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Schematic/Electrical Parts

Coeld and Coelds Dryer Loading Elevating Conveyor



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WCG1CLPL/1999372N BMP720097/2008272A BIUUUD19/20081231 BIUUUK01/20130308 BMP010012/2001503N BMP850029/1999362B W80008/2001253A WCG1CLSH/1989106D WCG1CLSG/1989086D WCG1CLSF/2011464B WCG1CLSE/2008403B WCG1CLA/2011464B WCG1CLB/1999372B WCG1CLC/1999372B WCG1CLD/1989086D WCG1CLSA/2011464B WCG1CLSB/2011455B WCG1CLSC/2010473B WCG1CLSD/1989086D WCG1CLSLC/2010473B

	FUNCTION OF	WHERE TO FIND			NOLADO
CD	<u>ITTIS COMFONENT</u> >>RELAY-TIME DELAY	ITIS COMPONENT			LOCATION
CDD2	DELAY-DISC END PHOTOEYE BLOCKED	WCG1CLSB	09CF002024	TDR F2S 2PDT 11PIN 24V50/60C	LOW VOLT BOX
CDD1	DELAY-PHOTOEYE CLEAR	WCG1CLSC	09CF016024	TDR F16S 2PDT 11PIN 24V50/60C	LOW VOLT BOX
CL	>>RELAY-LATCH				
CLB	LATCH-COELD LOADING	WCG1CLSB	09CL2C-C24	RELAY-LATCH DPDT 24V 2-COIL	LOW VOLT BOX
CLB	LATCH-COELD LOADING	WCG1CLSC	09CL2C-C24	RELAY-LATCH DPDT 24V 2-COIL	LOW VOLT BOX
CLC	LATCH-COELD LOADED	WCG1CLSB	09CL2C-C24	RELAY-LATCH DPDT 24V 2-COIL	LOW VOLT BOX
CLC	LATCH-COELD LOADED	WCG1CLSC	09CL2C-C24	RELAY-LATCH DPDT 24V 2-COIL	LOW VOLT BOX
CR	>>RELAY-CONTROL				
CRAM	RELAY-MANUAL DESIRED	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRAMA	RELAY=MANUAL DESIRED	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRB	RELAY-COELD LOADING	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRBF	RELAY-RUN BELT FORWARD	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRBR	RELAY-RUN BELT REVERSE	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRD	RELAY-DISCHARGE END	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRDA	RELAY-DISCHARGE END	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRLH	RELAY-COELD AT LOAD HEIGHT	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRLL	RELAY-LOAD END PHOTOEYE BLOCKED	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRS+	RELAY-3-WIRE	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRDH	RELAY-COELD AT DISCHARGE HEIGHT	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRDN	RELAY-COELD DOWN	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRDNS	RELAY-COELD DOWN	WCG1CLSB	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRFE	RELAY-COELD FULLY EXTENDED	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRFR	RELAY-COELD FULLY RETRACTED	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRLDX	RELAY-DRYER LOAD DOOR EOEN	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CRUP	RELAY-COELD UP	WCG1CLSC	09C01DDD24	RELAY 3PDT DIFGOLD 11PIN 24V	LOW VOLT BOX
CS	>>CONTACTORS				
CSB	CONTACTOR-FORWARD/REVERSE BELT	WCG1CLSE	09MR04B337	12A 3P REV+2N/C 120V5/6 IEC	HIGH VOLT BX
CSX	CONTACTOR-UP/DOWN BELT	WCG1CLSE	09MR04B337	12A 3P REV+2N/C 120V5/6 IEC	HIGH VOLT BX
CSB	CONTACTOR-RUN BELT FORWARD+REV	WCG1CLSA	09MR04B337	12A 3P REV+2N/C 120V5/6 IEC	HIGH VOLT BX
CSX	CONTACTOR-UP/DOWN BELT	WCG1CLSA	09MR04B337	12A 3P REV+2N/C 120V5/6 IEC	HIGH VOLT BX
СР	>>PHOTOEYE				
CPLD	PHOTOEYE-LOAD END	WCG1CLSB	09RE004	SENSOR DARK OPERATE AC N/O-OUT	END OF BELT

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PARTS LIST

COMPONENT

Page 1 of 3

<u>COMPONENT</u> NIIMBER	EUNCTION OF THIS COMPONENT	<u>WHERE TO FIND</u> THIS COMPONENT	N/A AON IIM	DESCRIPTION	I OCATION
CPRD	PHOTOEYE-DISCHARGE END	WCG1CLSB	09RE004	SENSOR DARK OPERATE AC N/O-OUT	END OF BELT
EB	>>BUZZER-LIGHT				
EBSG	BUZZER-OPERATOR SIGNAL	WCG1CLSA	09H015	BUZZ.115V W/6-32 CTR+6"LEADS	HIGHT VOLT BX
ΕF	>>FUSES				
EF24	FUSE-24VOLT CONTROL CIRCUIT	WCG1CLSA	09FF006AMA	XFMR 120-240,110-220/24V 150VA	HIGH VOLT BX
EF37	FUSE-120VOLT CONTROL CIRCUIT	WCG1CLSA	09FF004AHG	XFMR 200-240 PRI/120SEC 250VA	HIGH VOLT BX
EFL2H	FUSE-PRIMARY GREATER THAN 415VAC	W6DR4L1D	09FF003AWN	FUSE #KTK 3A600V=HPS HOLDER	AUTOLINT BOX
EL	>>LIGHT-PILOT				
ELD	LIGHT-BELT LOADED	WCG1CLSB	09J060A24	LAMP 1/2" AMB IDI #1090QC3-28V	SWITCH PANEL
ELS+	LIGHT-3-WIRE ON	WCG1CLSB	09J060G24	LAMP 1/2" GRN 28V IDI#1090QC5	SWITCH PANEL
ELSG	LIGHT-OPERATOR SIGNAL	WCG1CLSA	09J060WH37	LAMP 1/2" WHITE 120V TAB	SWITCH PANEL
EM	>>EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH				
EMSR1	SWITCH-EMERGENCY STOP LEFT	WCG1CLSA	09N505	SW ASSY EMER STOP	SIDE OF COELD
EMSR2	SWITCH-EMERGENCY STOP RIGHT	WCG1CLSA	09N505	SW ASSY EMER STOP	SIDE OF COELD
ET	>>OVERLOAD				
ETB	OVERLOAD-FORWARD/REVERSE BELT	WCG1CLSE	09F025SA	0L RELAY 3P SZ1 SQD #9065-SEO5	HIGH VOLT BX
ETHT	OVERLOAD-UP/DOWN BELT	WCG1CLSE	09F025SA	0L RELAY 3P SZ1 SQD #9065-SEO5	HIGH VOLT BX
EX	>>TRANSFORMER				
EX24	TRANSFORMER-120V TO 24VAC	WCG1CLSF	09U027AB24	XFMR 120-240,110-220/24V 150VA	HIGH VOLT BX
EX37-1	TRANSFORMER-200-240V TO 120VAC	WCG1CLSF	09U249AA37	XFMR 200-240 PRI/120SEC 250VA	HIGH VOLT BX
EX37-2	TRANSFORMER-380-480V TO 120VAC	WCG1CLSF	09U200AAB	XFMR 380-480V/240-120V 250VA	HIGH VOLT BX
EX37-3	TRANSFORMER-380-480V TO 120VAC	WCG1CLSF	09U251AB37	XFMR 600VPRI/120VSC-250VA-3%RE	HIGH VOLT BX
SH	>>SWITCH-HAND OPERATED				
SHAM	SWITCH-AUTO/MANUAL	WCG1CLSB	09N405M240	SWASS N2W 4NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHAM	SWITCH-AUTO/MANUAL	WCG1CLSC	09N405M240	SWASS N2W 4NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHBL	SWITCH-BELT IS LOADED	WCG1CLSB	09N405PB10	SWASS PBBK 1NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHFR	SWITCH-FORWARD/REVERSE	WCG1CLSB	09N405M320	SWASS M3W 2NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHS+	SWITCH-START	WCG1CLSB	09N405PG10	SWASS PBGN 1NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHSO	SWITCH-STOP	WCG1CLSB	09N405PR01	SWASS PBRD 1NC	SWITCH PANEL
SH1	SWITCH-AUTO/MANUAL	WCG1CLSB	09N405M240	SWASS N2W 4NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHER	SWITCH-EXTEND/RETRACT	WCG1CLSC	09N405M320	SWASS M3W 2NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHUD	SWITCH-UP/DOWN	WCG1CLSC	09N405M320	SWASS M3W 2NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHFS	SWITCH-FORMULA SELECT	WCG1CLSG	09N041N	ROTSW 5-POLE 8-POSIT 5A125V	SELECTOR BOX

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PARTS LIST

COMPONENT

Page 2 of 3

COMPONENT	FUNCTION OF	WHERE TO FIND			
NUMBER	THIS COMPONENT	THIS COMPONENT	MILNOR P/N	DESCRIPTION	LOCATION
SHNC	SWITCH-NEW CUSTOMER	WCG1CLSG	09N405M210	SWASS M2W 1NO	SELECTOR BOX
SHRF	SWITCH-RANGE SELECT	WCG1CLSG	09N405M210	SWASS M2W 1NO	SELECTOR BOX
SHSMA	SWITCH-MASTER	WCG1CLSA	09N405M220	SWASS M2W 2NO	SWITCH PANEL
SHSBL	SWITCH-REGULAR/SMALL LOAD	WCG1CLSG	09N405M210	SWASS M2W 1NO	SELECTOR BOX
SM	>>SWITCH-MECHANICAL				
SMLH	SWITCH-COELD AT LOAD HEIGHT	WCG1CLSB	09RM01412S	CAPSW 12'ROTARY ACTUATE SILVER	SIDE OF BELT
SMDH	SWITCH-COELD AT DISCHARGE	WCG1CLSC	09RM01412S	CAPSW 12'ROTARY ACTUATE SILVER	SIDE OF BELT
SMDN	SWITCH-DOWN LIMIT	WCG1CLSC	09RM01412S	CAPSW 12'ROTARY ACTUATE SILVER	SIDE OF BELT
SMFE	SWITCH-FULLY EXTENDED	WCG1CLSC	09RM01412S	CAPSW 12'ROTARY ACTUATE SILVER	SIDE OF BELT
SMFR	SWITCH-FULLY RETRACTED	WCG1CLSC	09RM01412S	CAPSW 12'ROTARY ACTUATE SILVER	SIDE OF BELT
SMUP	SWITCH-UP LIMIT	WCG1CLSC	09RM01412S	CAPSW 12'ROTARY ACTUATE SILVER	SIDE OF BELT
SMB1	SWITCH-BUMP BELT FRWRD WHEN LOAD	WCG1CLSA	09R012STDG	82026# * 09R012 +MOUNTING HDWRE+INST	SIDE OF BELT
SMB2	SWITCH-BUMP BELT FRWRD WHEN LOAD	WCG1CLSA	09R012STDG	82026# * 09R012 +MOUNTING HDWRE+INST	SIDE OF BELT
VE	>>VALVE				
VEEX	VALVE-EXTEND BELT	WCG1CLSC	96R301A24	1/8" AIRPILOT 3W NC 24V50/60	VALVE BOX
VERT	VALVE-RETRACT BELT	WCG1CLSC	96R302A24	1/8" AIRPILOT 3W NC 24V50/60	VALVE BOX

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LIST

PARTS

C O M P O N E N T

PELLERIN MILNOR CORPORATION LIMITED STANDARD WARRANTY

We warrant to the original purchaser that MILNOR machines including electronic hardware/software (hereafter referred to as "equipment"), will be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment (unless the time period is specifically extended for certain parts pursuant to a specific MILNOR published extended warranty) from our factory with no operating hour limitation. This warranty is contingent upon the equipment being installed, operated and serviced as specified in the operating manual supplied with the equipment, and operated under normal conditions by competent operators.

Providing we receive written notification of a warranted defect within 30 days of its discovery, we will at our option repair or replace the defective part or parts, FOB our factory. We retain the right to require inspection of the parts claimed defective in our factory prior to repairing or replacing same. We will not be responsible, or in any way liable, for unauthorized repairs or service to our equipment, and this warranty shall be void if the equipment is tampered with, modified, or abused, used for purposes not intended in the design and construction of the machine, or is repaired or altered in any way without MILNOR's written consent.

Parts damaged by exposure to weather, to aggressive water, or to chemical attack are not covered by this warranty. For parts which require routine replacement due to normal wear such as gaskets, contact points, brake and clutch linings, belts, hoses, and similar parts the warranty time period is 90 days.

We reserve the right to make changes in the design and/or construction of our equipment (including purchased components) without obligation to change any equipment previously supplied.

ANY SALE OR FURNISHING OF ANY EQUIPMENT BY MILNOR IS MADE ONLY UPON THE EXPRESS UNDERSTANDING THAT MILNOR MAKES NO EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY IMPLIED BY LAW INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO REDHIBITION. MILNOR WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY COSTS OR DAMAGES ACTUALLY INCURRED OR REQUIRED AS A RESULT OF: THE FAILURE OF ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY TO PERFORM ITS RESPONSIBILITIES, FIRE OR OTHER HAZARD, ACCIDENT, IMPROPER STORAGE, MIS-USE, NEGLECT, POWER OR ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL MALFUNCTIONS, DAMAGE FROM LIQUIDS, OR ANY OTHER CAUSE BEYOND THE NORMAL RANGE OF USE. REGARDLESS OF HOW CAUSED, IN NO EVENT SHALL MILNOR BE LIABLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, LIQUIDATED, OR CONSEQUENTIAL COSTS OR DAMAGES, OR ANY COSTS OR DAMAGES WHATSOEVER WHICH EXCEED THE PRICE PAID TO MILNOR FOR THE EQUIPMENT IT SELLS OR FURNISHES.

THE PROVISIONS ON THIS PAGE REPRESENT THE ONLY WARRANTY FROM MILNOR AND NO OTHER WARRANTY OR CONDITIONS, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE IMPLIED.

WE NEITHER ASSUME, NOR AUTHORIZE ANY EMPLOYEE OR OTHER PERSON TO ASSUME FOR US, ANY OTHER RESPONSIBILITY AND/OR LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE SALE OR FURNISHING OF OUR EQUIPMENT TO ANY BUYER.

BIUUUD19 (Published) Book specs- Dates: 20081231 / 20081231 / 20081231 Lang: ENG01 Applic: UUU

How to Get the Necessary Repair Components



This document uses Simplified Technical English. Learn more at http://www.asd-ste100.org.

You can get components to repair your machine from the approved supplier where you got this machine. Your supplier will usually have the necessary components in stock. You can also get components from the Milnor[®] factory.

Tell the supplier the machine model and serial number and this data for each necessary component:

- The component number from this manual
- The component name if known
- The necessary quantity
- The necessary transportation requirements
- If the component is an electrical component, give the schematic number if known.
- If the component is a motor or an electrical control, give the nameplate data from the used component.

To write to the Milnor factory:

Pellerin Milnor Corporation Post Office Box 400 Kenner, LA 70063-0400 UNITED STATES

Telephone: 504-467-2787 Fax: 504-469-9777 Email: parts@milnor.com

- End of BIUUUD19 -

BIUUUK01 (Published) Book specs- Dates: 20130308 / 20130308 / 20130308 Lang: ENG01 Applic: PCR UUU

How to Use Milnor[®] Electrical Schematic Diagrams

Milnor[®] electrical schematic manuals contain a table of contents/component list and a set of schematic drawings. These documents are cross referenced and must be used together.

The table of contents/components list shows, for every component on every schematic in the manual, the component item number (explained in detail below), statement of function, parent schematic number, part number, description and electric box location. In older manuals, two component lists are provided: List 1 sorts the components by function, and List 2 by type of component. Newer schematic manuals include only the list sorted by component number.

The schematic drawings use symbols for each electromechanical component, and indicate the function of each. Integrated circuits are not shown, but the function of each microprocessor input and output is stated. Certain electrical components not pertinent to circuit logic, such as wire connectors, are not represented on the schematic.

Most machines require several schematics to describe the complete control system and all the options available on the included models. In most manuals there are some schematic pages that don't apply to your specific machine because certain options and configurations are mutually exclusive or are not necessary in all markets. You may find it helpful to mark or remove such pages. A schematic page that only applies to a subset of machines will normally state, in the title, which models and/or options it covers. Compare this with the nameplate on your machine and with your purchase records.

Each schematic is devoted to circuits with common functions (e.g., microprocessor inputs, motor contactors). Schematics appear in the manual in alphanumeric order.

1. Component Prefix Classifications and Descriptions

Component item numbers consist of up to six characters and appear as part of a component's symbol on the schematic. The first two characters indicate the general class of component, and the remaining characters are a mnemonic for the function. For example, "CD" is the code for all time delay relays, and "SR" stands for safety reset. Thus, CDSR is a time delay relay that serves as a safety reset.

The following are descriptions of electrical components used in Milnor[®] machines. Descriptions are in alphabetical order by the component class code (two character prefix).

Note 1: Some component class codes do not have a corresponding symbol, but are represented by a box and an accompanying note describing the component. Examples of such codes are BA (printed circuit board), ED (electronic display), and ES (electronic power supply).

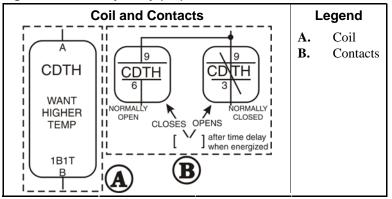
- **BA=Printed Circuit Board**—Insulating substrate on which a thin pattern of copper conductors has been formed to connect discrete electronic components also mounted on the board.
- **CB=Circuit Breaker (Figure 1)**—Automatic switch that opens an electric circuit in abnormal current conditions (e.g., an overload).

Figure 1: Circuit Breaker (CB)



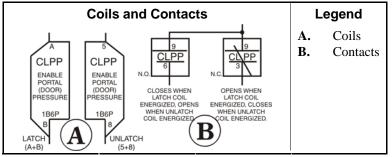
CD=Control, Time Delay Relay (Figure 2)—A relay whose contacts switch only after a fixed or adjustable delay, once voltage has been applied to its coil. The contacts switch back to normal (de-energized state) immediately when the voltage is removed.

Figure 2: Time Delay Relay (CD)

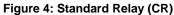


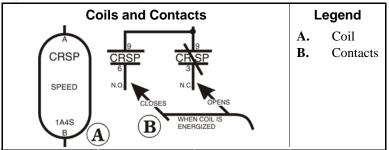
CL=Control, Latch Relay (Figure 3)—A relay which latches in an energized or set position when operated by one coil (the latch/set coil). The relay stays latched even though coil voltage is removed. The relay releases or unlatches when voltage is applied to a second coil (the unlatch/reset coil).



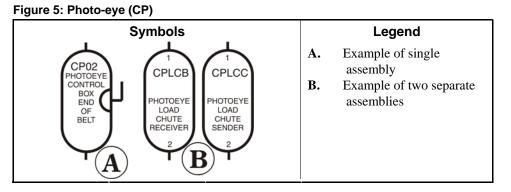


CR=Control, Relay (Figure 4)—A relay whose contacts switch immediately when voltage is applied to its coil and revert to normal when the voltage is removed.

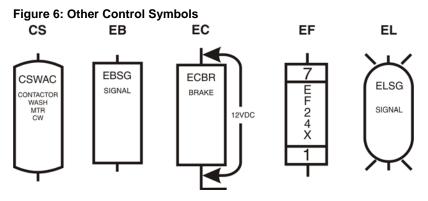




CP=Control, Photo-Eye (Figure 5)—Photo-eyes sense the presence of an object without direct physical contact. Photo-eyes consist of a transmitter, receiver, and output module. These components may be housed in one assembly with the transmitter bouncing light off of a reflector to the receiver, or these components can be housed in two separate assemblies with the transmitter pointed directly at the receiver. The photo-eye can be set to turn on its output either when the light beam becomes blocked (dark operate) or when it becomes un-blocked (light operate).







EB=Electric Buzzer (Figure 6)—An audible signaling device.

- EC=Electric Clutch (Figure 6)—A clutch consists of a coil and a rotor. The rotor has two separate rotating plates. These plates are free to rotate independent of each other until the coil is energized. Once energized the two plates turn as one.
- **ED=Electronic Display**—A visual presentation of data, such as an LCD (liquid crystal display), LED (light emitting diode) display, or VFD (vacuum florescent display).
- **EF=Electric Fuse (Figure 6)**—A fuse is an over-current safety device with a circuit opening fusible member which is heated and severed by the passage of over-current through it.
- EL=Electric Light (Figure 6)—Indicator lights may be either incandescent or fluorescent.
- **EM=Electro Magnet Solenoid**—A device consisting of a core surrounded by a wire coil through which an electric current is passed. While current is flowing, iron is attracted to the core (e.g., a pinch tube drain valve solenoid).
- **ES=Electronic Power Supply**—A device that converts AC (alternating current) to filtered and regulated DC (direct current). The input voltage to the power supply is usually 120 or 240 VAC. The output is +5, +12, and -12 VDC.
- **ET=Thermal Overload (Figure 7)**—A safety device designed to protect a motor. A thermal overload consists of an overload block, heaters, and an auxiliary contact. The auxiliary contact is normally installed in a safety (three-wire) circuit that stops power to the motor contactor coil when a motor overload occurs.

Figure 7: Thermal Overload (ET)

Schematic Symbol		Legend
	A. B.	Heater (one per phase) Overload relay; contacts open if overload condition exists

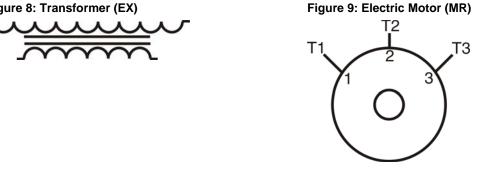
EX=Electrical Transformer (Figure 8)—A device that transfers electrical energy from one isolated circuit to another, often raising or lowering the voltage in the process.

KB=Keyboard—Device similar to a typewriter for making entries to a computer.

MN=Electronic Monitor (CRT)—A cathode ray tube used for visual presentation of data.

MR=Motors (Figure 9)—Electromechanical device that converts electrical energy into mechanical energy.

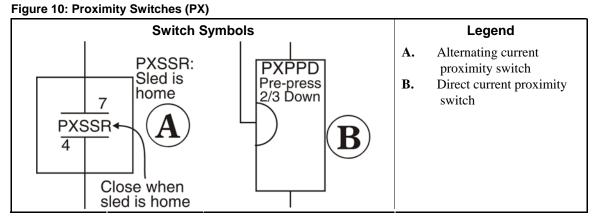




MV=Motor (Variable Speed) Inverter—To vary the speed of an AC motor, the volts to frequency ratio must be kept constant. The motor will overheat if this ratio is not maintained. The motor variable speed inverter converts three phase AC to DC. The inverter then uses this DC voltage to generate AC at the proper voltage and frequency for the commanded speed.

Note 2: Switch symbols used in the schematics and described below always depict the switch in its unactuated state.

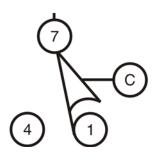
PX=Proximity Switch (Figure 10)—A device which reacts to the proximity of an target without physical contact or connection. The actuator or target causes a change in the inductance of the proximity switch which causes the switch to operate. Proximity switches can be two-wire (AC) or three-wire (DC) devices.

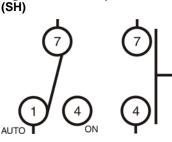


- SC=Switch, Cam Operated (Figure 11)—A switch in which the electrical contacts are opened and/or closed by the mechanical action of a cam(s). Applications include 35-50 pound timer operated machines, Autospot, timer reversing motor assembly, and some balancing systems.
- **SH=Switch, Hand Operated (Figure 12)**—A switch that is manually operated (e.g., *Start button, Master switch*, etc.).

Figure 11: Cam Switch (SC)

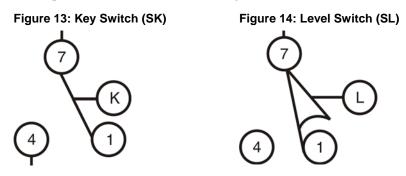
Figure 12: Hand Operated Switch



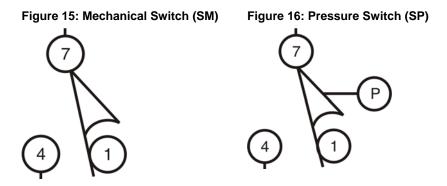


SK=Switch, Key Lock (Figure 13)—A switch that requires a key to operate. This prevents unauthorized personnel from gaining access to certain functions (e.g., the *Program menu*).

SL=Switch, Level Operated (Figure 14)—A switch connected to a float that causes the switch to open and close as the level changes.

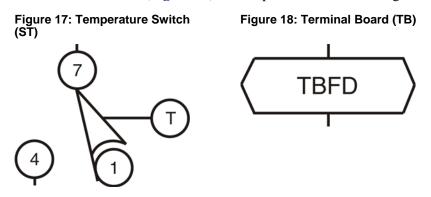


- **SM=Switch, Mechanically Operated (Figure 15)**—A switch that is mechanically operated by a part of or the motion of the machine (e.g., door closed switch, tilt limit switches, etc.)
- **SP=Switch, Pressure Operated (Figure 16)**—A switch in which a diaphragm presses against a switch actuator.



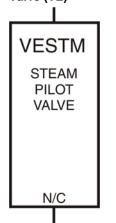
ST=Switch, Temperature Operated (Figure 17)—A switch that is actuated at a preset temperature (e.g., dryer safety probes) or has adjustable set points (e.g., Motometers or Combistats).

TB=Terminal Board (Figure 18)—A strip or block for attaching or terminating wires.

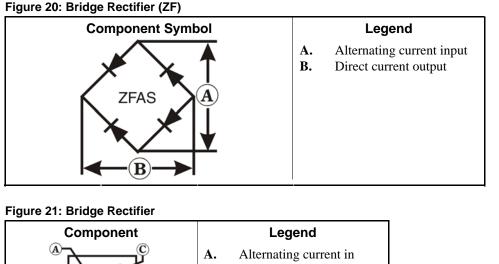


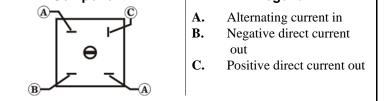
VE=Valve, Electric Operated (Figure 19)—A valve operated by an electric coil to control the flow of fluid. The fluid can be air, water or hydraulic.

Figure 19: Electrically Operated Valve (VE)



ZF=Rectifier (Figure 20)—A solid state device that converts alternating current to direct current.





WC=Wiring Connector—A coupling device for joining two cables or connecting a cable to an electronic circuit or piece of equipment. Connectors are male or female, according to whether they plug into or receive the mating connector.

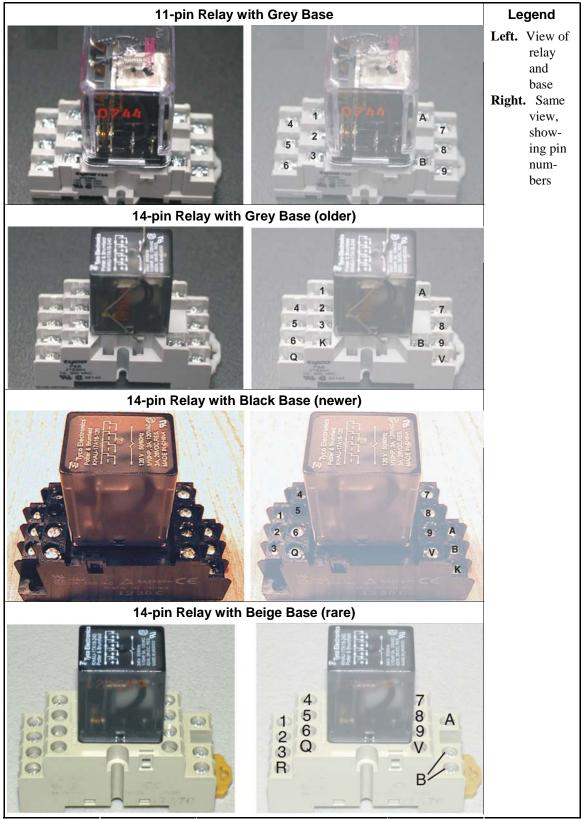


2. Component Terminal Numbering

CAUTION 1: **Risk of Mis-wiring**—Due to electrical component manufacturing inconsistencies, the pin numbers imprinted on components such as connectors and relay bases used on Milnor machines often do not correspond to the pin numbers shown in the schematics.

- Ignore pin numbers imprinted on in-line connectors (e.g., Molex connectors) and relay bases.
- Use the pin identification illustrations herein to identify pins on these components.

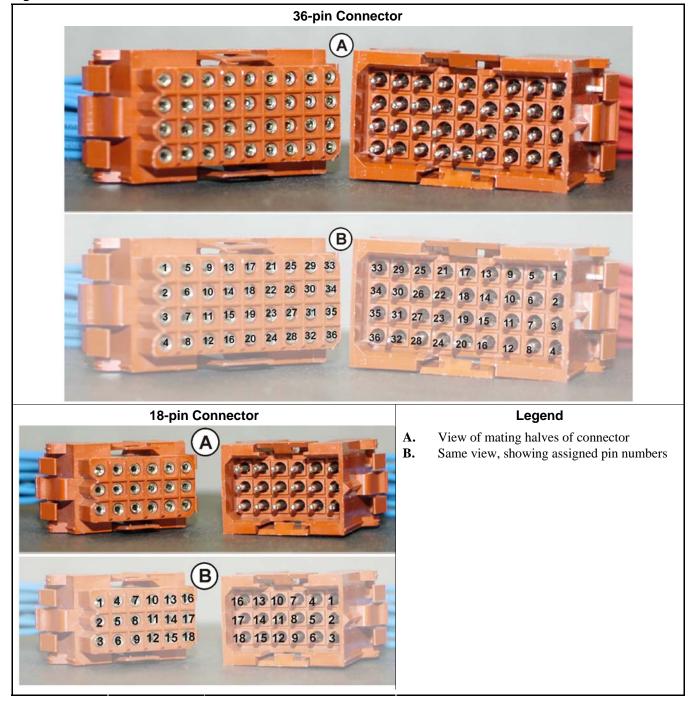
Figure 22: Plug-in Relays



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Note 3: Relay functional names ending with the letter "M" (e.g., CRxxM) are not discrete components but are a component of a printed circuit board. They are usually not individually replaceable.

Figure 23: AMP Connector Pin Locations



15-pin Connector	9-pin Connector
A CONNECTOR	A Contractor
B 5 4 3 2 1 10 9 8 7 6 15 14 13 12 11 15 14 13 12 11 11 12 13 14 15	B 3 2 1 1 2 3 6 5 4 4 5 6 9 8 7 7 8 9
6-pin Connector	4-Pin Connector
	A COOP COOP
B 3 2 1 1 2 3 6 5 4 4 5 6	B 4 3 2 1 1 2 3 4
2-pin Connector	Legend
	 A. View of mating halves of connector B. Same view, showing assigned pin numbers

Figure 24: Molex Connector Pin Locations

Figure 25: Pressure Switch

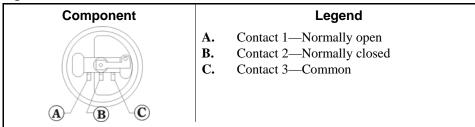


Figure 26: Toggle Switch

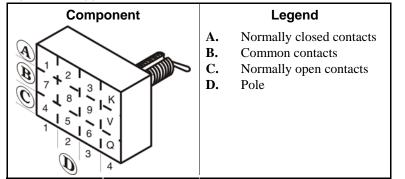


Figure 27: Switch with Replaceable Contact Blocks

Rotary or Push-button Switch Component		Legend
	A.	Terminal 7
	B.	Terminal 8
	C.	Terminal 4 if normally open; terminal 1 if normally closed
	D.	Terminal 5 if normally open; terminal 2 if normally closed
	Е.	Terminal V
	F.	Terminal 9
	G.	Terminal Q if normally open; terminal K if normally closed
	H.	Terminal 6 if normally open; terminal 3 if normally closed
	I.	Terminal W
(1	J.	Terminal X
	K.	Terminal R if normally open; terminal L if normally closed
	L.	Terminal S if normally open; terminal M if normally closed

3. Features of Milnor[®] Electrical Schematic Diagrams

Document BMP010012 (following this section) is a sample schematic, based on a schematic diagram for the Milnor[®] gas dryer. For the purposes of this exercise, the schematic is shown gray and explanations of the items on the schematic are shown black.

The item numbers below correspond to the circled item numbers shown on the drawing.

1. The first six characters of the drawing number (W6DRYG) indicate that this is a wiring diagram (W), identify the generation of controls (6), and identify the type of machine (DRYG=Gas Dryer). These characters appear in the drawing number of every schematic in the set.

The characters following the first six are unique to each drawing. The two characters identified as the page number are an abbreviation for the function performed by the depicted

circuitry (S+=three-wire circuit) and establish the order in which the schematic occurs in the manual (schematics are arranged in alpha-numeric order in the manual).

Whenever circuitry changes are significant enough to warrant publishing a new schematic drawing, the new drawing number will be the same as the old except for the major revision letter (A in the example).

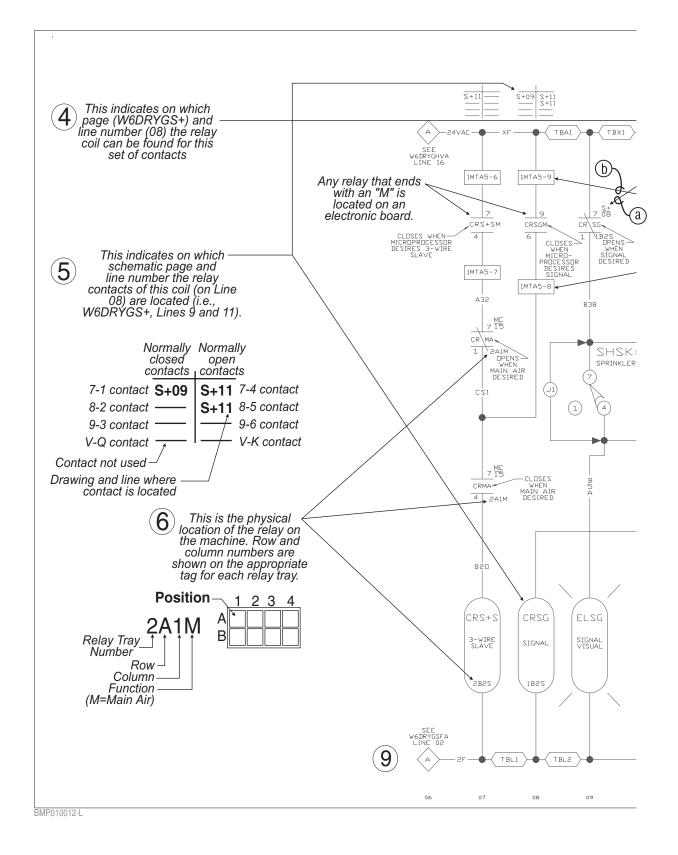
- 2. Included in the drawing title are the class of control system, the title of this circuit, and the circuit voltage.
- 3. Line numbers are provided along the bottom edge of the drawing. These permit service personnel in the field and at the Milnor[®] factory to quickly relate circuit locations when discussing troubleshooting over the phone. Page and line numbers are referenced on the drawing as explained in items five and six below.
- 4. Relay contacts show the page and line number on which the relay coil may be found. This is the type of cross referencing most frequently used in troubleshooting.
- 5. Relay coils show the page and line number on which its associated contacts are located.
- 6. Relay contacts and relay coils show the physical location of the relay.
- 7. The designation MTA applies to electronic circuit board connections. Typically, a control system will contain several different types of circuit boards and one or more boards of each type. A numerical suffix identifies the board type and a numerical prefix identifies which one of several boards of a given type is being depicted. For example, the designation 1MTA5 identifies this as the first I/O board (8 output, 16 input board) in the control system. As shown on the drawing, a pin number follows the board number, separated by a dash. Thus, 1MTA5-9 is pin 9 on this board. The numerical designations for board types vary from one control system to another. Some of the board types commonly encountered on the Mark V and Mark VI washer-extractor control and their designations are as follows:
 - MTM1-MTM8 = Mother board
 - MTA1-MTA5 = 8 output, 16 input (8/16) boards
 - MTA11-MTA14 = 24 output boards
 - MTA30-MTA40 = processor boards
 - MTA41-MTA43 = digital to analog (D/A) boards
 - MTA51-MTA55 = analog to digital (A/D) boards
 - MTA81-MTA85 = balance A-D board

The complete listing of the boards utilized in a given control system can be found in the component list for that system.

- 8. Wire numbers, as described earlier in this section, are shown at appropriate locations on the schematic drawing.
- 9. Where diamond symbols appear at the end of a conductor, these are match points for continuing the schematic on another drawing. The page and line number that continues the circuit is printed adjacent to the diamond symbol. Where more than one match point appears on the referenced page, match diamonds containing corresponding letters.

- End of BIUUUK01 -

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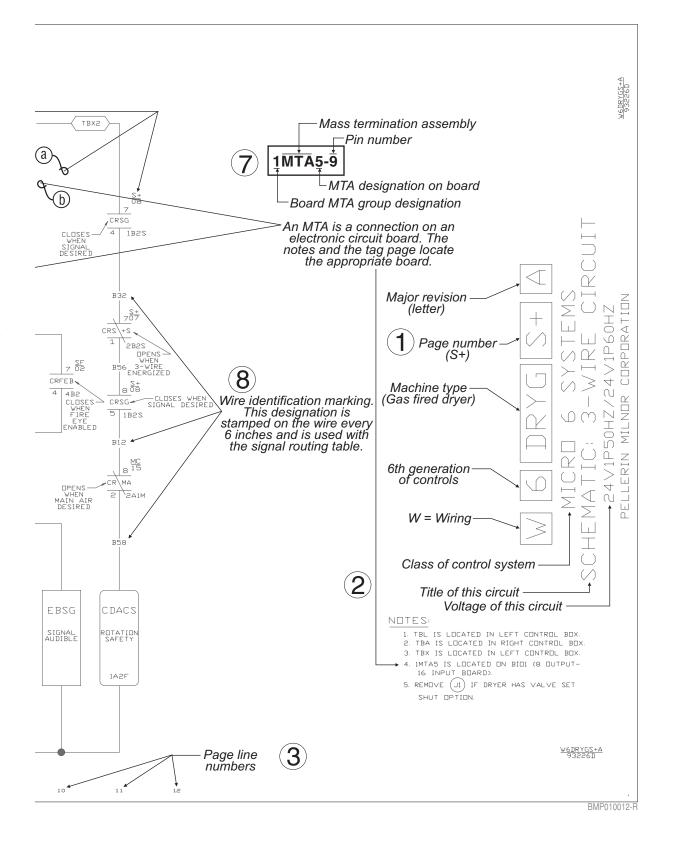
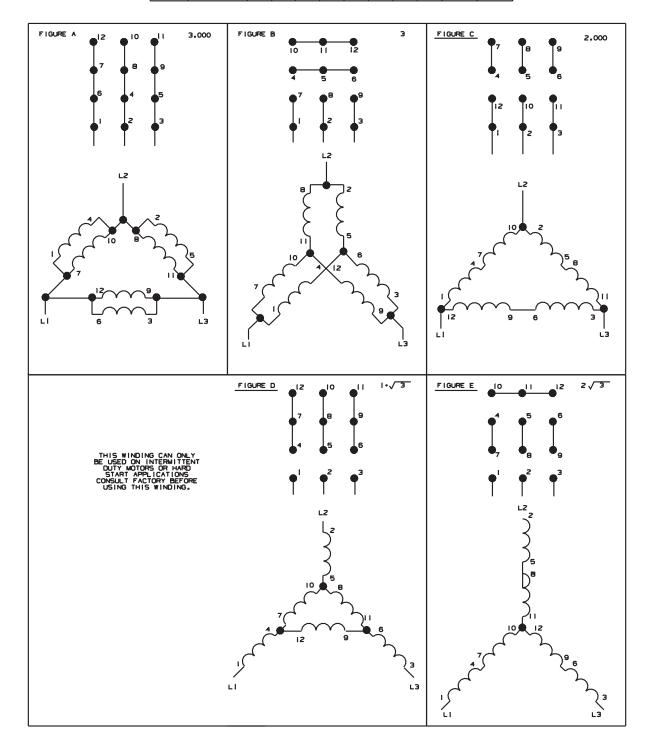
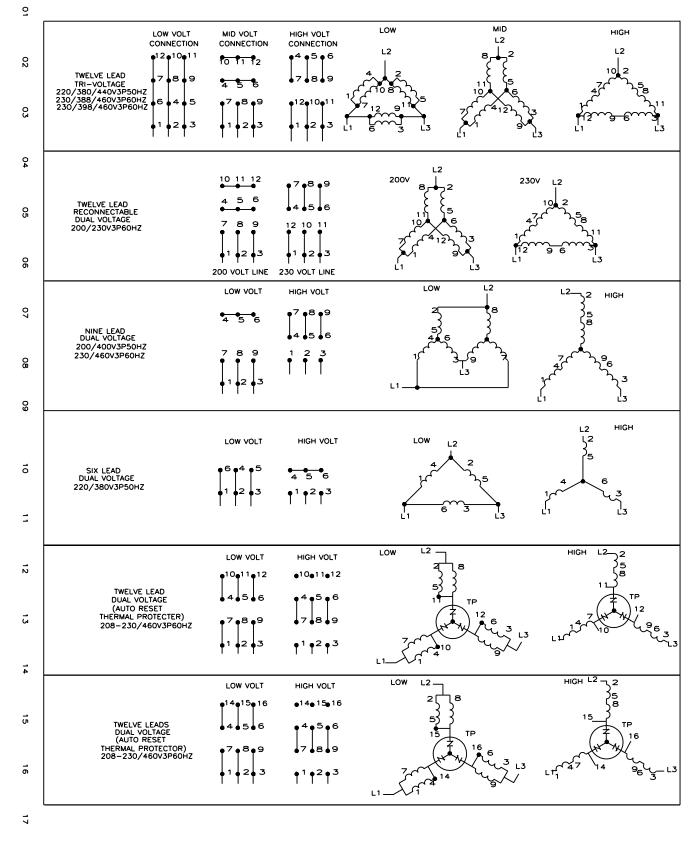


FIGURE	ELECTRICAL	SUFFIXES									
	VALUĖS	6	3		H	1	A	1	1	-	J
		50HZ	60HZ	50HZ	60HZ	50HZ	60HZ	50HZ	60HZ	50HZ	60HZ
A	I . 000	208	230			200	220	220	240	200-220	208-240
в	√3				208	346	380	380		346 - 380	380
С	2.000	416	460	220	240	400	440	440	480	400-440	440-480
D	1+√∃						600				600
E	2 / 3			380							



11 12 14 15 17 10 13 16 06 07 OE 09 BMP850029 MOTOR CONNECTION DIAGRAMS THREE PHASE SINGLE SPEED MOTORS WITH MULTIPLE VOLTAGE RATINGS (ONLY FOR MOTOR SUFFIXES LISTED) BMP850028 PELLERIN MILNOR CORPORATION BMP850029



W80008

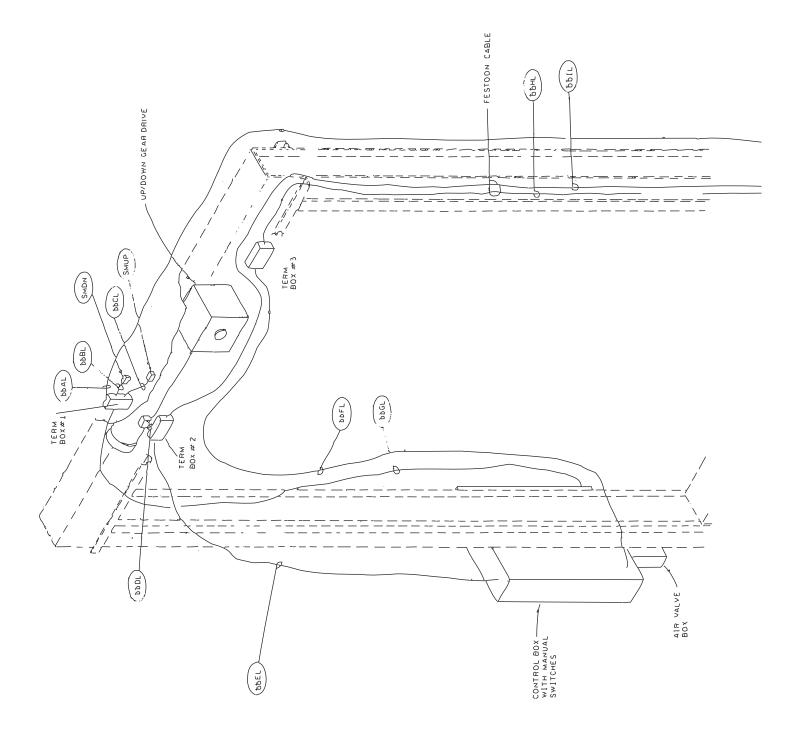
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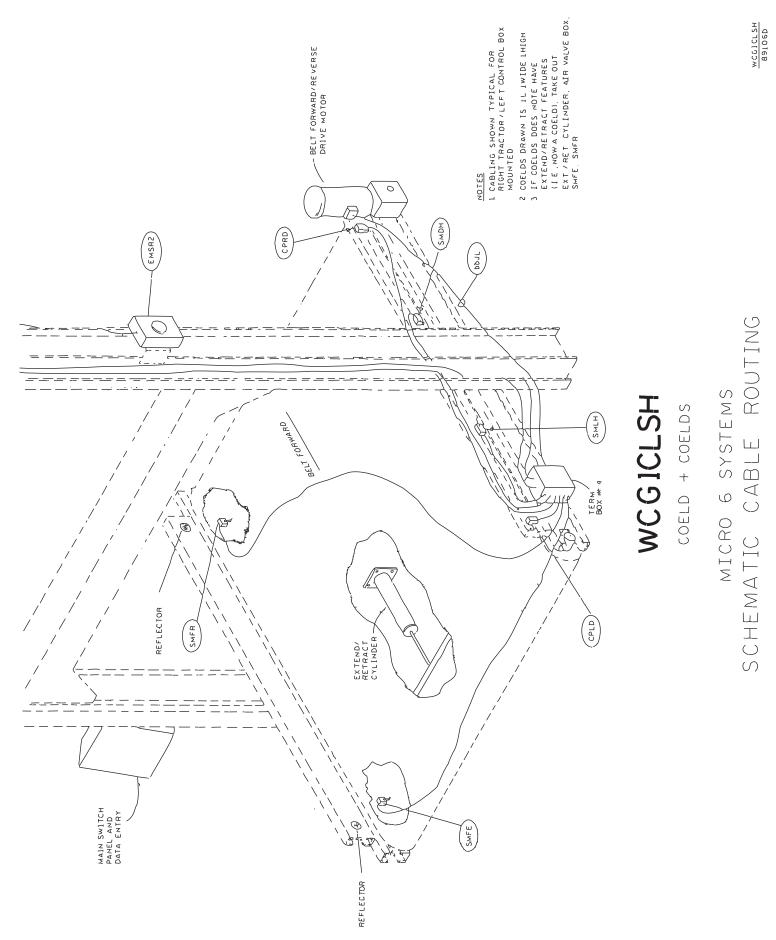
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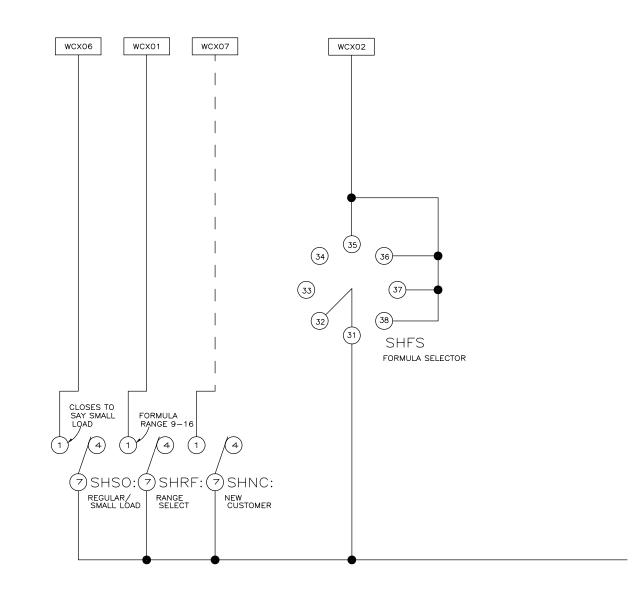
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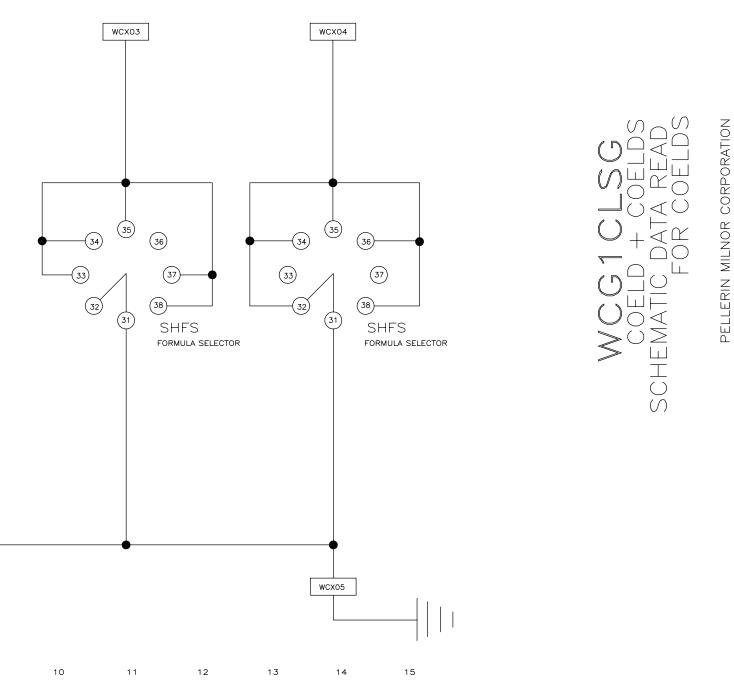




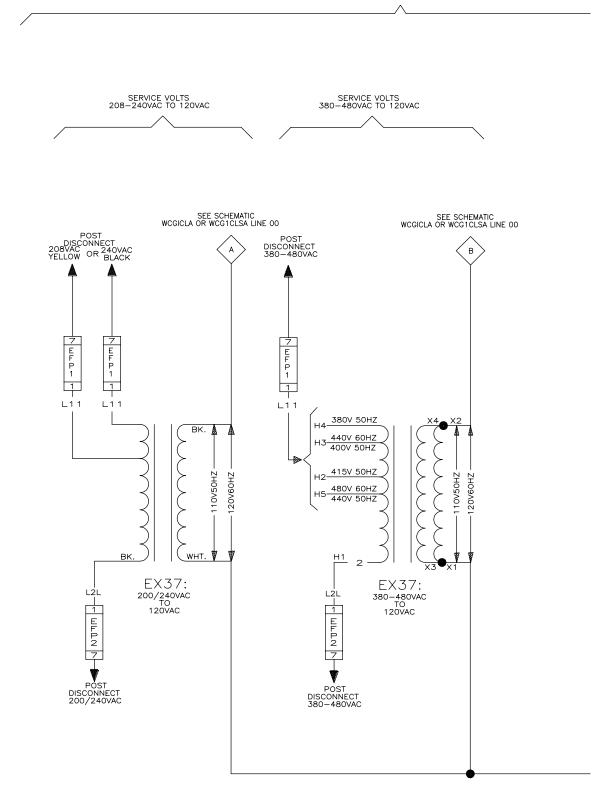
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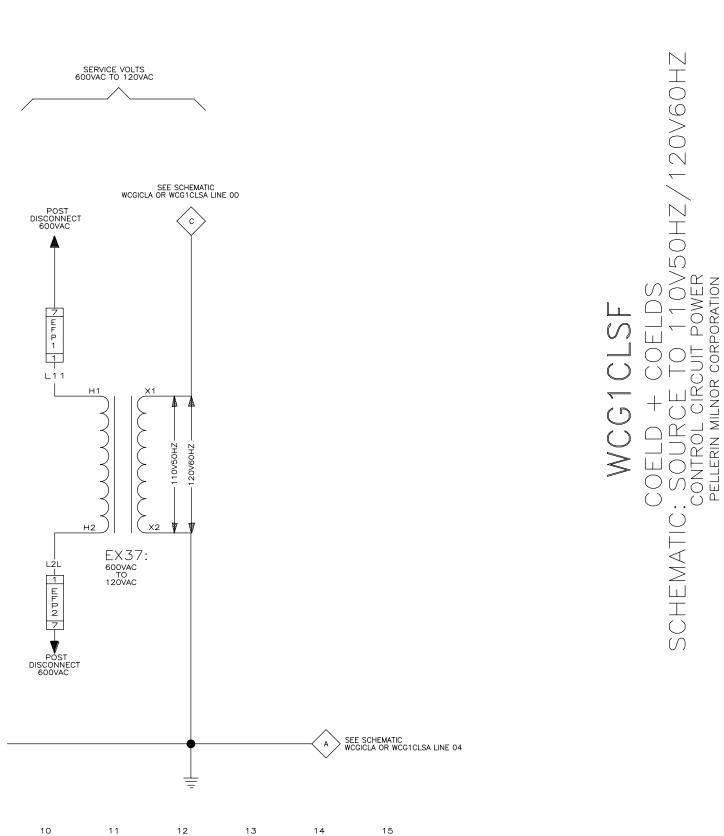


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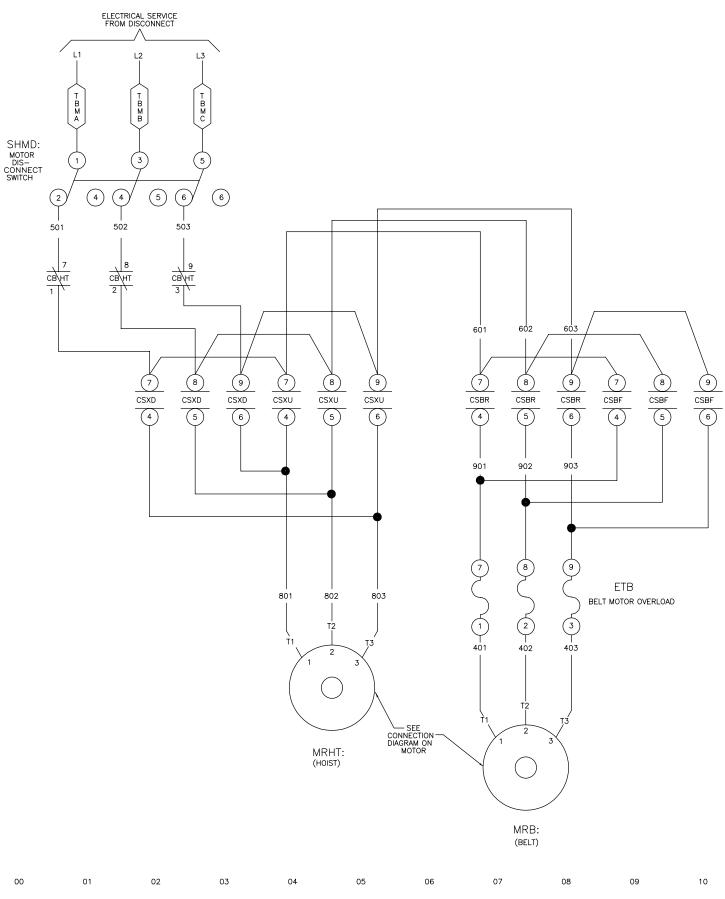
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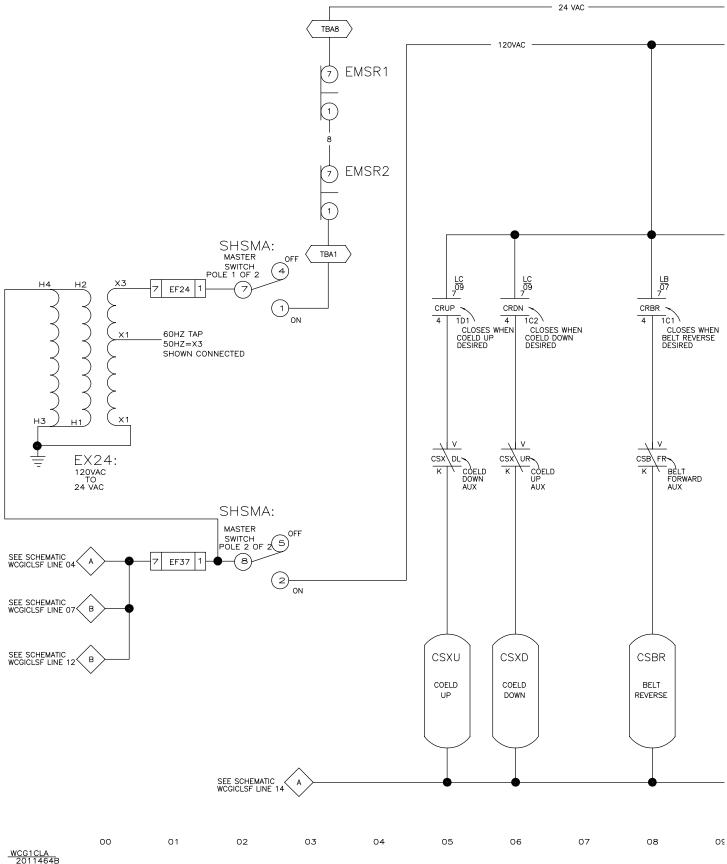
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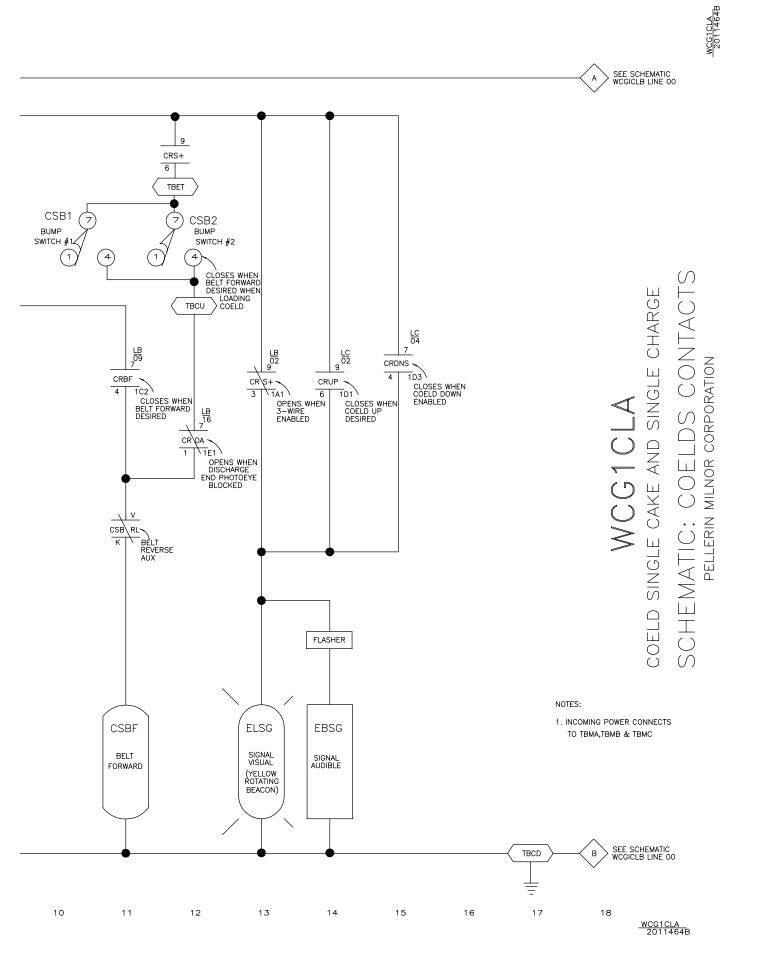


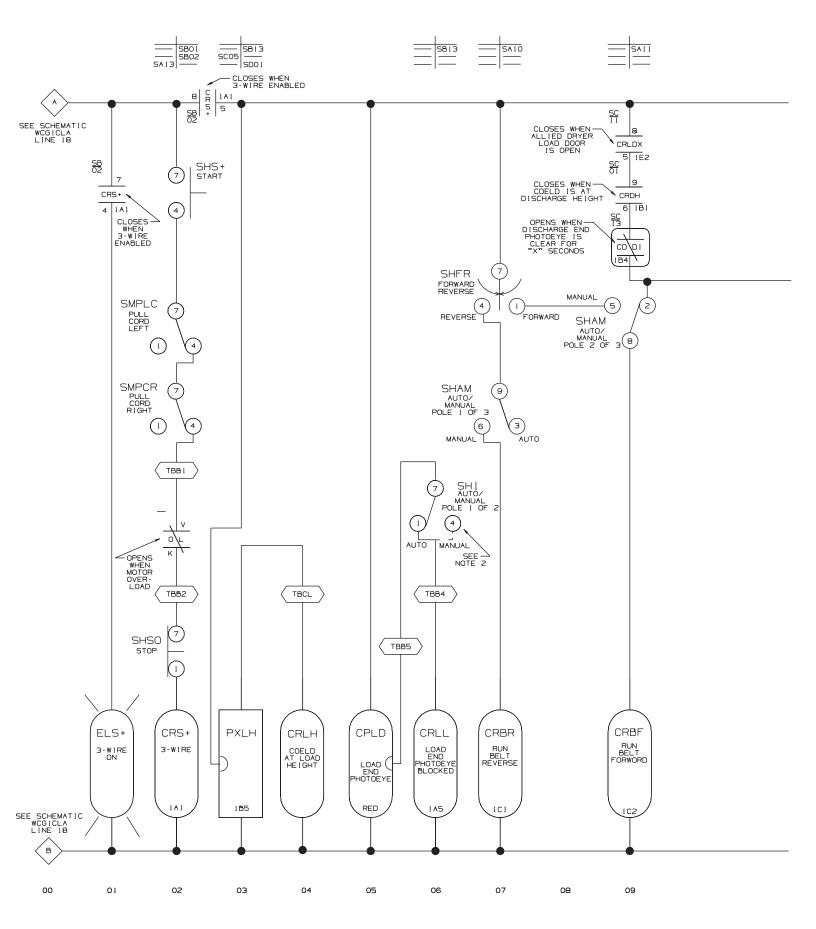
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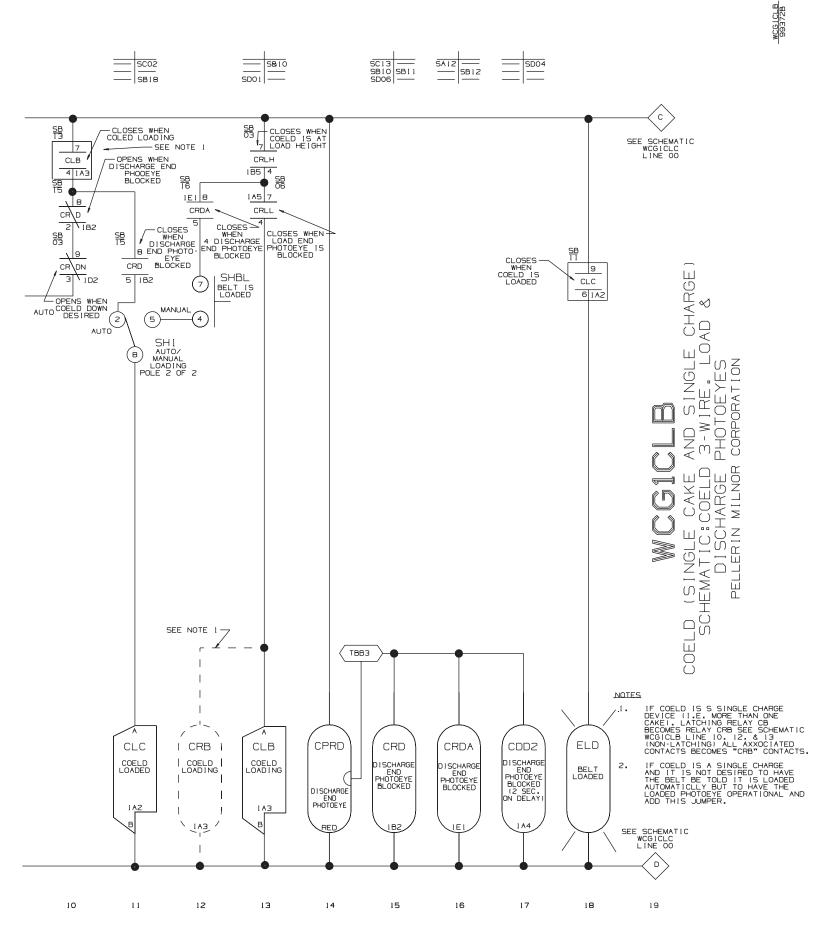
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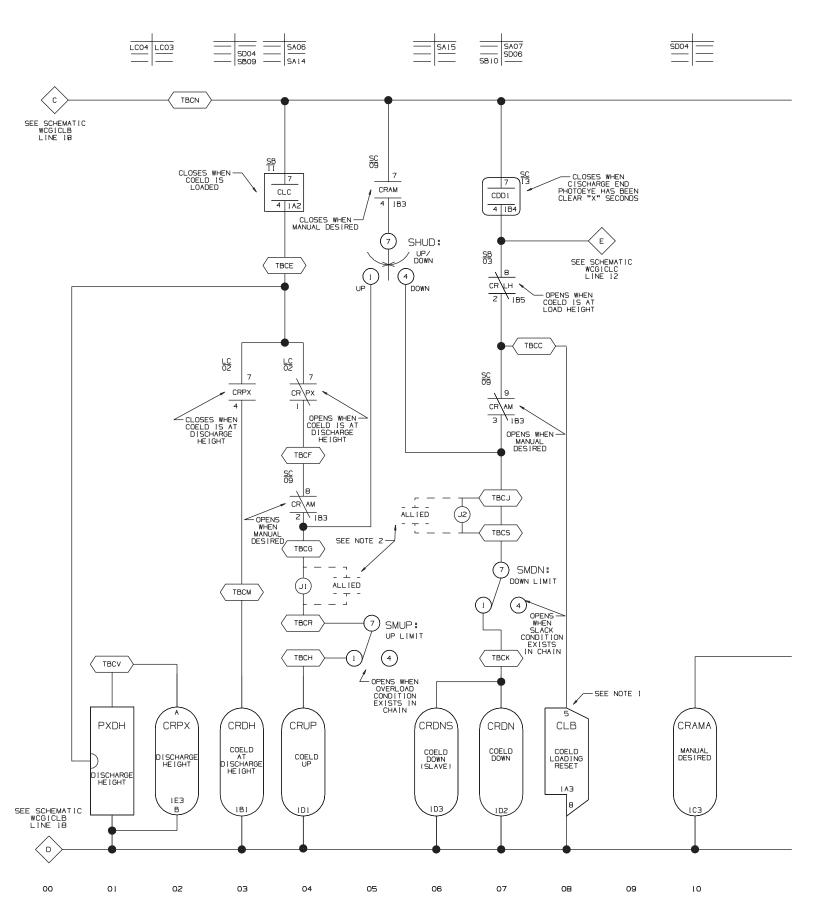
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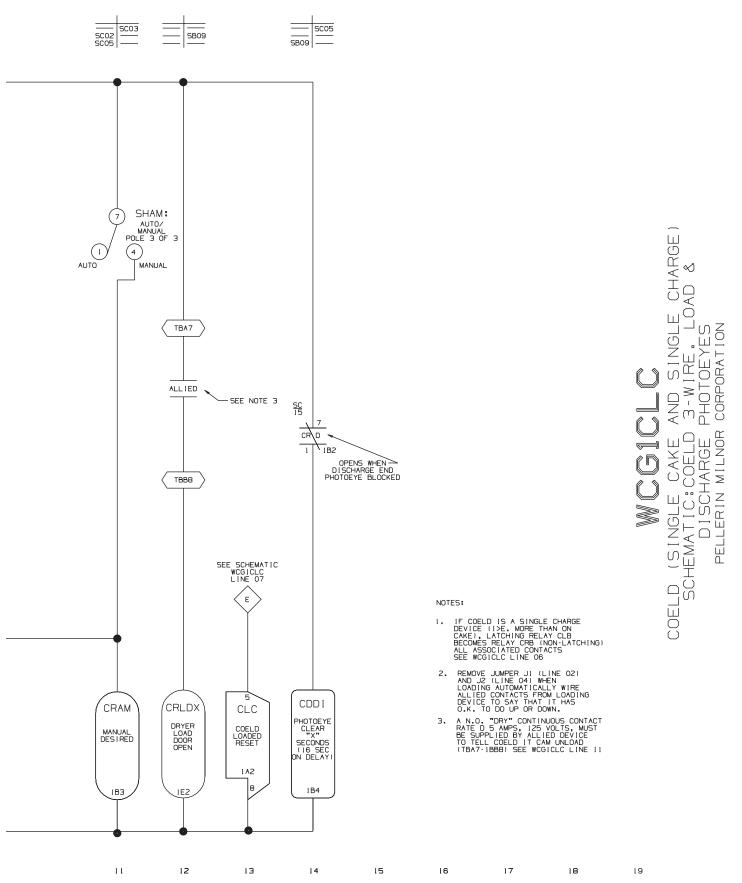






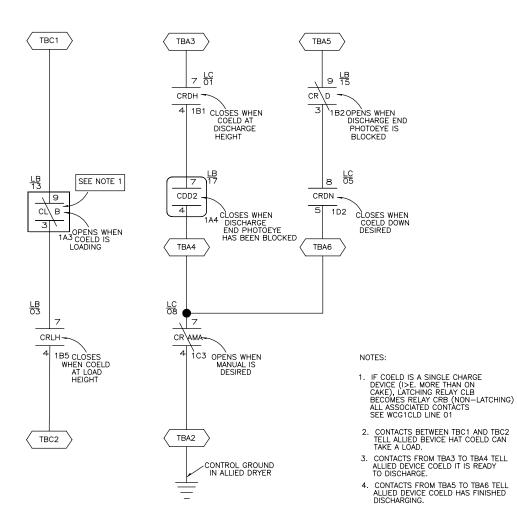




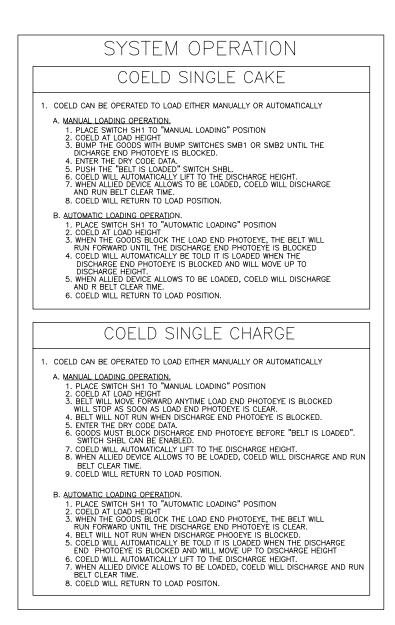


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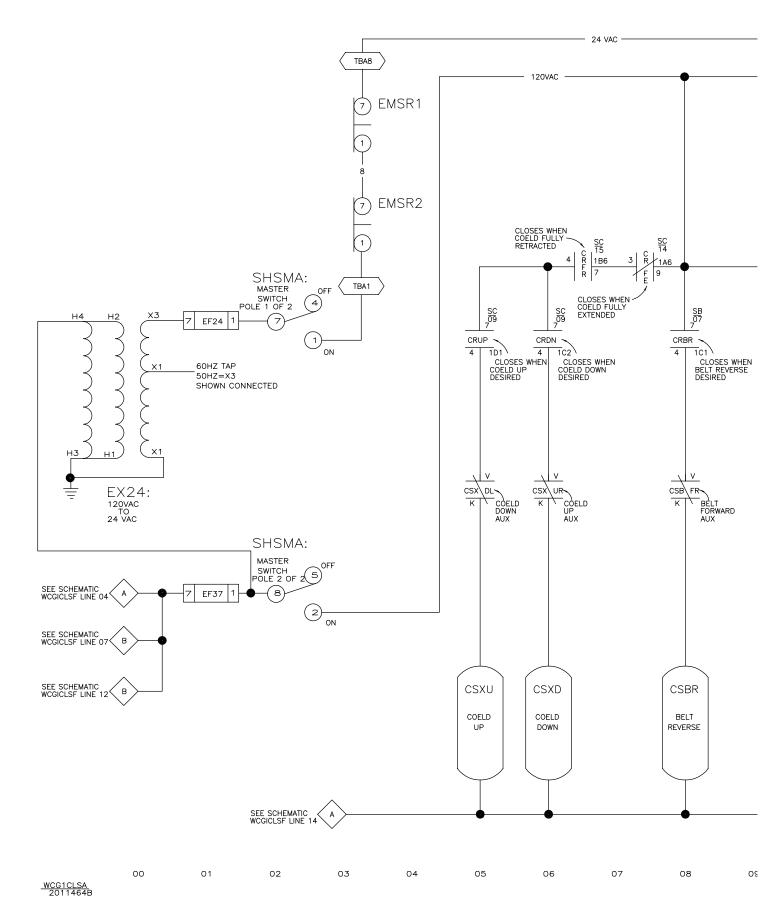
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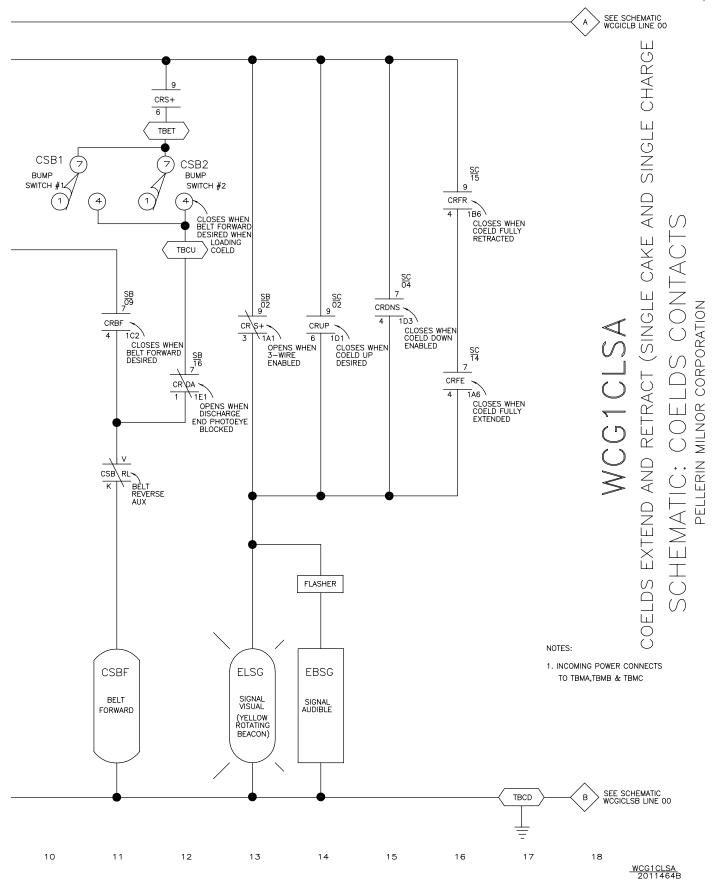
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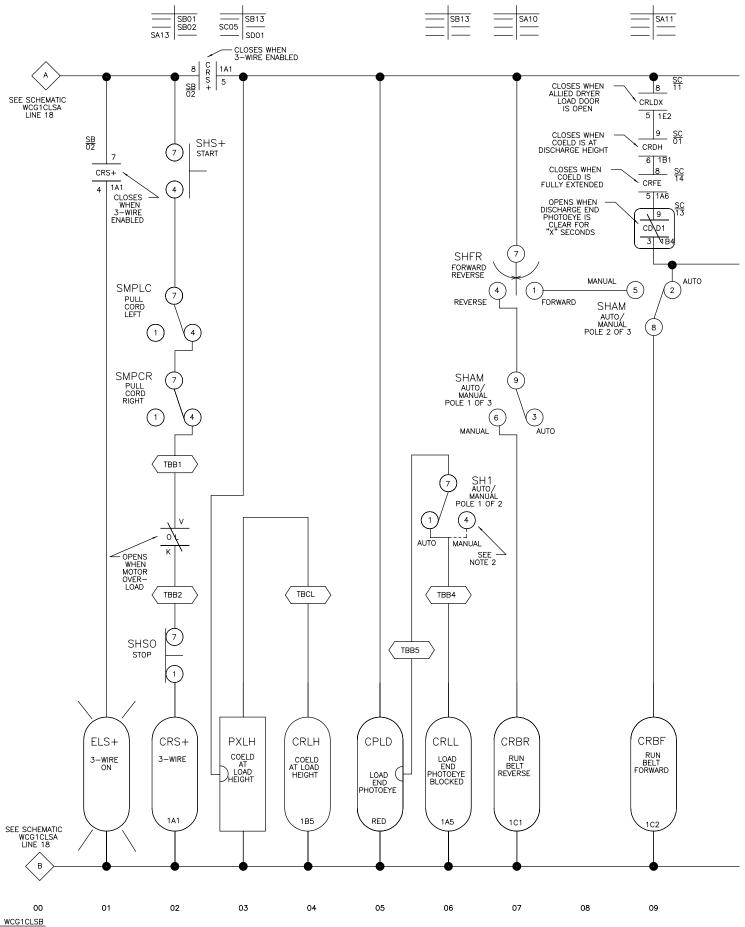
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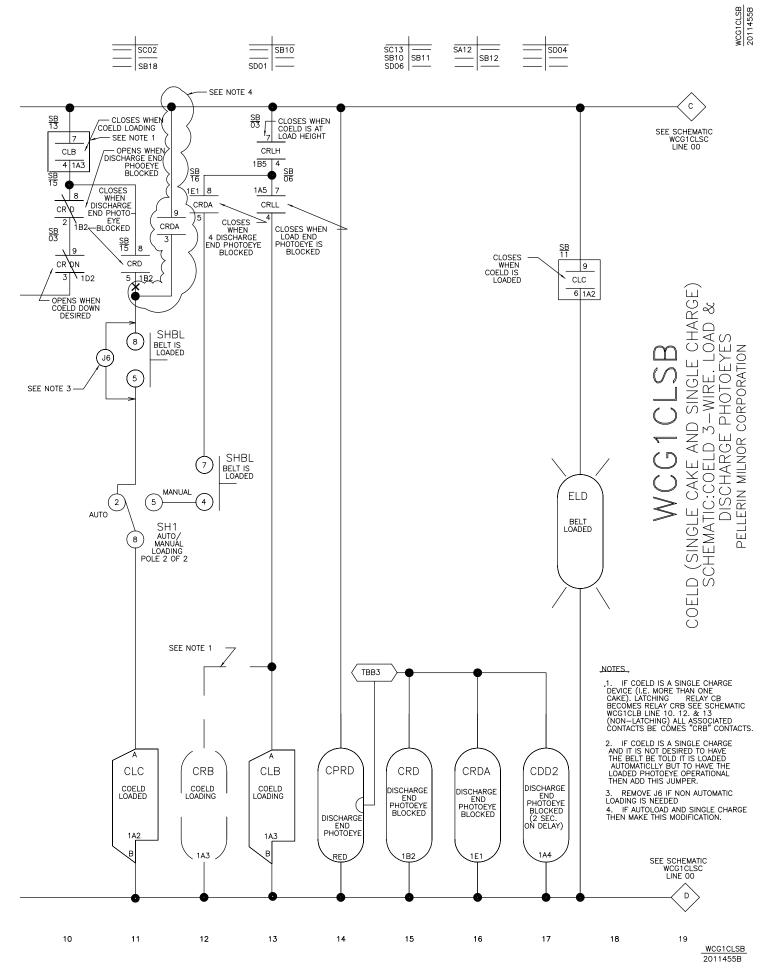


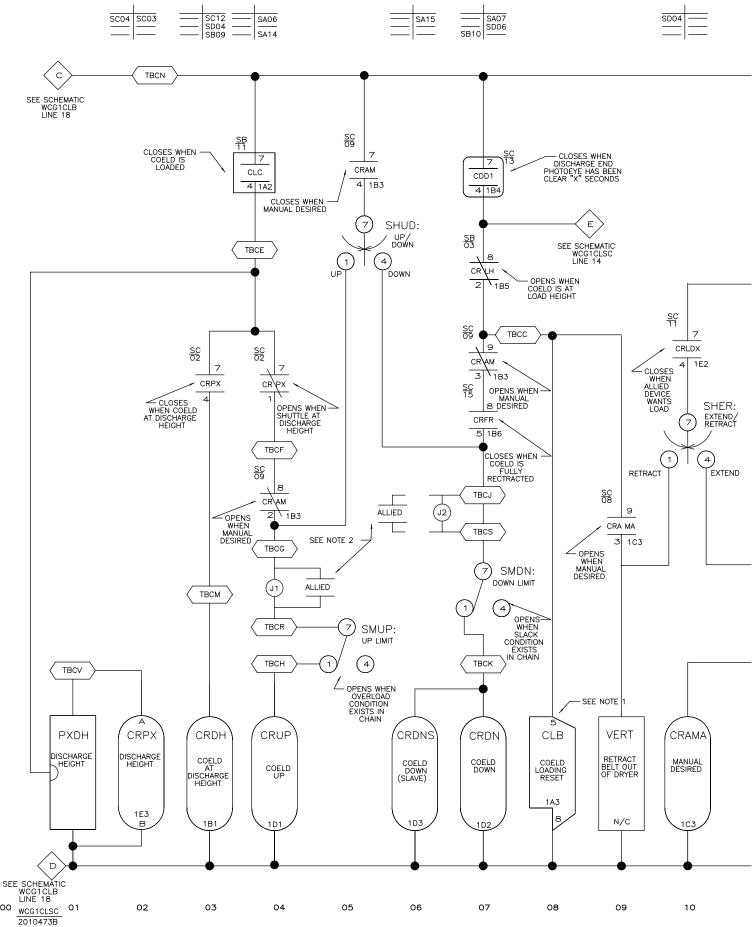
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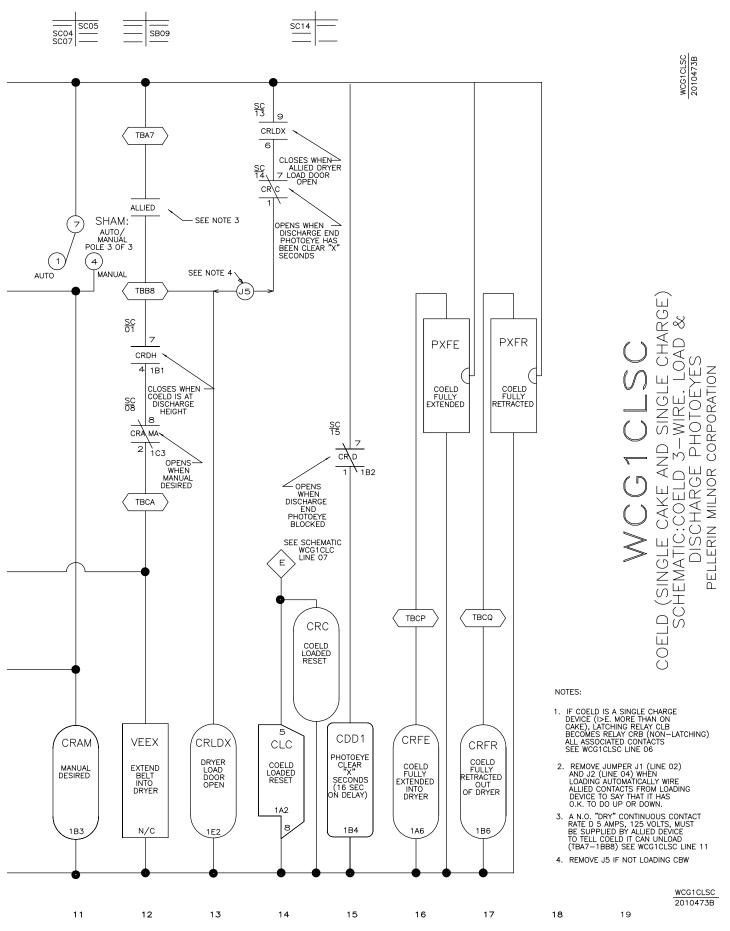


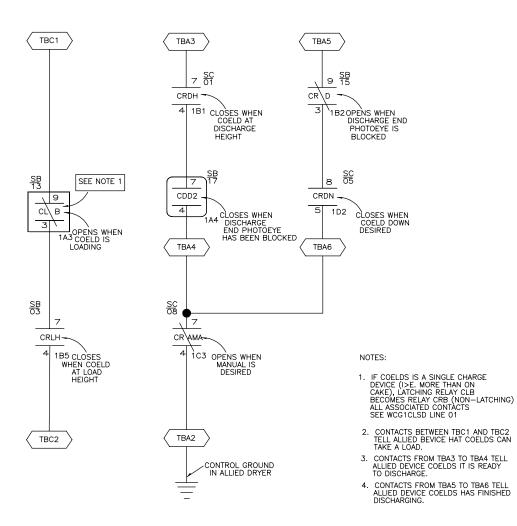


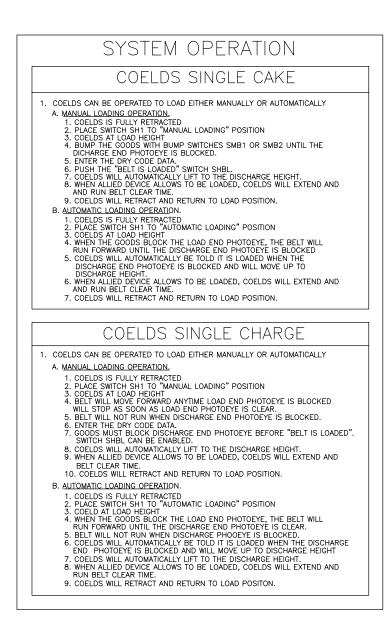
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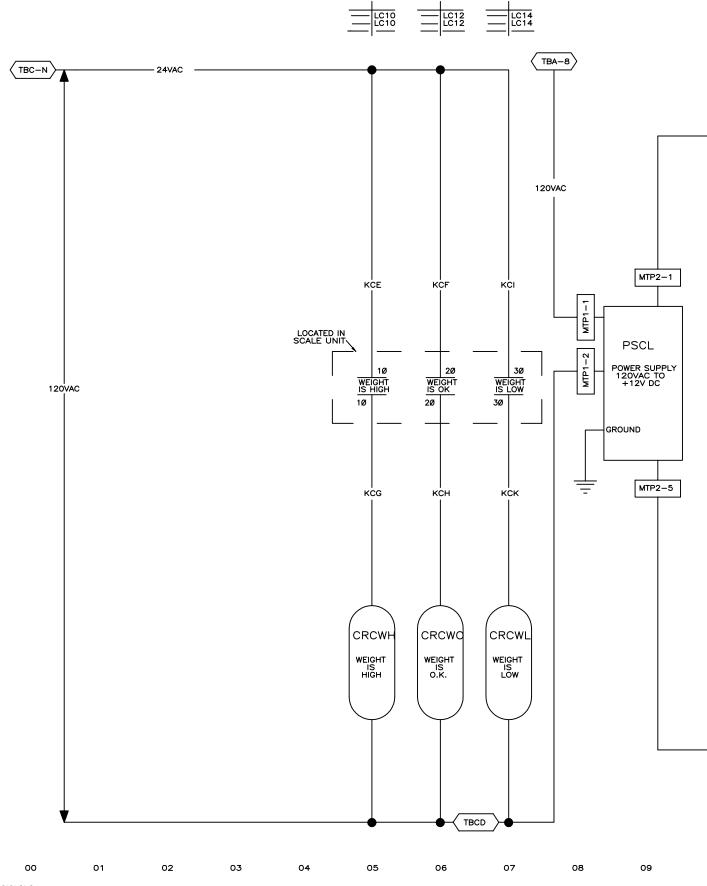
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