 6401 | 186 | 4724 | | |
| 147 | 3734 | 259 | 6579 | 193 | 4902 | | |
| 154 | 3912 | 266 | 6756 | 200 | 5080 | | |





N1 CONVEYOR STAND M1 BELT MOTORS, ALTERNATES LEFT/RIGHT PER LEVEL. F1 FOUR, ANCHOR BRACKETS. USE 1 [25] DIAMETER ANCHOR BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC). BOLTS MUST PROTRUDE 6 [152] MINIMUM ABOVE BASELINE "Z". E3 EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON. SEE NOTE 12. *E2 HIGH & LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL BOXES IN RIGHT HAND POSITION. (LEFT HAND POSITION IS OPPOSITE) *E1 MAIN ELECTRICAL CONNECTION LEGEND

CAUTION: SWAY BRACES ARE REQUIRED (NOT FURNISHED BY MILNOR). IT IS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE SWAY BRACES AT THE TOP OF ALL COLFJ. MODELS. BRACES MUST PREVENT HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT OF THE FRAME BOTH LONGTUDINALLY (IN THE X DIRECTION) AND LATERALLY (IN THE Y DIRECTION). CONSULT A STRUCTURAL BIOINEER TO DETERMINE A SUITABLE METHOD TO TIE THE BUILDING TO THE STRUCTURE.

- NOTES

 14 CONTROLS FOR THE COSHM SHUTTLE ARE CONTAINED IN THIS REMOTELY MOUNTED SHUTTLE CONTROL BOX WHICH MUST BE PLACED IN THE EQUIPMENT LAYOUT.

 13 DIMENSION WARIES WITH HEIGHT OF EXTENDERS WHEN ADDED.

 12 EMERGENCY STOPS ARE REQUIRED ON BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT SIDES OF THE CONVEYOR. ONE OF THE TWO EMERGENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONVEYOR BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOP IS MOUNTED TO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOP IS MOUNTED TO THE SIDE RAIL MEMBER OPPOSITE THE CONTENT BOX.

 11 WHEN CONVEYOR IS LOADED DIRECTLY FROM TWO—STAGE PRESS THE EDGE OF THE CONVEYOR MUST BE 2 1/4 [57] MINIMUM FROM REAR FACE OF PRESS. THIS ALLOWS FOR CLEARANCE OF WATER CATCHER AND PRESS SLED WHEN EXTENDED, SEE THE TWO STAGE PRESS DIMENSIONAL DRAWING.

 10 A MINIMUM 1/4 [6] AIRSPACE MUST BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE CROSSMEMBER OF CONVEYOR AND TOP OF GROUT OR OTHER FLOOR MATERIAL OR DISTRICTION.

 9 THE HEIGHT EXTENDERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ARE STANDARD EXTENTIONS AND THOSE THAT SATISFY MOST FACILITY REQUIREMENTS. HOWEVER, THE CONVEYOR MAY BE SPECIAL ORDERED IN OTHER HEIGHTS IF REQUIRED. CONSULT THE MILINOR FACTORY.

 8 COLFITTI MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATES THE NUMBER AND
- FACTORY.

 8 COLFJI11 MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATES THE NUMBER AND CONFIGURATION OF BATCHES STORED ON CONVEYOR. THE COLFJI11 ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR WIDTH, ONE BATCHES ON THE CONVEYOR LENGTH AND ONE LEVEL OF CONVEYOR.
- CONVEYOR LENGTH AND ONE LEVEL OF CONVEYOR.

 7 CONVEYOR LENGTH DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR NEW MACHINES. AFTER MACHINE HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SUGHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT OF BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONVEYOR.

- HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SLIGHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT OF BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONYEYOR.

 6 AS OF THIS WRITING, THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE REQUIRED BY U.S. NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODES, FROM ELECTRIC BOX TO ARY OBJECT IS:

 36 [914] IF OBJECT IS AN UNREQUINDED (INSULATED) WALL.

 42 [1067] IF OBJECT IS AS GROUNDED WALL (III. DAMACH CONCRETE, BRICK, ETC.)

 48 [1219] IF OBJECT IS ANY LIVE PART.

 CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

 5 CUSTOMER TO SUPPLY CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSED BRANCH CIRCUIT DISCONNECT (SAFETY) SWITCHES WITH LAG TYPE FUSES FROM POWER SOURCE TO MACHINE. A SEPARATE GROUND WIRE MUST BE CONNECTED FROM DISCONNECT TO EQUIPMENT.

 4 BASELINE "Z" IS THE SAME FOR ALL MILNOR MACHINES AND IS SHOWN ON ALL DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN BASELINE "Z" AND THE FINISHED FLOOR MAY VARY (WITH CHANGES IN FLOOR HEIGHT) AS REQUIRED TO INSURE THAT BASELINE "Z", IS THICK GROUT BED.

 3 USE REFERENCE LINES "X", "Y", AND "Z" TO LOCATE ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS.

 2 NUMBERS IN BRACKETS [] DENOTE DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

 1 ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE, SUBJECT TO NORMAL MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES, AND TO OCCASIONAL CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE THROUGH REDESION AND/OR RELOCATION OF COMPONENTS, ETC. DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS CERTIFIED, AND IN NO EVENT PRE-PIEC LOSER THAN PIEC FEET FROM MACHINE. FACTORY MUST BE CONSULTED FOR DIMENSIONS IF MACHINE IS TO BE MOVED THROUGH NARROW OR LOW CORRIOONS OR OPENINGS.

MOST REGULATORY AUTHORITIES (INCLUDING OSHA IN THE USA) HOLD THE OWNER/USER ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN A SAFE WORKING ENVIRONMENT. ACCORDINGLY, THE OWNER/USER MUST REGORNIZE ALL FORESEABLE SAFETY HAZARDS, FURNISH SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND GUIDANCE TO ALL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS AND FROVIDE ALL NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SAFETY GUARDS, FENCES, RESTRAINTS, DEVICES, ETC., NOT FURNISHED BY THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

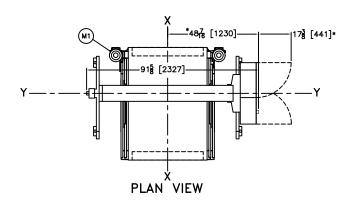
MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

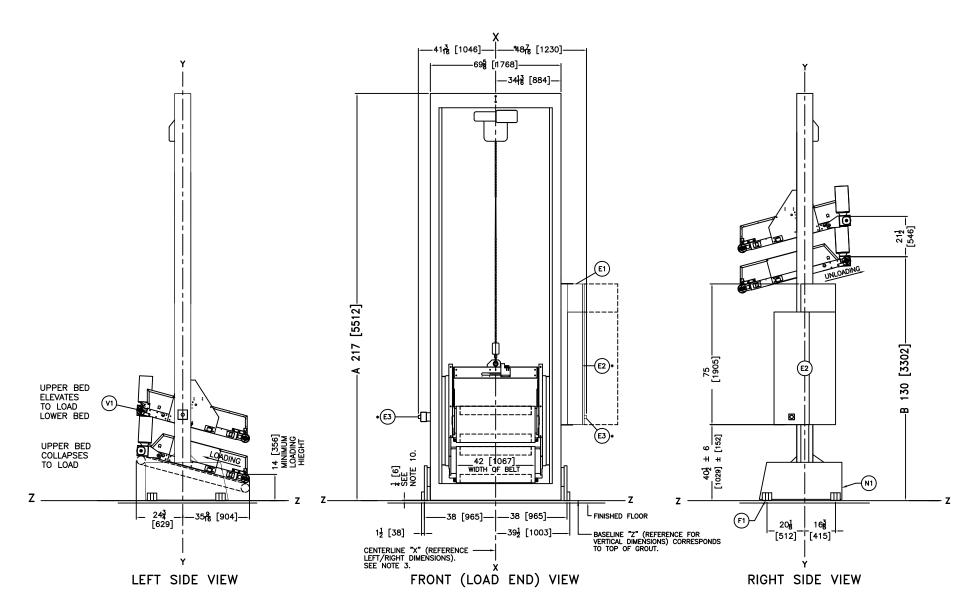
ATTENTION
THE FLOOR AND/OR OTHER SUPPORT COMPONENTS MUST HAVE SUFFICIENT STRENGTH (AND RIGIDITY WITH DUE CONSIDERATION FOR NATURAL OR RESONANT FREQUENCY THEREOP) TO WITHSTAND THE FULLY LOADED WEIGHT OF THE MACHINE INCLUDING THE GOODS, THE WATER, AND ANY REPEATED SINUSOIDAL (ROTATING) FORCE GENERATED DURING ITS OPERATION. WRITE THE FACTORY FOR ADDITIONAL MACHINE DATA FOR USE BY A COMPETENT SOIL AND/OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER.

COLFJ111 (60K CAKES) BDCOLFJ1AE



| use this Rail exti | | | COLFJ112 | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------|-----------|----------|----------|-------|--|--|--|
| | | DIMENSION | "A" | DIMENSIO | N "B" | | | |
| INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | | | |
| 105 | 2667 | 218 | 5537 | 130 | 3302 | | | |
| 112 | 2845 | 225 | 5715 | 137 | 3480 | | | |
| 119 | 3023 | 232 | 5893 | 144 | 3658 | | | |
| 126 | 3200 | 239 | 6071 | 151 | 3835 | | | |
| 133 | 3378 | 246 | 6248 | 158 | 4013 | | | |
| 140 | 3556 | 253 | 6426 | 165 | 4191 | | | |
| 147 | 3734 | 260 | 6604 | 172 | 4369 | | | |
| 154 | 3912 | 267 | 6782 | 179 | 4647 | | | |
| 161 | 4089 | 274 | 6960 | 186 | 4724 | | | |
| 168 | 4267 | 281 | 7137 | 193 | 4902 | | | |
| 175 | 4445 | 288 | 7315 | 200 | 5080 | | | |





| ITÉM | LEGEND |
|------|---|
| *E1 | MAIN ELECTRICAL CONNECTION |
| | POSITION. (LEFT HAND POSITION IS OPPOSITE) |
| *E2 | HIGH & LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL BOXES IN RIGHT HAND |
| E3 | EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON. SEE NOTE 12. |
| | 6 [152] MINIMUM ABOVE BASELINE "Z". |
| | BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC). BOLTS MUST PROTRUDE |
| F1 | FOUR, ANCHOR BRACKETS. USE 1 [25] DIAMETER ANCHOR |
| М1 | BELT MOTORS, ALTERNATES LEFT/RIGHT PER LEVEL. |
| N1 | CONVEYOR STAND |
| V1 | TOP BED (COLFJ112 ONLY) |



CAUTION: SWAY BRACES ARE REQUIRED (NOT FURNISHED BY MILNOR). IT IS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE SWAY BRACES AT THE TOP OF ALL COLFJ_MODELS. BRACES MUST PREVENT HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT OF THE FRAME BOTH LONGITUDINALLY (IN THE X DIRECTION) AND LATERALLY (IN THE Y DIRECTION). CONSULT A STRUCTURAL ENGINEER TO DETERMINE A SUITABLE METHOD TO TIE THE BUILDING TO THE STRUCTURE.

NOTES

- NOTES

 12 EMERGENCY STOPS ARE REQUIRED ON BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT SIDES OF THE CONVEYOR. ONE OF THE TWO EMERGENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOP IS MOUNTED TO THE SIDE RAIL MEMBER OPPOSITE THE CONTROL BOX.

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- FACTORY.

 B COLFJ112 MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATES THE NUMBER AND CONFIGURATION OF BATCHES STORED ON CONVEYOR. THE COLFJ112 ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR WIDTH, ONE BATCHES ON THE CONVEYOR LENGTH AND TWO LEVELS OF CONVEYOR FOR A TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.

 7 CONVEYOR LENGTH DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR NEW MACHINES. AFTER MACHINE HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SLIGHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT OF BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONVEYOR.

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 CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

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 2 NUMBERS IN BRACKETS [] DENOTE DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

 1 ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE, SUBJECT TO NORMAL MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES, AND TO OCCASIONAL CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE THROUGH REDESION AND/OR RELOCATION OF COMPONENTS, ETC. DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS CETHIFLE, AND IN NO EVENT PRE-PIPE LOSER THAN PIVE FEET FROM MACHINE. FACTORY MUST BE CONSULTED FOR DIMENSIONS IF MACHINE IS TO BE MOVED THROUGH NARROW OR LOW CORRIDONS OR OPENINSS.

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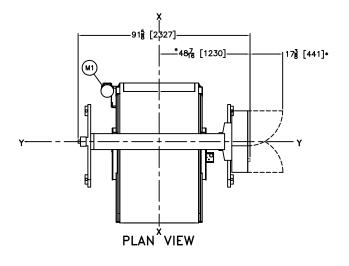
MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

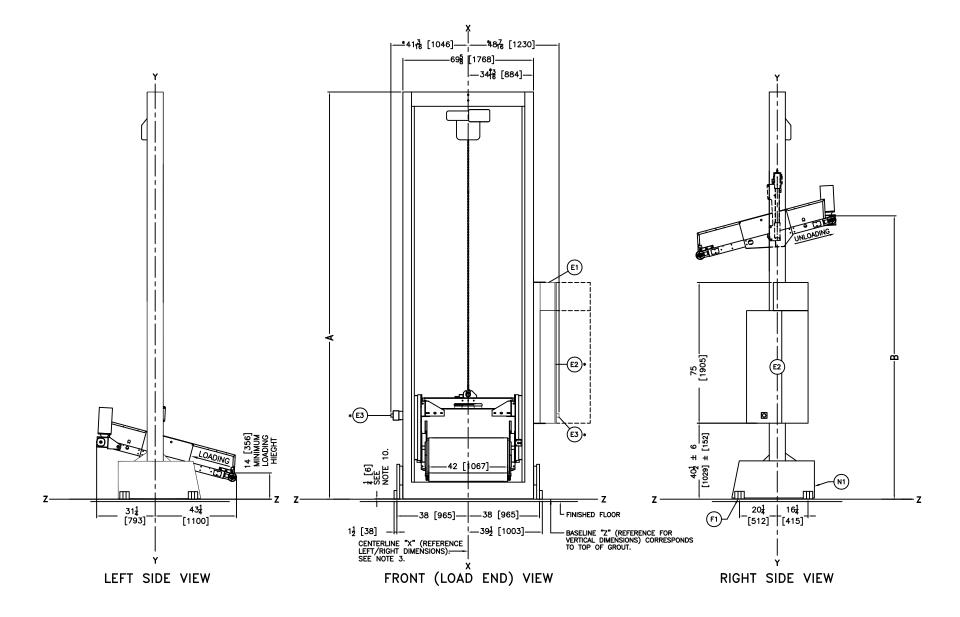
ATTENTION
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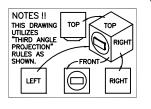
PELLERIN MILNOR CORPORATION
P.O. Box 400 Kenner, LA 70063, USA, Phone 504/467-9591,
FAX 504/488-3094, Email: milnorinfo@milnor.com



| USE THIS SIDE RAIL EXTENDER | | COLFK111 | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|---------------|------|---------------|------|
| | | DIMENSION "A" | | DIMENSION "B" | |
| INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm |
| 84 | 2134 | 196 | 4978 | 130 | 3302 |
| 91 | 2311 | 203 | 5156 | 137 | 3480 |
| 98 | 2489 | 210 | 5334 | 144 | 3658 |
| 105 | 2667 | 217 | 5512 | 151 | 3835 |
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| 133 | 3378 | 245 | 6223 | 179 | 4547 |
| 140 | 3556 | 252 | 6401 | 186 | 4724 |
| 147 | 3734 | 259 | 6579 | 193 | 4902 |
| 154 | 3912 | 266 | 6756 | 200 | 5080 |







| N1 | CONVEYOR STAND |
|------|---|
| M1 | BELT MOTORS, ALTERNATES LEFT/RIGHT PER LEVEL. |
| F1 | FOUR, ANCHOR BRACKETS. USE 1 [25] DIAMETER ANCHOR |
| | BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC). BOLTS MUST PROTRUDE |
| | 6 [152] MINIMUM ABOVE BASELINE "Z". |
| E3 | EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON. SEE NOTE 12. |
| *E2 | HIGH & LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL BOXES IN RIGHT HAND |
| | POSITION. (LEFT HAND POSITION IS OPPOSITE) |
| *E1 | MAIN ELECTRICAL CONNECTION |
| ITEM | LEGEND |

CAUTION: SWAY BRACES ARE REQUIRED (NOT FURNISHED BY MILNOR). IT IS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE SWAY BRACES AT THE TOP OF ALL COLFJ. MODELS. BRACES MUST PREVENT HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT OF THE FRAME BOTH LONGTUDINALLY (IN THE X DIRECTION) AND LATERALLY (IN THE Y DIRECTION). CONSULT A STRUCTURAL BIOINEER TO DETERMINE A SUITABLE METHOD TO TIE THE BUILDING TO THE STRUCTURE.

- NOTES

 14 CONTROLS FOR THE COSHM SHUTTLE ARE CONTAINED IN THIS REMOTELY MOUNTED SHUTTLE CONTROL BOX WHICH MUST BE PLACED IN THE EQUIPMENT LAYOUT.

 13 DIMENSION WARIES WITH HEIGHT OF EXTENDERS WHEN ADDED.

 12 EMERGENCY STOPS ARE REQUIRED ON BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT SIDES OF THE CONVEYOR. ONE OF THE TWO EMERGENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOP IS MOUNTED TO THE SIDE RAIL MEMBER OPPOSITE THE CONTROL BOX.

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 8 COLFRITI MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATES THE NUMBER AND
- FACTORY.

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 7 CONVEYOR LENGTH DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR NEW MACHINES, AFTER MACHINE HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SUCHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT OF BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONVEYOR.

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 36 [914] IF OBJECT IS AN UNGROUNDED (INSULATED) WALL.

 42 [1067] IF OBJECT IS AN UNDROUNDED WALL (II. BARE CONCRETE, BRICK, ETC.)

 48 [1219] IF OBJECT IS ANY LIVE PART.

 CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

 5 CUSTOMER TO SUPPLY CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSED BRANCH CIRCUIT DISCONNECT (AZPETY) SWITCHES WITH LAG TYPE FUSES FROM POWER SOURCE TO MACHINE. A SEPARATE GROUND WIRE MUST BE CONNECTED FROM DISCONNECT TO EQUIPMENT.

 4 BASELINE "Z" IS THE SAME FOR ALL MILNOR MACHINES AND IS SHOWN ON ALL DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN BASELINE "Z" AND THE FINISHED FLOOR MAY VARY (WITH CHANGES IN FLOOR HEIGHT) AS REQUIRED TO INSURE THAT BASELINE "Z" IS HORIZONTAL AND L. COMPONENTS REQUIRING GROUT ARE SET ON A MINIMUM 1" [25] THICK GROUT BED.

 3 USE REFERENCE LINES "X", "Y", AND "Z" TO LOCATE ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS.

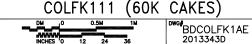
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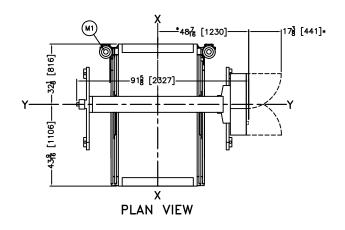
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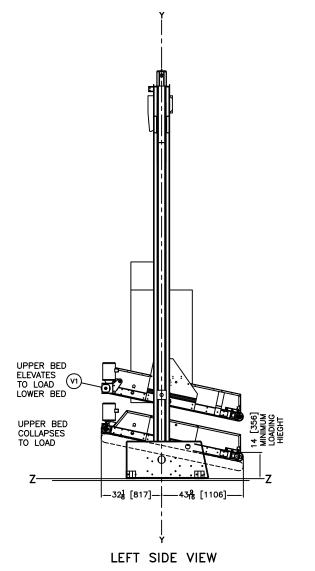
MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

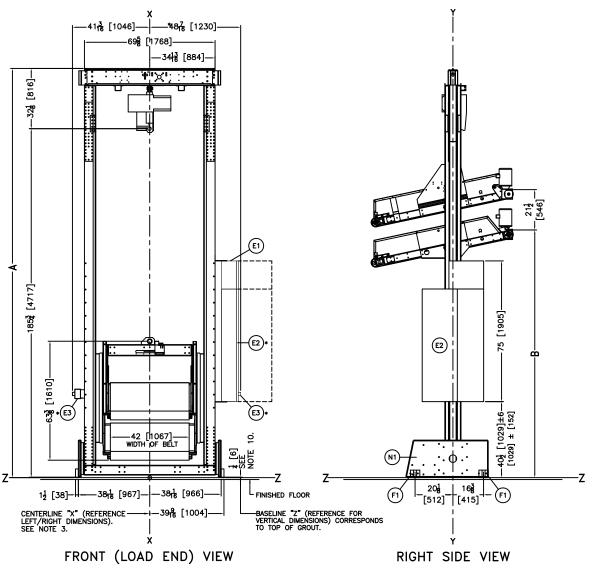
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| USE THIS SIDE RAIL EXTENDER | | COLFK112 | | | | |
|--------------------------------|------|---------------|------|---------------|------|--|
| | | DIMENSION "A" | | DIMENSION "B" | | |
| INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | INCHES | mm | |
| 105 | 2667 | 218 | 5537 | 132 | 3353 | |
| 112 | 2845 | 225 | 5715 | 139 | 3531 | |
| 119 | 3023 | 232 | 5893 | 146 | 3708 | |
| 126 | 3200 | 239 | 6071 | 153 | 3886 | |
| 133 | 3378 | 246 | 6248 | 160 | 4064 | |
| 140 | 3556 | 253 | 6426 | 167 | 4242 | |
| 147 | 3734 | 260 | 6604 | 174 | 4420 | |
| 154 | 3912 | 267 | 6782 | 181 | 4597 | |
| 161 | 4089 | 274 | 6960 | 188 | 4775 | |
| 168 | 4267 | 281 | 7137 | 195 | 4953 | |
| 175 | 4445 | 288 | 7315 | 202 | 5131 | |
| 182 | 4623 | 295 | 7493 | 209 | 5309 | |
| 189 | 4801 | 302 | 7671 | 216 | 5486 | |
| 196 | 4978 | 309 | 7849 | 223 | 5664 | |







| V1 | TOP BED |
|------|---|
| N1 | CONVEYOR STAND |
| М1 | BELT MOTORS, ALTERNATES LEFT/RIGHT PER LEVEL. |
| F1 | FOUR, ANCHOR BRACKETS. USE 1 [25] DIAMETER ANCHOR |
| | BOLTS (NOT SUPPLIED BY PMC). BOLTS MUST PROTRUDE |
| | 6 [152] MINIMUM ABOVE BASELINE "Z". |
| E3 | EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON. SEE NOTE 12. |
| *E2 | HIGH & LOW VOLTAGE CONTROL BOXES IN RIGHT HAND |
| | POSITION. (LEFT HAND POSITION IS OPPOSITE) |
| *E1 | MAIN ELECTRICAL CONNECTION |
| ITEM | LEGEND |



CAUTION: SWAY BRACES ARE REQUIRED (NOT FURNISHED BY MILNOR). IT IS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE SWAY BRACES AT THE TOP OF ALL COLFK MODELS. BRACES MUST PREVENT HORIZONTAL MOVEMENT OF THE FRAME BOTH LONGITUDINALLY (IN THE X DIRECTION) AND LATERALLY (IN THE Y DIRECTION). CONSULT A STRUCTURAL BIOINEER TO DETERMINE A SUITABLE METHOD TO TIE THE BUILDING TO THE STRUCTURE.

NOTES

- NOTES

 12 EMERGENCY STOPS ARE REQUIRED ON BOTH LEFT AND RIGHT SIDES OF THE CONVEYOR. ONE OF THE TWO EMERGENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOPS IS INSTALLED INTO THE DOOR OF THE CONTROL BOX. THE SECOND EMERGENCY STOP IS MOUNTED TO THE SIDE RAIL MEMBER OPPOSITE THE CONTROL BOX.

 11 WHEN CONVEYOR IS LOADED DIRECTLY FROM TWO—STAGE PRESS THE EDGE OF THE CONVEYOR MUST BE 2 1/4 [57] MINIMUM FROM REAR FACE OF PRESS. THIS ALLOWS FOR CLEARANCE OF WATER CATCHER AND PRESS SLED WHEN EXTENDED, SEE THE TWO STAGE PRESS DIMENSIONAL DRAWING.

 10 A MINIMUM 1/4 [6] AIRSPACE MUST BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE CROSSMEMBER OF CONVEYOR AND TOP OF GROUT OR OTHER FLOOR MATERIAL OR OBSTRUCTION.

 11 THE HEIGHT EXTENDERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE ARE STANDARD EXTENTIONS AND THOSE THAT SATISFY MOST FACILITY REQUIREMENTS. HOWEVER, THE CONVEYOR MAY BE SPECIAL ORDERED IN OTHER HEIGHTS IF REQUIRED. CONSULT THE MILNOR FACTORY.
- FACTORY.

 8 COLFR112 MODEL NUMBERS SHOWN IN THE TABLE INDICATES THE NUMBER AND CONFIGURATION OF BATCHES STORED ON CONVEYOR. THE COLFR112 ACCOMMODATES ONE BATCH ON THE CONVEYOR WIDTH, ONE BATCHES ON THE CONVEYOR LENGTH AND TWO LEVELS OF CONVEYOR FOR A TOTAL OF TWO BATCHES.

 7 CONVEYOR LENGTH DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE FOR NEW MACHINES. AFTER MACHINE HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SLIGHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT OF BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF CONVEYOR.

- HAS BEEN COMMISSIONED, BELT MAY STRETCH SLIGHTLY REQUIRING ADJUSTMENT OF BELT ROLLERS AND SLIGHT LENGTHENING OF COMPYOR.

 6 AS OF THIS WRITING, THE MINIMUM CLEARANCE REQUIRED BY U.S. NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODES, FROM ELECTRIC BOX TO ARY OBJECT IS:

 36 [914] IF OBJECT IS AN UNREQUINDED (INSULATED) WALL.

 42 [1067] IF OBJECT IS AN GROUNDED WALL (ie. BARE CONCRETE, BRICK, ETC.)

 48 [1219] IF OBJECT IS ANY UNF PART.

 CHECK LOCAL ELECTRIC CODES FOR FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

 5 CUSTOMER TO SUPPLY CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSED BRANCH CIRCUIT DISCONNECT (SAFETY) SWITCHES WITH LAG TYPE FUSES FROM POWER SOURCE TO MACHINE. A SEPARATE GROUND WIRE MUST BE CONNECTED FROM DISCONNECT TO EQUIPMENT.

 4 BASELINE "Z" IS THE SAME FOR ALL MILLION MACHINES AND IS SHOWN ON ALL DIMENSIONAL DRAWINGS. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN BASELINE "Z" AND THE FINISHED FLOOR MAY VARY (WITH CHANGES IN FLOOR HEIGHT) AS REQUIRED TO INSURE THAT BASELINE "Z" IS THOSE AND ALL COMPONENTS REQUIRING GROUT ARE SET ON A MINIMUM 1" [25] THICK GROUT BED.

 3 USE REFERENCE LINES "X", "Y", AND "Z" TO LOCATE ALL SERVICE CONNECTIONS.

 2 NUMBERS IN BRACKETS [] DENOTE DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS.

 1 ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE APPROXIMATE, SUBJECT TO NORMAL MANUFACTURING TOLERANCES, AND TO OCCASIONAL CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE THROUGH REDESION AND/OR RELOCATION OF COMPONENTS, ETC. DO NOT USE FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS CERTIFIED, AND IN NO EVERT PRE-PIPE CLOSER THAN PIVE FEET FROM MACHINE. FACTORY MUST BE CONSULTED FOR DIMENSIONS IF MACHINE IS TO BE MOVED THROUGH NARROW OR LOW CORRIDONS OR OPENINGS.

MOST REGULATORY AUTHORITIES (INCLUDING OSHA IN THE USA) HOLD THE OWNER/USER ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE TO MAINTAIN A SAFE WORKING ENVIRONMENT, ACCORDINGLY, THE OWNER/USER MUST RECOGNIZE ALL PORSESEABLE SAFETY HAZARDS, FURNISH SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND GUIDANCE TO ALL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH THE INSTRUCTION, AND PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY ADDITIONAL SAFETY GUARDS, FRONCES, RESTRAINTS, DEWICES, ETC., NOT FURNISHED BY THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

MANUFACTURER OR VENDOR.

ATTENTION
THE FLOOR AND/OR OTHER SUPPORT COMPONENTS MUST HAVE SUFFICIENT STRENGTH (AND RIGIDITY WITH DUE CONSIDERATION FOR NATURAL OR RESONANT FREQUENCY THEREOF) TO WITHSTAND THE FULLY LOADED WEIGHT OF THE MACHINE INCLUDING THE GOODS, THE WATER, AND ANY REPEATED SINUSOIDAL (ROTATING) FORCES GENERATED DURING ITS OPERATION. WHITE THE FACTORY FOR ADDITIONAL MACHINE DATA FOR USE BY A COMPETENT SOIL AND/OR STRUCTURAL ENGINEER.

COLFK112 (60K CAKES)



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